

# Converting Colors

YUV(76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(76.8610, 7.4635,  
-13.9101)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D525C
RGB	61, 82, 92
RGB Percent	24%, 32%, 36%
CMY	0.7608, 0.6784, 0.6392
CMYK	0.34, 0.11, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	199°, 20%, 30%
HSV	199°, 34%, 36%
XYZ	6.8735, 7.7994, 11.2684
YIQ	76.8610, -15.7260, -1.3420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

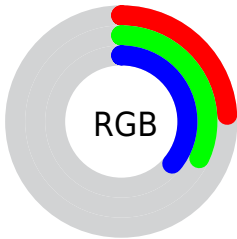
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	61, 74, 92
Decimal	4018780
CIELab	33.56, -5.31, -8.45
CIElCh	34, 9.981, 237.831
Yxy	7.7994, 0.2650, 0.3007
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282208860 (0xFF3D525C)
YUV	76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101
Hunter-Lab	27.9274, -4.9403, -4.3736

# Details

The YUV color **76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **76.1390, -7.4635, 13.9101**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **125.9750, 7.9003, -14.0101**, and **31.7470, 7.0267, -13.8101** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72.4090, 9.6584, -17.8987**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81.3130, 5.2687, -9.9215**.

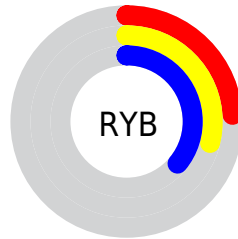
# Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (32%)

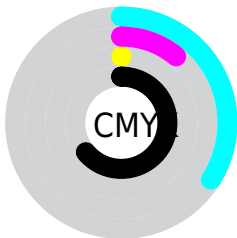
Blue (36%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (36%)

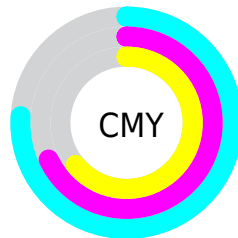


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 76.8610, 7.4635,  
-13.9101

■ 76.8610, 7.4635,  
-13.9101

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 53.7470, 7.0267,  
-13.8101

■ 125.9750, 7.9003,  
-14.0101

■ 31.7470, 7.0267,  
-13.8101

■ 151.7900, 8.4845,  
-14.7248

■ 12.9430, 6.4371,  
-11.3510

■ 178.7900, 8.4845,  
-14.7248

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.4910, 8.6319,  
-15.3396

■ 234.4910, 8.6319,  
-15.3396

■ 252.0100, 1.4741,

-6.1478

■ 76.8610, 7.4635,  
-13.9101

■ 76.8610, 7.4635,  
-13.9101

■ 72.4090, 9.6584,  
-17.8987

■ 81.3130, 5.2687,  
-9.9215

■ 67.9570, 11.8532,  
-21.8873

■ 85.7650, 3.0739,  
-5.9329

■ 63.2060, 14.1954,  
-26.4907

■ 90.5160, 0.7316,  
-1.3295

■ 58.7540, 16.3903,  
-30.4793

■ 94.9680, -1.4632,  
2.6591

■ 54.3020, 18.5851,  
-34.4679

■ 99.4200, -3.6581,  
6.6477

■ 49.8500, 20.7800,  
-38.4564

■ 103.8720, -5.8529,  
10.6363

■ 46.8820, 22.2432,  
-41.1155

■ 108.3240, -8.0477,  
14.6249

■ 113.0750,  
-10.3900, 19.2282

■ 117.5270,  
-12.5848, 23.2168

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



75.8670, 4.9956, -15.6694



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



78.4210, 8.1734, -8.2622

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



80.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105



77.9800, -6.3991, -0.8595

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



76.1390, -7.4635, 13.9101

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



78.6820, -7.7312, 6.4179



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



80.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



80.5540, 3.1779, 7.4071



79.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362



77.0330, -3.4673, -7.9219



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



79.2260, 7.2836, -2.8292



79.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362



78.1760, -6.9888, 1.5996

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



114.0640, 2.9264, -5.3181



80.3370, -4.6031, -16.9585



57.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101



96.2560, 11.7058, -21.2725



68.0560, 11.8044, -6.1881



43.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



55.9780, 26.6328, -49.0927



121.5250, 56.9292, -106.5774



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.6630, 4.6031, 16.9585



90.0000, 6.9020, 26.3100



84.9440, -11.8044, 6.1881



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



41.3260, 16.1083, 60.2271



89.2170, 35.3890, 129.6057



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

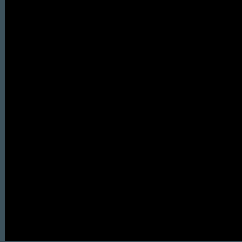
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

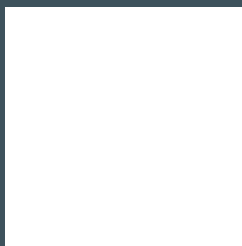
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101.

-13.9101.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101

### Protanopia

78.9550, 4.9522, -1.7145

### Deuteranopia

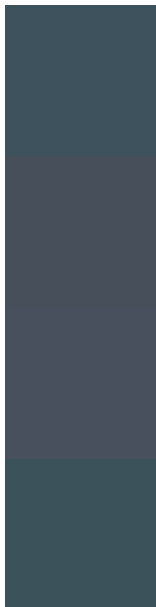
79.4220, 6.6940, -0.3701



## Tritanopia

76.2200, 6.3005, -14.2249

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101

## Protanomaly

77.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180

## Deuteranomaly

78.5030, 7.1470, -5.7031

## Tritanomaly

76.3340, 6.7373, -14.3249

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101

## Achromatopsia

77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

76.9500, 2.4896, -5.2182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 82, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 82, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 82, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 82, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 82, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 82, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(61, 82, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 82, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 82, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 82, 92)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 76.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 82, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 82,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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