

Converting Colors

YUV(77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YUV(77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YUV(77.4360, -21.4139,
8.3876)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 575122 |
| RGB | 87, 81, 34 |
| RGB Percent | 34%, 32%, 13% |
| CMY | 0.6588, 0.6824, 0.8667 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.07, 0.61, 0.66 |
| HSL | 53°, 44%, 24% |
| HSV | 53°, 61%, 34% |
| XYZ | 7.1616, 8.0266, 2.6852 |
| YIQ | 77.4360, 18.6630, -13.3450 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

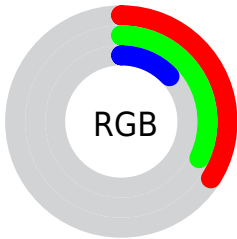
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 41, 87, 34 |
| Decimal | 5722402 |
| CIE Lab | 34.04, -4.50, 28.06 |
| CIE LCh | 34, 28.416, 99.107 |
| Yxy | 8.0266, 0.4007, 0.4491 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283912482 (0xFF575122) |
| YUV | 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 |
| Hunter-Lab | 28.3312, -4.4580, 14.2124 |

Details

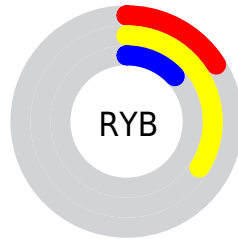
The YUV color **77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **43.5640, 21.4139, -8.3876**, and the grayscale version is **78.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.6920, -23.0192, 9.9171**, and **33.6790, -16.6037, 5.5435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.8230, -25.0557, 9.8022**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **79.0490, -17.7722, 6.9730**.

Distribution



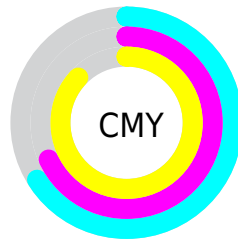
- Red (34%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (66%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 77.4360, -21.4139,
8.3876

■ 77.4360, -21.4139,
8.3876

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 54.2510, -20.8297,
7.6729

■ 126.6920,
-23.0192, 9.9171

■ 33.6790, -16.6037,
5.5435

■ 152.8770,
-23.6034, 10.6319

■ 12.6810, -6.2517,
-1.4742

■ 179.9480,
-24.6244, 11.4466

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 207.2470,
-24.7718, 12.0614

■ 236.0190,
-25.6454, 12.2613

■ 249.9840,

-19.2191, 4.3990

253.2900, -6.5520,
1.4997

77.4360, -21.4139,
8.3876

77.4360, -21.4139,
8.3876

75.8230, -25.0557,
9.8022

79.0490, -17.7722,
6.9730

74.3240, -28.2607,
11.1169

80.5480, -14.5672,
5.6584

72.7110, -31.9025,
12.5315

82.1610, -10.9254,
4.2438

71.2120, -35.1075,
13.8461

83.7740, -7.2836,
2.8292

85.3870, -3.6418,
1.4146

■ 86.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 88.4990, 3.2050,
-1.3146

■ 90.1120, 6.8468,
-2.7292

■ 91.6110, 10.0518,
-4.0438

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.1760, -20.2998, 24.4016



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



74.9220, -15.2445, -10.4556

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



65.7290, 20.8396, -57.6443



82.4130, 7.1914, 26.8248

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



43.5640, 21.4139, -8.3876

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.9960, 16.2710, 7.8965



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



64.9770, 28.1123, -56.9848

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



63.8080, 10.9407, -55.9596



77.5410, 22.9043, -19.7685



80.7210, -3.3135, 36.2017

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



72.0710, -7.9230, -25.4953



77.5410, 22.9043, -19.7685



82.5910, 10.5546, 21.4067

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



108.5460, -8.1572, 3.0292



50.5310, -5.1918, 31.9833



54.0450, -4.9522, 1.7145



184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



56.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876



97.3690, -33.2129, 12.8314



74.9780, -20.2022, -6.9967



42.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



87.7580, -43.2647, 16.8752



192.3610, -94.8340, 37.3944

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.5640, 21.4139, -8.3876



45.2180, 32.9235, -13.3462



46.0220, 20.2022, 6.9967



40.0430, 1.4578, -0.9147



19.2420, 43.2647, -16.8752



42.6390, 94.8340, -37.3944

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

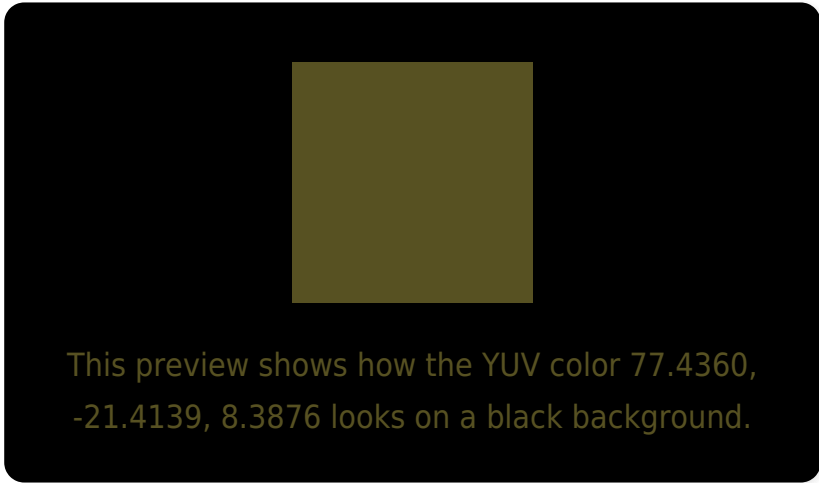
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

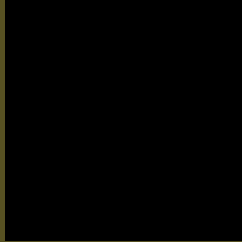
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876.

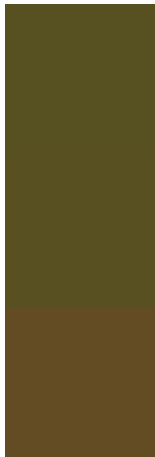


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4360, -21.4139,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876

Protanopia

77.4470, -21.4194, 10.1320

Deuteranopia

78.2030, -21.2991, 18.2390



Tritanopia

81.1690, 0.4097, 8.6218

Trichromacy



Original Color

77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876

Protanomaly

77.1480, -21.2720, 9.5172

Deuteranomaly

78.1810, -21.2882, 14.7503

Tritanomaly

80.1060, -7.4473, 8.6770

Monochromacy



Original Color

77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876

Achromatopsia

77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

76.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 81, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 81, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 81, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 81, 34) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 81, 34) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 81, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 81, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 81, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 81, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 81, 34)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 77.4360, -21.4139, 8.3876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 81, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 81,  
34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor