

# Converting Colors

YUV(77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(77.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5C4553
RGB	92, 69, 83
RGB Percent	36%, 27%, 33%
CMY	0.6392, 0.7294, 0.6745
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.10, 0.64
HSL	323°, 14%, 32%
HSV	323°, 25%, 36%
XYZ	8.1031, 7.1561, 9.1378
YIQ	77.4730, 9.2140, 9.2300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

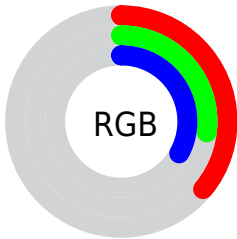
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	92, 69, 83
Decimal	6047059
CIE Lab	32.16, 12.48, -4.53
CIE LCh	32, 13.272, 340.044
Yxy	7.1561, 0.3321, 0.2933
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284237139 (0xFF5C4553)
YUV	77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402
Hunter-Lab	26.7509, 7.2553, -1.5272

# Details

The YUV color **77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **83.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **126.4840, 2.7194, 14.4845**, and **32.7610, 2.5828, 11.6106** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.7340, 3.5821, 17.7733**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.2120, 1.8675, 7.7071**.

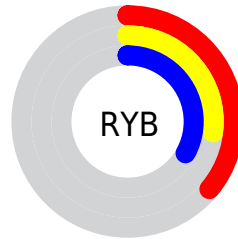
# Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (27%)

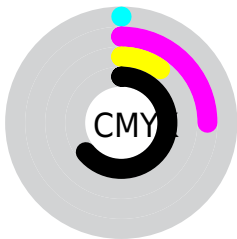
Blue (33%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (33%)

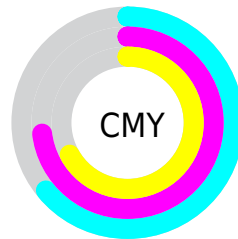


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

■ 77.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.7610, 2.5828,  
11.6106

■ 126.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

■ 32.7610, 2.5828,  
11.6106

■ 152.5980, 3.1562,  
14.3846

■ 10.1250, 3.8824,  
14.7994

■ 179.4840, 2.7194,  
14.4845

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 206.8970, 3.0088,  
14.9993

■ 235.1960, 2.8614,  
15.6141

254.4130, 0.2894,

0.5148

■ 77.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

■ 77.4730, 2.7248,  
12.7402

■ 71.7340, 3.5821,  
17.7733

■ 83.2120, 1.8675,  
7.7071

■ 66.1090, 4.8763,  
22.7064

■ 88.8370, 0.5734,  
2.7740

■ 59.7830, 6.0230,  
28.2543

■ 95.1630, -0.5734,  
-2.7740

■ 54.1580, 7.3171,  
33.1874

■ 100.7880, -1.8675,  
-7.7071

■ 48.4190, 8.1744,  
38.2205

■ 106.5270, -2.7248,  
-12.7402

■ 42.6800, 9.0318,  
43.2536

■ 112.2660, -3.5821,  
-17.7733

■ 37.0550, 10.3259,  
48.1868

■ 117.8910, -4.8763,  
-22.7064

■ 33.8920, 10.8992,  
50.9607

■ 124.2170, -6.0230,  
-28.2543

■ 129.8420, -7.3171,  
-33.1874

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.2700, 7.2619, 4.1482



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



77.1270, -2.5276, 17.4286

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



74.8020, -9.7624, 4.5586



71.4470, 8.6536, -22.3170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



83.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.4920, 3.7014, -20.6025



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



73.4310, -7.1145, -4.7630

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



76.1450, -9.9315, 12.1508



72.0430, -1.9932, -14.0697



73.3490, 10.6739, -16.9691



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



77.0300, -5.4378, 17.5137



72.0430, -1.9932, -14.0697



71.1050, 7.3432, -22.0171

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



113.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



74.3130, 8.7197, 3.2335



57.2500, 0.8628, 3.2887



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



97.2720, 4.3029, 19.9325



76.2190, -2.0800, 13.8399



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



40.5280, 13.0507, 60.9269



87.2790, 27.9635, 131.3053



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402



97.2720, 4.3029, 19.9325



84.7810, 2.0800, -13.8399



42.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



40.5280, 13.0507, 60.9269



87.2790, 27.9635, 131.3053



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

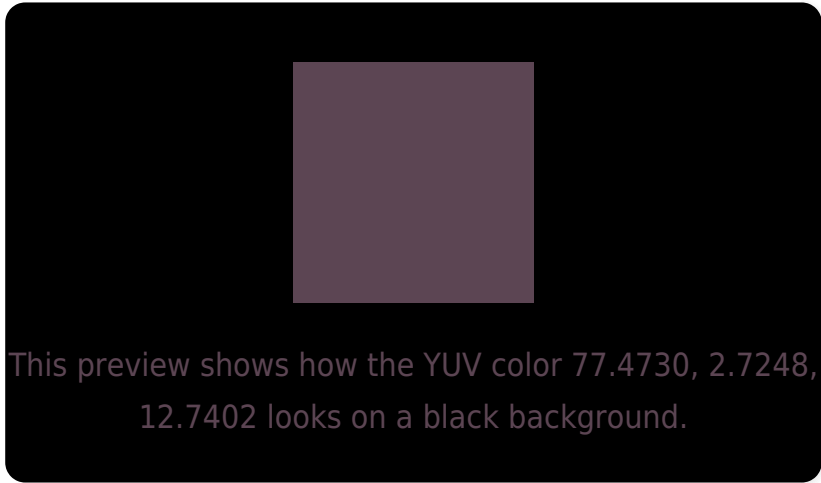
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

### Protanopia

76.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145

### Deuteranopia

76.7060, 2.6099, 2.8888



## Tritanopia

76.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

## Protanomaly

76.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185

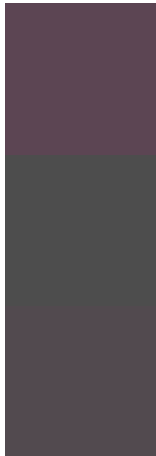
## Deuteranomaly

76.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775

## Tritanomaly

77.3050, 0.8356, 12.0105

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402

## Achromatopsia

77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

76.9620, 1.0047, 4.4183

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 69, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 69, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 69, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 69, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 69, 83) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 69, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 69, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 69, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 69, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 69, 83)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 77.4730, 2.7248, 12.7402 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 69, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 69,  
83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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