

# Converting Colors

YUV(77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(77.4730, 9.1338,  
-36.3718)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	245F60
RGB	36, 95, 96
RGB Percent	14%, 37%, 38%
CMY	0.8588, 0.6275, 0.6235
CMYK	0.63, 0.01, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	181°, 45%, 26%
HSV	181°, 62%, 38%
XYZ	6.9311, 9.4040, 12.5162
YIQ	77.4730, -35.4850, -12.1970

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

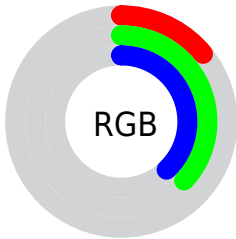
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	36, 66, 96
Decimal	2383712
CIELab	36.75, -18.48, -6.30
CIELCh	37, 19.524, 198.811
Yxy	9.4040, 0.2402, 0.3259
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280573792 (0xFF245F60)
YUV	77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718
Hunter-Lab	30.6660, -13.3211, -2.7328

# Details

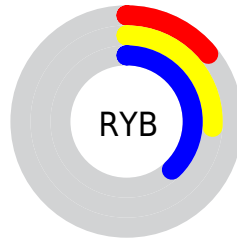
The YUV color **77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **54.5270, -9.1338, 36.3718**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **128.9570, 8.4022, -35.0423**, and **33.8760, 7.9491, -29.7093** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.4830, 10.6079, -42.5196**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80.4630, 7.6597, -30.2241**.

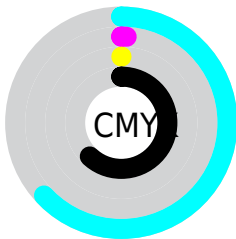
# Distribution



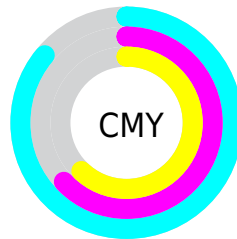
- Red (14%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 77.4730, 9.1338,  
-36.3718

■ 77.4730, 9.1338,  
-36.3718

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.4830, 10.6079,  
-42.5196

■ 128.9570, 8.4022,  
-35.0423

■ 33.8760, 7.9491,  
-29.7093

■ 155.0710, 8.8390,  
-35.1423

■ 20.3290, 4.2748,  
-17.8285

■ 182.6580, 8.5496,  
-35.6571

■ 0.2280, 0.8736,  
-0.2000

■ 210.3590, 8.6970,  
-36.2718

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 237.6580, 8.5496,  
-35.6571

■ 246.0300, 4.4222,

-18.4433

■ 77.4730, 9.1338,  
-36.3718

■ 77.4730, 9.1338,  
-36.3718

■ 74.4830, 10.6079,  
-42.5196

■ 80.4630, 7.6597,  
-30.2241

■ 71.7920, 11.9345,  
-48.0526

■ 83.1540, 6.3331,  
-24.6911

■ 68.8020, 13.4086,  
-54.2004

■ 86.1440, 4.8590,  
-18.5433

■ 66.1220, 14.7299,  
-57.9890

■ 89.4220, 3.2430,  
-13.5251

■ 92.4120, 1.7689,  
-7.3773

■ 95.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 98.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

■ 101.0830, -2.5059,  
10.4512

■ 103.7740, -3.8326,  
15.9842

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.1340, -0.0661, -25.5505



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



78.1940, 15.6804, -36.1271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



88.7700, 8.9874, 10.7257



85.9020, -14.7417, 14.9949

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



54.5270, -9.1338, 36.3718

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.0540, -11.8586, 23.6316



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



88.7130, 2.1135, 22.1767

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



87.0390, 14.2778, -6.1732



88.0850, -5.4649, 26.2355



84.6400, -14.1195, 2.0697



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



81.1780, 16.6742, -28.2201



88.0850, -5.4649, 26.2355



86.7390, -14.1683, 17.7689

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



117.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546



71.3340, -16.9267, -30.9879



59.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718



95.7200, 14.4350, -56.7594



59.8630, 17.8155, -20.9279



46.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



77.3380, 17.0884, -67.8254



165.8920, 36.5352, -145.4873



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.6660, 16.9267, 30.9879



69.5940, 26.3292, 48.5911



72.1370, -17.8155, 20.9279



45.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



46.0280, 31.5382, 57.8574

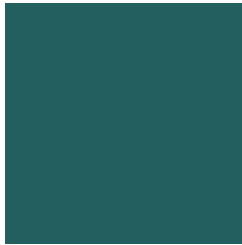


98.6640, 67.7066, 123.9517



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

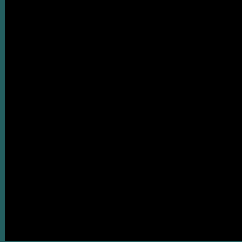
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718

### Protanopia

86.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999

### Deuteranopia

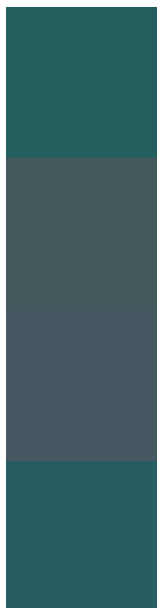
87.0910, 5.3781, 1.6742



## Tritanopia

78.4670, 11.6018, -34.6126

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718

## Protanomaly

83.0630, 4.4059, -13.2103

## Deuteranomaly

83.6440, 6.5845, -11.9658

## Tritanomaly

77.9400, 10.8756, -35.0274

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718

## Achromatopsia

77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

77.4220, 3.2430, -13.5251

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 95, 96)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 95, 96)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 95, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 95, 96) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 95, 96) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 95, 96) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 95, 96) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 95, 96); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 95, 96);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 95, 96)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 77.4730, 9.1338, -36.3718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 95, 96) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 95,  
96) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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