

# Converting Colors

YUV(78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596)  
contains.

<b>YUV(78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(78.1900, 75.8283,  
-8.0596)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4535E8
RGB	69, 53, 232
RGB Percent	27%, 21%, 91%
CMY	0.7294, 0.7922, 0.0902
CMYK	0.70, 0.77, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	245°, 80%, 56%
HSV	245°, 77%, 91%
XYZ	18.2928, 9.6376, 77.2400
YIQ	78.1900, -47.9230, 59.0610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

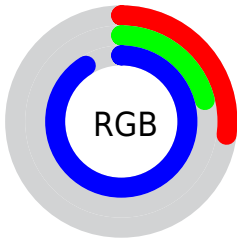
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	69, 53, 232
Decimal	4535784
CIE Lab	37.18, 59.44, -86.67
CIE LCh	37, 105.097, 304.441
Yxy	9.6376, 0.1739, 0.0916
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282725864 (0xFF4535E8)
YUV	78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596
Hunter-Lab	31.0445, 50.8525, -125.7849

# Details

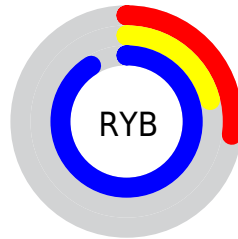
The YUV color **78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as dark washed blue. A complement of this color would be **206.8100, -75.8283, 8.0596**, and the grayscale version is **77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.6790, 60.7973, 6.4205**, and **19.9500, 76.4397, -17.4962** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.4100, 85.5799, -9.1296**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.9700, 66.0768, -6.9897**.

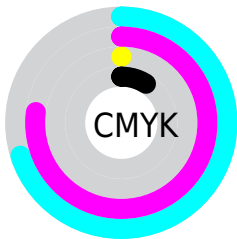
# Distribution



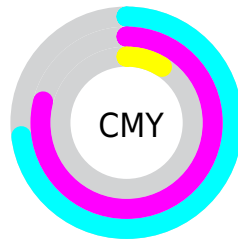
- Red (27%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (77%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.1900, 75.8283,  
-8.0596

■ 78.1900, 75.8283,  
-8.0596

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 41.3720, 79.6826,  
-31.0212

■ 131.6790, 60.7973,  
6.4205

■ 19.9500, 76.4397,  
-17.4962

■ 156.5090, 48.5561,  
12.7086

■ 16.7580, 64.2093,  
-14.6968

■ 181.6270, 36.1729,  
17.8671

■ 13.6800, 52.4158,  
-11.9974

■ 207.0440, 23.6423,  
23.6404

■ 17.1730, 37.8757,  
-15.0607

■ 229.7590, 12.4438,  
22.1364

■ 12.6760, 28.2607,  
-11.1169

■ 246.7820, 4.0515,

■ 7.5920, 18.9351,

7.2072

-6.6582

■ 3.4370, 10.6306,  
-3.0142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 78.1900, 75.8283,  
-8.0596

■ 78.1900, 75.8283,  
-8.0596

■ 58.4100, 85.5799,  
-9.1296

■ 97.9700, 66.0768,  
-6.9897

■ 38.6300, 95.3314,  
-10.1995

■ 117.7500, 56.3252,  
-5.9197

■ 32.7270, 98.2416,  
-10.2846

■ 138.1170, 46.2843,  
-5.3646

■ 158.1960, 36.3854,  
-3.6799

■ 177.9760, 26.6338,  
-2.6100

■ 197.7560, 16.8823,  
-1.5400

■ 217.5360, 7.1308,  
-0.4701

■ 237.9030, -2.9102,  
0.0851

■ 252.3780,  
-10.0464, 2.2995

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1830, 82.7338, -76.4595



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



75.3920, 43.1907, 100.5112

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



76.0270, -37.4813, 75.3983



78.7910, 9.9630, -69.0997

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



206.8100, -75.8283, 8.0596

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



65.7440, -32.4118, -57.6575



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



81.5340, -40.1963, 12.6867

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



61.8930, -30.5132, 127.2588



62.2220, -30.6754, -54.5687



89.6550, 46.5121, -78.6274



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



77.0810, 14.7501, 122.7090



62.2220, -30.6754, -54.5687



74.7840, -2.8515, -65.5856

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



204.5200, 24.8866, -2.2100



169.6740, 30.7267, -102.3231



97.0010, 15.2825, -1.7549



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



51.2970, 100.4256, -10.7845



104.5020, 62.8565, 46.0407



104.6670, 5.0942, -0.5850



25.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596



7.3090, 21.5397, -2.0250



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125.1030, 44.8122, 93.7487



113.4870, 59.4129, 124.1069



180.4980, -62.8565, -46.0407



107.8420, 3.0359, 6.2776



72.1030, 44.8122, 93.7487



20.4930, 12.5750, 26.7546



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

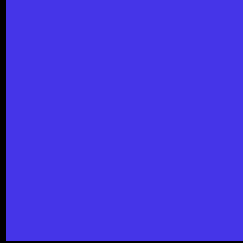
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

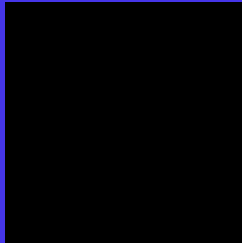
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596.

-8.0596.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596

### Protanopia

69.3720, 52.5676, -60.8392

### Deuteranopia

69.3430, 39.7639, -60.8138



## Tritanopia

68.0940, 17.2087, -59.7184

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596

## Protanomaly

72.6700, 60.8017, -41.8066

## Deuteranomaly

72.6070, 52.9447, -41.7513

## Tritanomaly

71.5350, 38.6832, -40.8112

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596

## Achromatopsia

78.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

78.2040, 27.5074, -2.8099

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 53, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 53, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 53, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 53, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 53, 232) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 53, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 53, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 53, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 53, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 53,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 78.1900, 75.8283, -8.0596 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 53, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 53,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor