

# Converting Colors

YUV(78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0D7533
RGB	13, 117, 51
RGB Percent	5%, 46%, 20%
CMY	0.9490, 0.5412, 0.8000
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.56, 0.54
HSL	142°, 80%, 25%
HSV	142°, 89%, 46%
XYZ	7.1248, 13.0472, 5.2748
YIQ	78.3800, -40.7980, -42.5740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

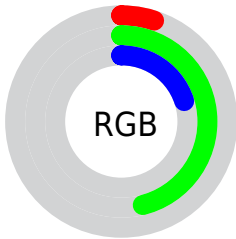
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	13, 89, 117
Decimal	881971
CIELab	42.83, -42.77, 28.53
CIELCh	43, 51.416, 146.297
Yxy	13.0472, 0.2800, 0.5127
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279072051 (0xFF0D7533)
YUV	78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383
Hunter-Lab	36.1209, -28.0025, 16.6264

# Details

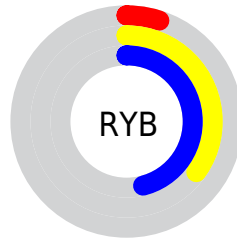
The YUV color **78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **51.6200, 13.4983, 57.3383**, and the grayscale version is **79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **134.6970, -17.5986, -48.8463**, and **39.7850, -17.6420, -34.8914** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.9940, -14.7870, -64.0157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.7660, -12.2096, -50.6608**.

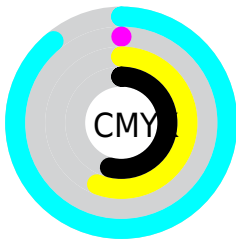
# Distribution



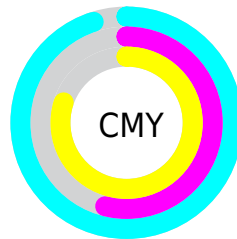
- Red (5%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (80%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383

■ 78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 57.1960, -14.3936,  
-50.1609

■ 134.6970,  
-17.5986, -48.8463

■ 39.7850, -17.6420,  
-34.8914

■ 162.4690,  
-18.4722, -48.6463

■ 26.4150, -13.0226,  
-23.1660

■ 190.2410,  
-19.3458, -48.4464

■ 10.5660, -5.2090,  
-9.2664

■ 218.7140,  
-20.0720, -48.8612

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 230.4630,  
-12.5533, -33.7321

■ 242.4400, -4.1609,

-18.8029

253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383

78.3800, -13.4983,  
-57.3383

73.9940, -14.7870,  
-64.0157

82.7660, -12.2096,  
-50.6608

73.5810, -15.0764,  
-64.5305

86.9670, -10.3367,  
-44.6981

91.3530, -9.0480,  
-38.0206

95.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431

99.9400, -5.8864,  
-25.3804

■ 104.4400, -4.1609,  
-18.8029

■ 108.8260, -2.8722,  
-12.1254

■ 113.2120, -1.5835,  
-5.4479

■ 117.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.1250, -39.9946, -5.3716



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



81.1560, 6.3321, -71.1738

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



84.6000, 49.9902, -74.1942



96.8300, -15.1992, 68.5551

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



51.6200, 13.4983, 57.3383

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



98.0850, 4.8881, 65.7005



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



101.2060, 37.8594, -9.8277

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



88.1730, 40.8337, -77.3277



103.2030, 22.5779, 38.4100



97.0950, -34.0638, 52.5367



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



85.1630, 19.1466, -74.6880



103.2030, 22.5779, 38.4100



96.6760, -8.2213, 70.4441

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



137.7770, -5.3131, -22.6064



94.3800, -40.1203, -11.7343



67.7010, -3.3036, -13.7698



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383



96.1950, -19.8161, -84.3630



84.0800, 8.3416, -62.3372



56.7500, -0.8628, -3.2887



76.7440, -15.6498, -67.3045



157.1240, -32.5991, -137.7977



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.6200, 13.4983, 57.3383



56.8050, 19.8161, 84.3630



45.9200, -8.3416, 62.3372



55.2500, 0.8628, 3.2888



45.3700, 16.0866, 67.2045

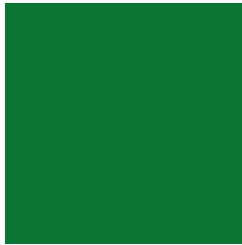


92.8760, 32.5991, 137.7977



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

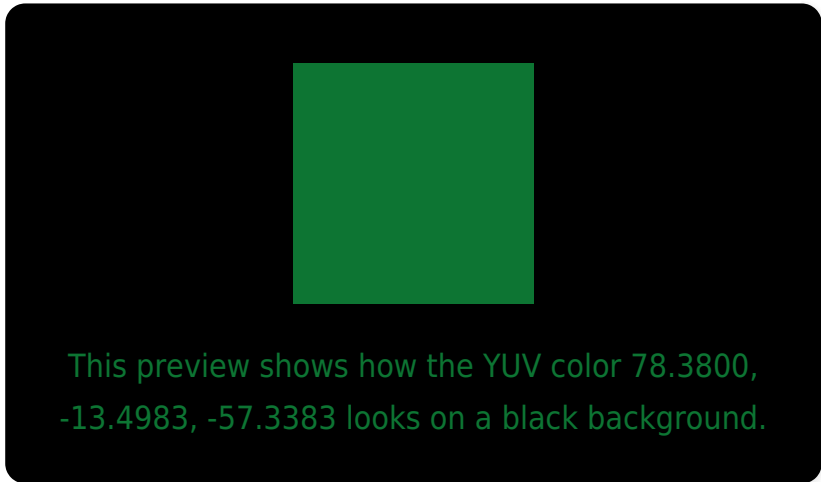
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383.

-57.3383.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383

### Protanopia

98.0190, -25.6454, 12.2613

### Deuteranopia

99.6270, -21.0151, 20.4981



## Tritanopia

92.1890, 13.2178, -39.6308

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383

## Protanomaly

91.0050, -21.2015, -13.1594

## Deuteranomaly

92.1350, -18.3076, -8.0114

## Tritanomaly

87.5120, 3.1986, -46.0530

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383

## Achromatopsia

78.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

77.9020, -4.8817, -20.9621

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 117, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 117, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 117, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 117, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 117, 51) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 117, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 117, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 117, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 117, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 117,  
51) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 78.3800, -13.4983, -57.3383 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 117, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 117,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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