

# Converting Colors

YUV(78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672)  
contains.

<b>YUV(78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	79450F
RGB	121, 69, 15
RGB Percent	47%, 27%, 6%
CMY	0.5255, 0.7294, 0.9412
CMYK	0.00, 0.43, 0.88, 0.53
HSL	31°, 78%, 27%
HSV	31°, 88%, 47%
XYZ	10.0995, 8.3557, 1.5324
YIQ	78.3920, 48.3260, -5.7700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

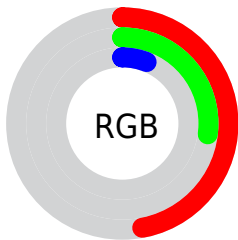
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 121, 15
Decimal	7947535
CIE Lab	34.71, 18.23, 39.15
CIE LCh	35, 43.186, 65.027
Yxy	8.3557, 0.5053, 0.4180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286137615 (0xFF79450F)
YUV	78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672
Hunter-Lab	28.9062, 11.7801, 17.0911

# Details

The YUV color **78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **57.6080, 31.2523, -37.3672**, and the grayscale version is **79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **129.6700, -32.8683, 42.3854**, and **34.7080, -17.1110, 28.3201** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5020, -34.7575, 41.6557**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83.2820, -27.7470, 33.0787**.

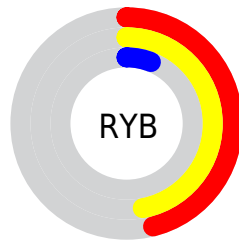
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (27%)

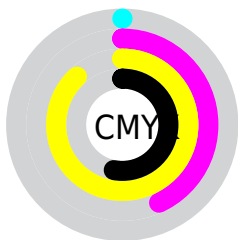
Blue (6%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (6%)

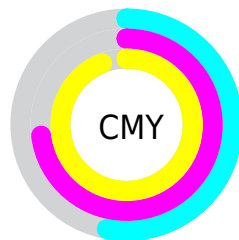


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (43%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (73%)


Yellow (94%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672

 78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672


 254.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999


 55.1080, -27.1682,  
34.1083

 129.6700,  
-32.8683, 42.3854


 34.7080, -17.1110,  
28.3201


 155.7520,  
-33.8947, 44.9445

 13.4330, -6.6225,  
24.1763

 183.4210,  
-35.2106, 46.9888

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 207.6160,  
-34.3207, 41.5558

 227.1300,  
-30.6301, 24.4420

 247.3450,

-26.7921, 6.7134

■ 251.1240,  
-14.8511, 3.3993

■ 78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672

■ 78.3920, -31.2523,  
37.3672

■ 73.5020, -34.7575,  
41.6557

■ 83.2820, -27.7470,  
33.0787

■ 72.5730, -35.7785,  
42.4705

■ 88.1720, -24.2418,  
28.7902

■ 93.0620, -20.7366,  
24.5016

■ 97.9520, -17.2313,  
20.2131

■ 102.8420,  
-13.7261, 15.9246

■ 107.8460, -9.7841,  
11.5361

■ 112.7360, -6.2788,  
7.2475

■ 117.0390, -2.4842,  
3.4738

■ 121.9290, 1.0210,  
-0.8147

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



78.2750, -16.8976, 53.2558



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



75.9410, -37.4389, 14.9607

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



67.4440, 9.6411, -59.1484



83.7320, 26.7541, 5.4970

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



57.6080, 31.2523, -37.3672

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.4080, 41.2109, -58.2398



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



70.6190, 24.3448, -61.9329

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



62.1660, -5.5048, -54.5196



71.0070, 35.9855, -62.2731



82.3250, 14.1368, 39.1800



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



73.4980, -32.2905, -3.0677



71.0070, 35.9855, -62.2731



81.3710, 30.8761, -9.9724

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



141.5860, -12.1209, 14.3951



52.7360, 7.5252, 59.8675



69.2200, -7.0105, 8.5771



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672



94.7890, -46.7310, 55.4360



108.9160, -46.3006, 10.5977



58.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



74.9430, -36.9469, 43.9000



151.0710, -74.4780, 88.5147



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.6080, 31.2523, -37.3672



63.7980, 46.4416, -55.9508



27.0840, 46.3006, -10.5977



57.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



50.0570, 36.9469, -43.9000



101.5160, 74.1886, -89.0295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

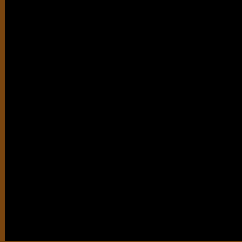
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 78.3920, -31.2523,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672

### Protanopia

78.1070, -29.1398, 13.0612

### Deuteranopia

77.6800, -34.8452, 23.0826



## Tritanopia

82.2110, -6.5130, 35.7720

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672

## Protanomaly

78.0480, -29.6037, 21.8829

## Deuteranomaly

78.0550, -33.5511, 28.0158

## Tritanomaly

80.8060, -15.6804, 36.1271

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672

## Achromatopsia

78.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

78.4010, -11.5367, 13.6803

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 69, 15)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 69, 15)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 69, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 69, 15) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 69, 15) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 69, 15) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 69, 15) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 69, 15); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 69, 15);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 69,  
15) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 78.3920, -31.2523, 37.3672 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 69, 15) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121, 69,  
15) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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