

Converting Colors

YUV(79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(79.9200, 8.4204,
52.6902)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C2E61
RGB	140, 46, 97
RGB Percent	55%, 18%, 38%
CMY	0.4510, 0.8196, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.31, 0.45
HSL	327°, 51%, 36%
HSV	327°, 67%, 55%
XYZ	13.9499, 8.3925, 12.1939
YIQ	79.9200, 39.6530, 35.7890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

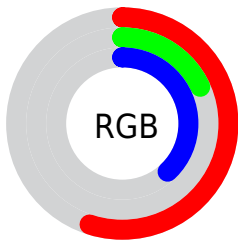
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 46, 97
Decimal	9186913
CIE _{Lab}	34.79, 44.83, -8.84
CIE _{LCh}	35, 45.695, 348.847
Yxy	8.3925, 0.4039, 0.2430
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287376993 (0xFF8C2E61)
YUV	79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902
Hunter-Lab	28.9698, 35.2562, -4.6774

Details

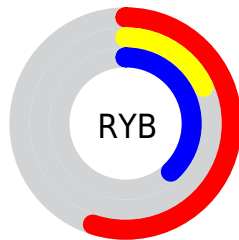
The YUV color **79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **106.0800, -8.4204, -52.6902**, and the grayscale version is **80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.0020, 7.3940, 55.2492**, and **31.5280, 9.5997, 47.7719** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.0180, 9.8511, 60.4972**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.8220, 6.9898, 44.8831**.

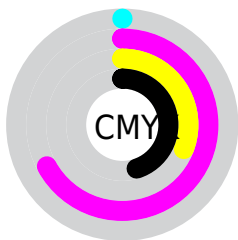
Distribution



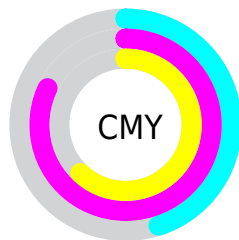
- Red (55%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 79.9200, 8.4204,
52.6902

■ 79.9200, 8.4204,
52.6902

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 51.5010, 10.5990,
53.9346

■ 133.0020, 7.3940,
55.2492

■ 31.5280, 9.5997,
47.7719

■ 160.4860, 6.6624,
56.5788

■ 21.3600, 4.2595,
33.8873

■ 188.4970, 6.6570,
58.3231

■ 10.8780, -4.8699,
22.0320

■ 208.1250, 10.7844,
41.1094

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 227.4110, 13.6014,
24.1956

■ 244.4340, 5.2090,

9.2664

■ 79.9200, 8.4204,
52.6902

■ 79.9200, 8.4204,
52.6902

■ 71.0180, 9.8511,
60.4972

■ 88.8220, 6.9898,
44.8831

■ 62.0020, 10.8450,
68.4042

■ 97.8380, 5.9959,
36.9761

■ 53.1000, 12.2757,
76.2113

■ 106.7400, 4.5652,
29.1690

■ 50.5240, 12.5597,
78.4705

■ 115.7560, 3.5713,
21.2620

■ 124.6580, 2.1406,
13.4549

■ 133.5600, 0.7099,
5.6479

■ 142.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 151.4780, -1.7147,
-10.0662

■ 160.4940, -2.7085,
-17.9732

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.1150, 22.6213, 24.4551



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



77.6100, -8.1887, 59.9780

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



74.0920, -36.5274, 2.5503



71.8560, 31.6230, -63.0177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



106.0800, -8.4204, -52.6902

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.9690, 16.7773, -61.3628



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



67.5680, -18.5210, -32.9471

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



76.9150, -37.9191, 29.0155



65.1640, 0.9051, -57.1488



70.2720, 40.7849, -61.6285

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



77.8900, -19.6658, 54.4705



65.1640, 0.9051, -57.1488



72.0040, 27.1130, -63.1475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



157.9300, 2.9925, 20.2324



69.2740, 34.8679, 16.4227



77.9460, 1.9986, 12.3254



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



87.0730, 13.2750, 82.3740



74.6760, -11.6723, 57.2891



64.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



47.9750, 11.8443, 74.5669



1.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902



87.0730, 13.2750, 82.3740



111.3240, 11.6723, -57.2891



64.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035



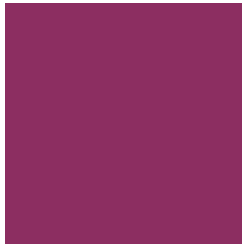
47.9750, 11.8443, 74.5669



1.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

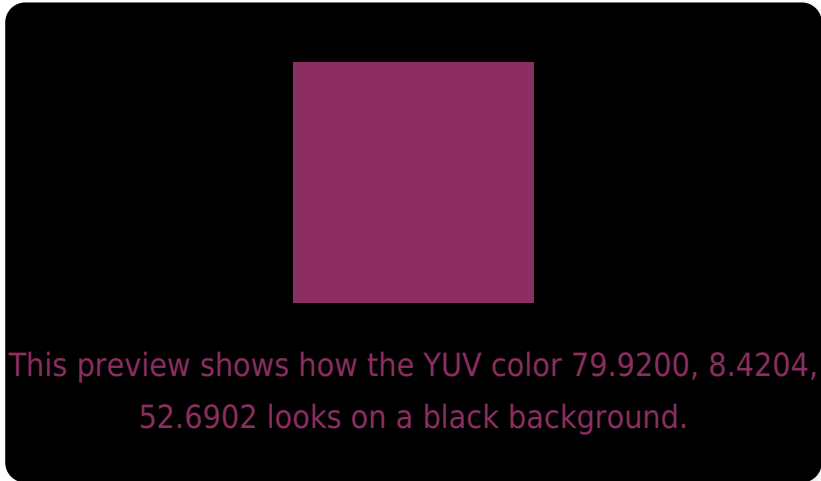
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

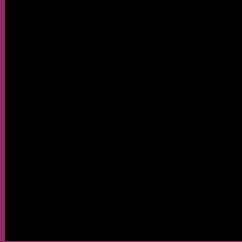
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 79.9200, 8.4204,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902

Protanopia

82.0860, 19.6776, -11.4764

Deuteranopia

84.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



Tritanopia

80.5610, -10.6296, 49.4970

Trichromacy



Original Color

79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902

Protanomaly

81.2030, 15.6759, 12.1000

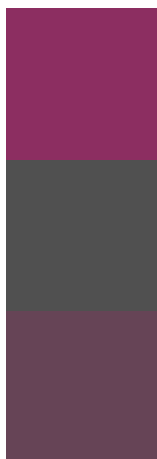
Deuteranomaly

82.3260, 5.7553, 20.7621

Tritanomaly

80.1080, -3.5042, 50.7713

Monochromacy



Original Color

79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902

Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

80.2180, 2.8505, 19.1028

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 46, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 46, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 46, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 46, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 46, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 46, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 46, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 46, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 46, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 46,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 79.9200, 8.4204, 52.6902 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 46, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140, 46,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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