

# Converting Colors

YUV(79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BB202E
RGB	187, 32, 46
RGB Percent	73%, 13%, 18%
CMY	0.2667, 0.8745, 0.8196
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.75, 0.27
HSL	355°, 71%, 43%
HSV	355°, 83%, 73%
XYZ	21.5032, 11.7951, 3.7281
YIQ	79.9410, 87.8860, 37.2140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

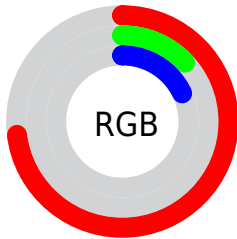
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	187, 32, 46
Decimal	12263470
CIELab	40.89, 59.46, 33.14
CIElCh	41, 68.069, 29.134
Yxy	11.7951, 0.5808, 0.3186
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290453550 (0xFFBB202E)
YUV	79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907
Hunter-Lab	34.3440, 51.6591, 17.6047

# Details

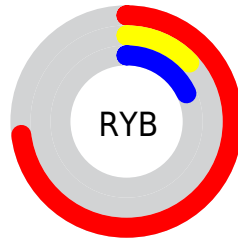
The YUV color **79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. A complement of this color would be **139.0590, 16.7329, -93.8907**, and the grayscale version is **80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140.4160, -23.8691, 96.1052**, and **37.3750, -18.4259, 76.8471** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **66.8500, -18.6600, 105.3715**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.0320, -14.8058, 82.4099**.

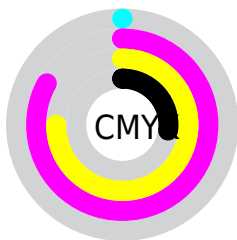
# Distribution



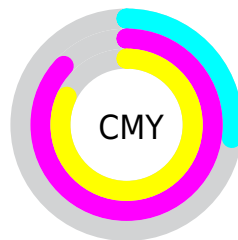
- Red (73%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Black (27%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (82%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907


 79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 49.4940, -12.0755,  
93.4058


 140.4160,  
-23.8691, 96.1052

 37.3750, -18.4259,  
76.8471


 161.1970,  
-21.7891, 82.2652


 28.4050, -14.0037,  
58.4038

 180.4830,  
-18.9721, 65.3514

 20.3750, -8.5659,  
40.8901

 200.5840,  
-15.5709, 47.7228

 10.2800, -4.5750,  
20.8024

 220.6850,  
-12.1697, 30.0943

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 240.9000, -8.3317,

12.3657

254.7720, -0.8736,  
0.2000

■ 79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907

■ 79.9410, -16.7329,  
93.8907

■ 66.8500, -18.6600,  
105.3715

■ 93.0320, -14.8058,  
82.4099

■ 57.8510, -20.1395,  
113.2637

■ 105.5360,  
-12.5892, 71.4439

■ 118.6270,  
-10.6621, 59.9631

■ 131.7180, -8.7350,  
48.4823

■ 144.8090, -6.8078,  
37.0015

■ 157.3130, -4.5913,  
26.0355

■ 170.4040, -2.6642,  
14.5547

■ 183.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

■ 195.9990, 1.4795,  
-7.8921

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



68.6120, 15.9673, 105.5803



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



88.6420, -43.7005, 63.4580

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



71.8540, -19.1550, -63.0160



85.5750, 61.3415, -75.0493

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



139.0590, 16.7329, -93.8907

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.0940, 50.7327, -79.0124



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



80.4550, 6.1847, -70.5590

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



82.2330, -40.5409, -16.8673



87.5400, 30.7928, -76.7726



94.8820, 49.3582, -11.2975



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



91.4340, -45.0770, 38.2074



87.5400, 30.7928, -76.7726



87.5810, 58.8736, -76.8085

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



200.5100, -6.6604, 36.3867



91.5300, 47.0667, 70.5722



97.1060, -3.9963, 21.8320



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



76.2680, -25.7681, 145.3470



114.7390, -40.7903, 63.3729



87.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



48.8380, -17.1751, 95.7351



9.6110, -3.2592, 18.7582



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907



76.2680, -25.7681, 145.3470



104.2610, 40.7903, -63.3729



87.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



48.8380, -17.1751, 95.7351



9.6110, -3.2592, 18.7582



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 79.9410, -16.7329,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907

### Protanopia

96.7440, -15.1568, 8.1175

### Deuteranopia

95.1730, -29.1723, 23.5273



## Tritanopia

79.7470, -22.5533, 94.0609

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907

## Protanomaly

90.5290, -15.5438, 39.0011

## Deuteranomaly

89.8910, -24.5963, 49.2076

## Tritanomaly

79.6160, -20.5167, 94.1758

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907

## Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

80.3140, -6.0708, 33.9276

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 32, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 32, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 32, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 32, 46) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 32, 46) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 32, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 32, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 32, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 32, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 32,  
46) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 79.9410, -16.7329, 93.8907 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 32, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187, 32,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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