

Converting Colors

YUV(80.1100, -5.9702,
141.9775)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(80.1100, -5.9702,
141.9775)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | F20044 |
| RGB | 242, 0, 68 |
| RGB Percent | 95%, 0%, 27% |
| CMY | 0.0510, 1.0000, 0.7333 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.72, 0.05 |
| HSL | 343°, 100%, 47% |
| HSV | 343°, 100%, 95% |
| XYZ | 37.6613, 19.2946, 7.2081 |
| YIQ | 80.1100, 122.4040, 72.4520 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

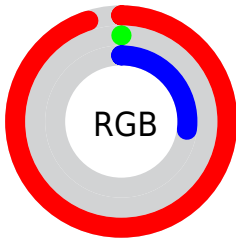
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 242, 0, 68 |
| Decimal | 15859780 |
| CIELab | 51.03, 78.32, 34.66 |
| CIElCh | 51, 85.650, 23.873 |
| Yxy | 19.2946, 0.5870, 0.3007 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294049860 (0xFFFF20044) |
| YUV | 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 |
| Hunter-Lab | 43.9256, 76.1741, 21.0186 |

Details

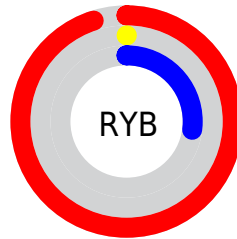
The YUV color **80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **161.8900, 5.9702, -141.9775**, and the grayscale version is **80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **145.2340, -14.4124, 96.2648**, and **55.8870, -14.7343, 106.2161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1360, -5.4900, 127.9227**.

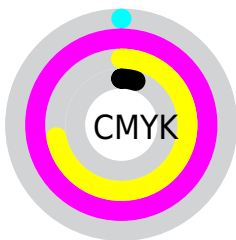
Distribution



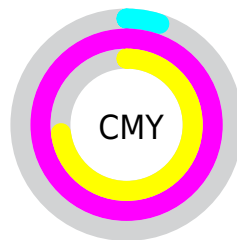
- Red (95%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80.1100, -5.9702,
141.9775


 80.1100, -5.9702,
141.9775


255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 67.7350, -10.7154,
123.8894


 145.2340,
-14.4124, 96.2648

 55.8870, -14.7343,
106.2161


 166.2810,
-12.4635, 77.8066

 43.4690, -20.9372,
89.0427


 186.9690, -9.3517,
59.6632

 33.7160, -15.6360,
68.6551

 208.2440, -6.5293,
41.0050

 24.9740, -10.3402,
50.0118

 229.0460, -2.9807,
22.7617

 15.1780, -6.4968,
30.5389

 249.9620, 1.0047,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

4.4183

0.0000

■ 80.1100, -5.9702,
141.9775

■ 96.1360, -5.4900,
127.9227

■ 112.2760, -4.5731,
113.7679

■ 128.8890, -4.3823,
99.1983

■ 145.0290, -3.4653,
85.0436

■ 161.0550, -2.9851,
70.9888

■ 177.0810, -2.5049,
56.9340

■ 193.2210, -1.5880,
42.7792

■ 209.8340, -1.3972,
28.2096

■ 225.9740, -0.4802,
14.0548

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.4210, 25.9214, 132.9348



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



108.5870, -53.5334, 90.6932

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



87.4120, -35.6991, -76.6603



108.9020, 72.0263, -95.5071

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



161.8900, 5.9702, -141.9775

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



114.2360, 62.0017, -100.1850



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



99.9060, 2.0183, -87.6176

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



106.4540, -52.4818, -13.5532



109.6300, 34.1994, -96.1455



110.6940, 71.1429, -45.3356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



114.2810, -56.3405, 57.6356



109.6300, 34.1994, -96.1455



111.8370, 70.5794, -98.0810

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



204.1180, -2.0302, 44.6235



79.3150, 80.2037, 82.1617



97.1220, -1.5391, 27.0800



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



84.4530, -6.1393, 149.5697



102.8820, -50.7208, 122.0065



111.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



60.9440, -4.4094, 107.9201



18.5680, -1.2660, 32.8279

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775



84.4530, -6.1393, 149.5697



139.1180, 50.7208, -122.0065



111.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



60.9440, -4.4094, 107.9201



18.5680, -1.2660, 32.8279

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

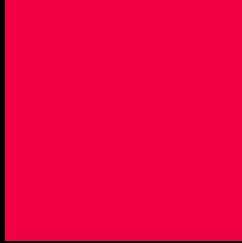
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.1100, -5.9702,

141.9775.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775

Protanopia

122.5850, -10.6414, 6.5030

Deuteranopia

120.5110, -31.8039, 27.6159



Tritanopia

90.8890, -34.4553, 131.6473

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775

Protanomaly

107.0610, -8.9041, 56.0745

Deuteranomaly

105.5930, -22.4773, 69.6399

Tritanomaly

86.9570, -24.1358, 135.0957

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775

Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

80.1620, -2.0519, 51.6009

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 0, 68)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 0, 68)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 0, 68) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 0, 68) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 0, 68) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 0, 68) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 0, 68)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 0, 68); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 68);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 0, 68)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 80.1100, -5.9702, 141.9775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 0, 68) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242, 0,  
68) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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