

Converting Colors

YUV(80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(80.2600, 9.2388,
23.4510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B3F63
RGB	107, 63, 99
RGB Percent	42%, 25%, 39%
CMY	0.5804, 0.7529, 0.6118
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.07, 0.58
HSL	311°, 26%, 33%
HSV	311°, 41%, 42%
XYZ	10.0930, 7.5817, 12.7358
YIQ	80.2600, 14.6680, 20.5240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

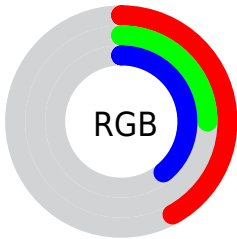
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 63, 99
Decimal	7028579
CIE _{Lab}	33.10, 25.15, -13.16
CIE _{LCh}	33, 28.388, 332.376
Yxy	7.5817, 0.3319, 0.2493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285218659 (0xFF6B3F63)
YUV	80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510
Hunter-Lab	27.5348, 17.2442, -8.1493

Details

The YUV color **80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **89.7400, -9.2388, -23.4510**, and the grayscale version is **80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.3850, 9.6702, 25.0954**, and **33.8360, 8.9549, 21.1918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.5750, 11.5485, 29.3137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.9450, 6.9291, 17.5882**.

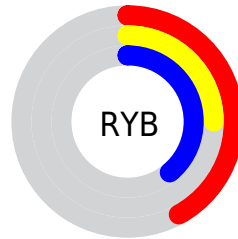
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (25%)

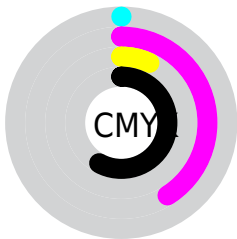
Blue (39%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (25%)

Blue (39%)

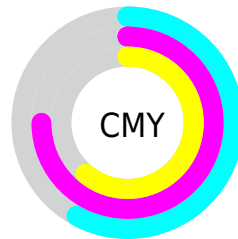


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (75%)

Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80.2600, 9.2388,
23.4510

■ 80.2600, 9.2388,
23.4510

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.5480, 9.0968,
22.3214

■ 130.3850, 9.6702,
25.0954

■ 33.8360, 8.9549,
21.1918

■ 156.5100, 10.1016,
26.7397

■ 14.5970, 8.0867,
19.6474

■ 183.8090, 9.9542,
27.3545

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 211.2220, 10.2436,
27.8693

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 233.8680, 10.4181,
18.5328

■ 250.8910, 2.0257,

3.6036

■ 80.2600, 9.2388,
23.4510

■ 80.2600, 9.2388,
23.4510

■ 73.5750, 11.5485,
29.3137

■ 86.9450, 6.9291,
17.5882

■ 67.4770, 13.5688,
34.6617

■ 93.0430, 4.9088,
12.2403

■ 60.7920, 15.8785,
40.5244

■ 99.7280, 2.5991,
6.3775

■ 54.1070, 18.1882,
46.3872

■ 106.4130, 0.2894,
0.5148

■ 48.0090, 20.2086,
51.7351

■ 113.0980, -2.0203,
-5.3479

■ 42.0250, 22.6657,
56.9831

■ 119.1960, -4.0406,
-10.6959

■ 125.8810, -6.3503,
-16.5586

■ 132.5660, -8.6600,
-22.4214

■ 138.6640,
-10.6804, -27.7693

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.4190, 18.0344, 2.2635



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



78.9920, -0.9821, 35.0870

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



75.4580, -21.4248, 11.8763



63.7570, 18.3608, -55.9149

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



89.7400, -9.2388, -23.4510

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



61.2490, 8.7512, -53.7154



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



73.4880, -17.0026, -6.5670

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



77.1270, -19.2896, 27.0756



69.1030, -6.4598, -28.1543



63.8200, 26.2177, -55.9701

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



78.1680, -7.9708, 36.6867



69.1030, -6.4598, -28.1543



62.9590, 15.3032, -55.2150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



129.6790, 3.6093, 9.0515



70.1090, 18.1873, -0.0956



65.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



98.7160, 14.4370, 36.2061



77.8660, 0.0661, 25.5505



50.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888



45.9270, 24.6860, 62.3310



96.0550, 51.2449, 130.6248

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510



98.7160, 14.4370, 36.2061



92.1340, -0.0661, -25.5505



50.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888



45.9270, 24.6860, 62.3310



96.0550, 51.2449, 130.6248

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

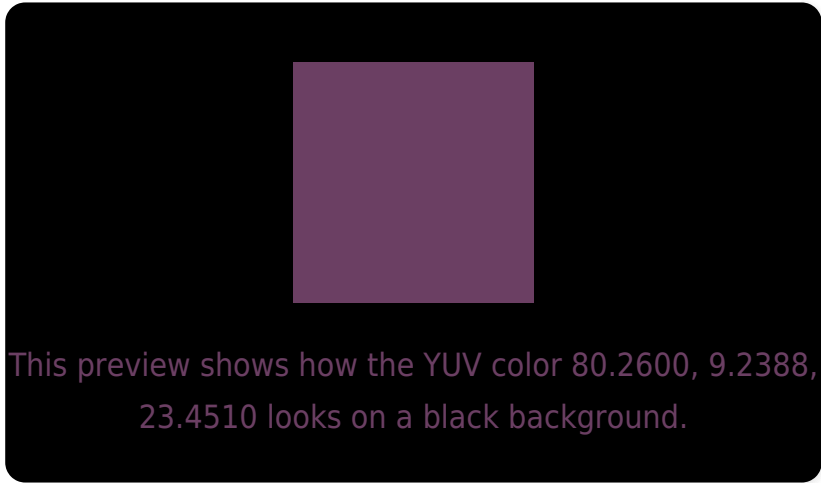
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

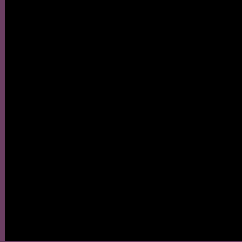
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.2600, 9.2388,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510

Protanopia

78.0710, 15.7410, -8.8323

Deuteranopia

79.2800, 8.7360, -1.9996



Tritanopia

79.3340, -3.1227, 21.6321

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510

Protanomaly

78.8660, 13.3771, 2.7485

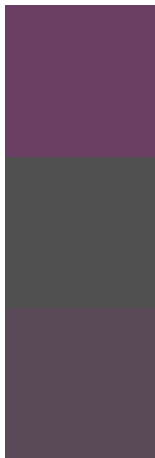
Deuteranomaly

79.7480, 8.9982, 7.2370

Tritanomaly

79.4850, 1.2399, 22.3767

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510

Achromatopsia

80.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

80.2660, 3.3199, 8.5367

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 63, 99)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 63, 99)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 63, 99) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 63, 99) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 63, 99) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 63, 99) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 63, 99)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 63, 99); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 63, 99);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 63,  
99) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 80.2600, 9.2388, 23.4510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 63, 99) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 63,  
99) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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