

# Converting Colors

YUV(80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E492B
RGB	110, 73, 43
RGB Percent	43%, 29%, 17%
CMY	0.5686, 0.7137, 0.8314
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.61, 0.57
HSL	27°, 44%, 30%
HSV	27°, 61%, 43%
XYZ	9.2490, 8.2545, 3.3913
YIQ	80.6430, 31.6820, -1.4860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

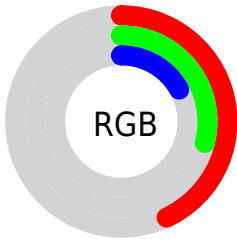
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	110, 97, 43
Decimal	7227691
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	34.51, 12.28, 24.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	35, 27.095, 63.062
Yxy	8.2545, 0.4426, 0.3951
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285417771 (0xFF6E492B)
YUV	80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461
Hunter-Lab	28.7306, 7.1842, 13.1130

# Details

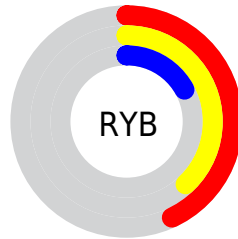
The YUV color **80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **72.3570, 18.5580, -25.7461**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.7960, -20.6054, 29.1199**, and **34.9630, -17.2368, 21.9574** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.8670, -21.6264, 29.9346**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.4190, -15.4896, 21.5575**.

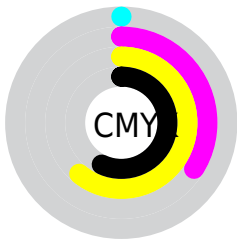
# Distribution



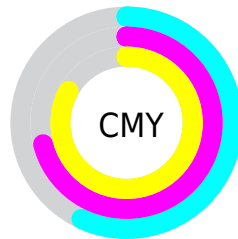
- Red (43%)
- Green (29%)
- Blue (17%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (17%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (83%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461

■ 80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 56.9740, -17.2422,  
23.7018

■ 130.7960,  
-20.6054, 29.1199

■ 34.9630, -17.2368,  
21.9574

■ 156.6930,  
-21.0476, 30.9642

■ 14.2860, -7.0430,  
19.0432

■ 184.1770,  
-21.7793, 32.2938

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 212.2480,  
-22.8003, 33.1085

■ 233.2570,  
-19.8467, 19.0686

■ 251.1240,

-14.8511, 3.3993

254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461

80.6430, -18.5580,  
25.7461

75.8670, -21.6264,  
29.9346

85.4190, -15.4896,  
21.5575

71.0910, -24.6949,  
34.1232

90.1950, -12.4211,  
17.3690

66.3150, -27.7633,  
38.3117

94.9710, -9.3527,  
13.1804

61.6530, -30.3949,  
42.4003

99.7470, -6.2843,  
8.9919

104.5230, -3.2158,  
4.8033

■ 109.2990, -0.1474,  
0.6148

■ 114.6620, 2.6316,  
-4.0886

■ 119.4380, 5.7001,  
-8.2771

■ 124.2140, 8.7685,  
-12.4657

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.6470, -11.1650, 34.5126



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



79.2730, -20.8406, 11.1616

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



63.4660, 9.6303, -55.6597



83.0770, 16.7240, 2.5635

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



72.3570, 18.5580, -25.7461

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.8070, 22.7731, -24.3867



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



65.8600, 18.8030, -57.7592

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



72.9290, -5.8810, -27.1247



65.8090, 26.2232, -57.7145



83.7330, 8.5126, 23.0362



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



77.7770, -18.6241, 0.1956



65.8090, 26.2232, -57.7145



81.4180, 19.5139, -5.6286

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



131.8180, -7.3053, 9.8066



67.3650, 6.7221, 37.3909



64.5940, -4.2368, 5.6181



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461



97.0980, -28.6423, 40.2561



100.0140, -28.1079, 8.7577



53.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



67.5780, -33.3160, 45.9741



139.0100, -68.5319, 94.7072



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



72.3570, 18.5580, -25.7461



84.3150, 28.9317, -39.7413



52.9860, 28.1079, -8.7577



53.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591



52.4220, 33.3160, -45.9741

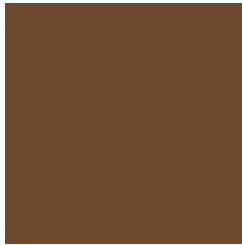


108.5770, 68.2425, -95.2220



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

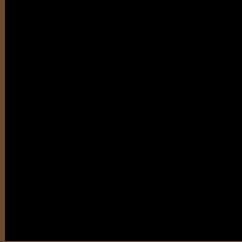
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.6430, -18.5580,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461

### Protanopia

80.2880, -16.9040, 8.5174

### Deuteranopia

80.4740, -18.9677, 17.1243



## Tritanopia

82.4270, -4.1545, 25.9355

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461

## Protanomaly

80.5060, -17.5045, 14.4652

## Deuteranomaly

80.4960, -18.9785, 20.6130

## Tritanomaly

81.4610, -9.1013, 25.9057

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461

## Achromatopsia

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

80.9320, -6.8685, 9.7066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 73, 43)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 73, 43)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 73, 43) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 73, 43) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 73, 43) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 73, 43) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 73, 43)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 73, 43); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 73, 43);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 73,  
43) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 80.6430, -18.5580, 25.7461 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 73, 43) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 73,  
43) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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