

Converting Colors

YUV(80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2E5E67
RGB	46, 94, 103
RGB Percent	18%, 37%, 40%
CMY	0.8196, 0.6314, 0.5961
CMYK	0.55, 0.09, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	189°, 38%, 29%
HSV	189°, 55%, 40%
XYZ	7.5776, 9.5655, 14.2789
YIQ	80.6740, -31.4970, -7.3770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

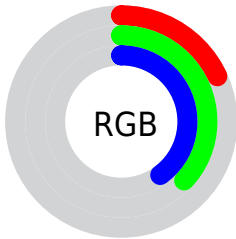
Format	Color
RYB	46, 72, 103
Decimal	3038823
CIELab	37.05, -13.47, -10.14
CIElCh	37, 16.864, 216.978
Yxy	9.5655, 0.2412, 0.3044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281228903 (0xFF2E5E67)
YUV	80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091
Hunter-Lab	30.9282, -10.3907, -5.7233

Details

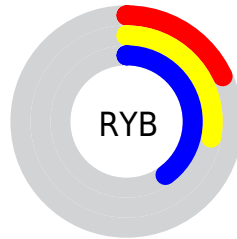
The YUV color **80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **68.3260, -11.0067, 30.4091**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.0870, 11.2961, -29.8943**, and **34.5600, 10.5699, -30.3091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.5100, 13.0596, -35.5273**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.8380, 8.9539, -25.2909**.

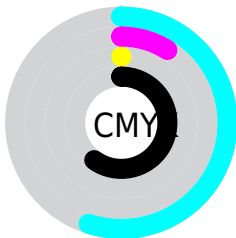
Distribution



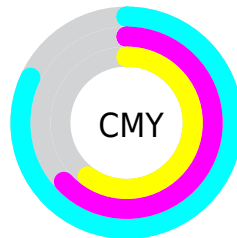
- Red (18%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (55%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091

80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

55.4780, 11.5963,
-32.8682

131.0870, 11.2961,
-29.8943

34.5600, 10.5699,
-30.3091

157.7880, 11.4435,
-30.5091

20.4260, 7.1850,
-17.9136

184.7880, 11.4435,
-30.5091

1.3680, 5.2416,
-1.1997

212.6030, 12.0277,
-31.2238

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

240.0500, 7.3704,
-30.7388

248.7210, 3.0955,

-12.9103

■ 80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091

■ 80.6740, 11.0067,
-30.4091

■ 76.5100, 13.0596,
-35.5273

■ 84.8380, 8.9539,
-25.2909

■ 72.6340, 14.9704,
-41.7750

■ 88.7140, 7.0430,
-19.0432

■ 68.4700, 17.0233,
-46.8932

■ 92.8780, 4.9901,
-13.9250

■ 64.3060, 19.0761,
-52.0114

■ 97.0420, 2.9373,
-8.8068

■ 62.8110, 19.8132,
-55.0852

■ 100.9180, 1.0264,
-2.5591

■ 105.0820, -1.0264,
2.5591

■ 108.6590, -2.7899,
8.1921

■ 112.8230, -4.8427,
13.3102

■ 117.2860, -7.0430,
19.0432

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.9750, 4.4493, -27.1651



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



82.9290, 14.3320, -23.6167

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



89.5380, 4.1718, 15.3142



86.0150, -12.8254, 7.0028

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



68.3260, -11.0067, 30.4091

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5970, -12.1263, 16.1394



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



88.8610, -2.3965, 22.0469

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



88.9540, 9.8827, 3.5483



88.2540, -8.5062, 21.7022



84.4480, -9.5879, -4.7779

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



85.5710, 14.0155, -15.4098



88.2540, -8.5062, 21.7022



86.6240, -13.1256, 9.9768

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



126.3620, 4.2585, -12.5955



80.4850, -12.5641, -30.2433



63.6400, 2.6425, -7.5773



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091



100.1710, 17.1707, -47.5080



64.2380, 19.1097, -15.9947



48.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



70.0490, 22.1608, -61.4330



147.3360, 46.6694, -129.2137

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.5150, 12.5641, 30.2433



81.1610, 19.6406, 47.2168



84.7620, -19.1097, 15.9947



47.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740



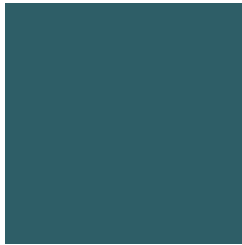
45.4430, 25.4176, 61.0015



95.6140, 53.4343, 128.3805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

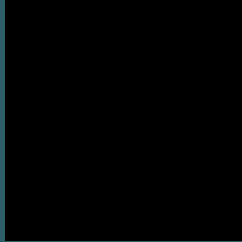
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

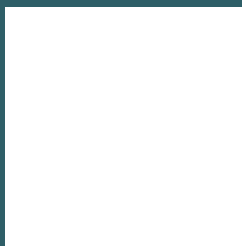
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 80.6740, 11.0067,

-30.4091.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091

Protanopia

87.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145

Deuteranopia

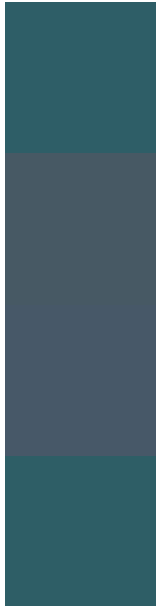
87.5790, 8.5886, -1.3848



Tritanopia

80.5600, 10.5699, -30.3091

Trichromacy



Original Color

80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091

Protanomaly

84.8720, 7.4581, -12.1657

Deuteranomaly

84.7410, 9.4947, -12.0509

Tritanomaly

80.5600, 10.5699, -30.3091

Monochromacy



Original Color

80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091

Achromatopsia

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

80.9600, 3.9637, -11.3659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 94, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 94, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 94, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 94, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 94, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 94, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(46, 94, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 94, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 94, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 94,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 80.6740, 11.0067, -30.4091 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 94, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 94,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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