

Converting Colors

YUV(81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(81.0780, 1.9335,
33.2576)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	773D55
RGB	119, 61, 85
RGB Percent	47%, 24%, 33%
CMY	0.5333, 0.7608, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.29, 0.53
HSL	335°, 32%, 35%
HSV	335°, 49%, 47%
XYZ	10.9162, 7.9153, 9.5468
YIQ	81.0780, 26.8640, 19.7600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

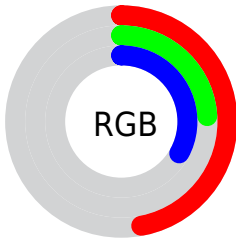
Format	Color
R_{YB}	119, 61, 85
Decimal	7814485
CIE Lab	33.81, 28.36, -2.98
CIE LCh	34, 28.517, 354.004
Yxy	7.9153, 0.3847, 0.2789
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286004565 (0xFF773D55)
YUV	81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576
Hunter-Lab	28.1341, 20.0241, -0.4250

Details

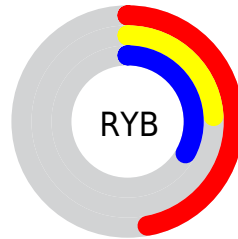
The YUV color **81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **98.9220, -1.9335, -33.2576**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.6870, 1.6333, 36.2315**, and **33.1100, 3.3968, 30.5985** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.2360, 2.3487, 40.1350**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9200, 1.5184, 26.3802**.

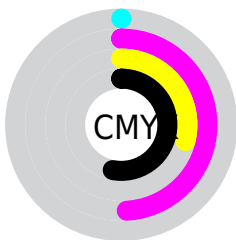
Distribution



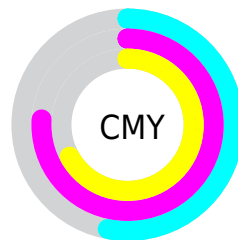
- Red (47%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

81.0780, 1.9335,
33.2576

81.0780, 1.9335,
33.2576

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

57.1810, 2.3758,
31.4133

131.6870, 1.6333,
36.2315

33.1100, 3.3968,
30.5985

158.2850, 1.3385,
37.4611

15.7350, 2.1026,
25.6654

185.5840, 1.1911,
38.0758

1.1960, -0.5896,
2.4591

212.2850, 1.3385,
37.4611

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

232.0270, 5.9027,
20.1473

250.3040, 2.3151,

4.1184

■ 81.0780, 1.9335,
33.2576

■ 81.0780, 1.9335,
33.2576

■ 73.2360, 2.3487,
40.1350

■ 88.9200, 1.5184,
26.3802

■ 65.3940, 2.7638,
47.0125

■ 96.7620, 1.1033,
19.5027

■ 57.5520, 3.1789,
53.8899

■ 104.6040, 0.6882,
12.6253

■ 49.7100, 3.5940,
60.7673

■ 112.4460, 0.2731,
5.7479

■ 42.4550, 3.7197,
67.1300

■ 119.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 41.1670, 3.8617,
68.2595

■ 127.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 135.3850, -0.6828,
-14.3696

■ 143.2270, -1.0979,
-21.2471

■ 151.0690, -1.5130,
-28.1245

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2100, 11.7285, 18.2328



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



79.9400, -8.8444, 36.8866

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



75.9510, -19.2028, -0.8340



64.8800, 25.2022, -56.8998

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



98.9220, -1.9335, -33.2576

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



64.4750, 16.0348, -56.5446



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



71.9360, -9.8284, -20.9919

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



77.9640, -22.1673, 16.6946



61.8530, 5.9885, -54.2451



70.9300, 26.1635, -38.5266

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



79.3110, -14.9433, 33.0533



61.8530, 5.9885, -54.2451



65.3700, 22.0026, -57.3295

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



140.3160, 0.8302, 13.7549



77.7780, 20.3224, 15.1037



69.8700, 0.5571, 8.0070



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



96.5410, 3.1843, 52.1455



81.2770, -9.9966, 33.0831



55.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



42.2920, 4.2930, 69.9039



86.4920, 8.1384, 143.3965

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576



96.5410, 3.1843, 52.1455



98.7230, 9.9966, -33.0831



55.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



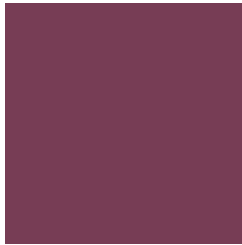
42.2920, 4.2930, 69.9039



86.4920, 8.1384, 143.3965

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

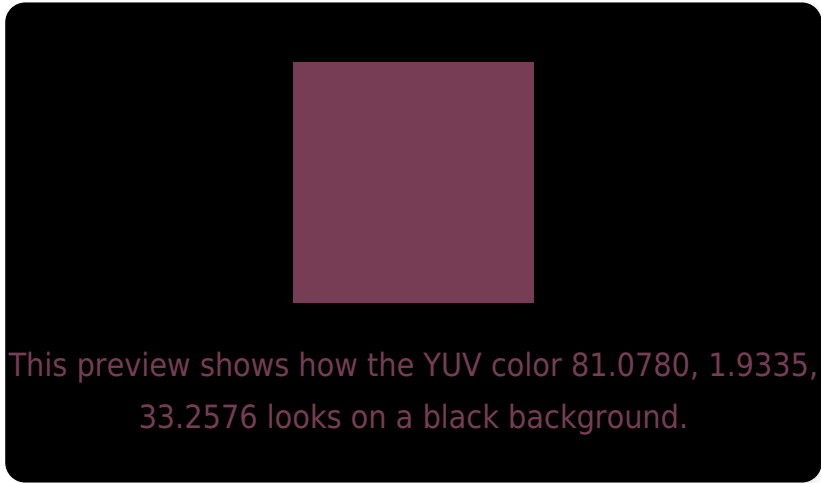
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

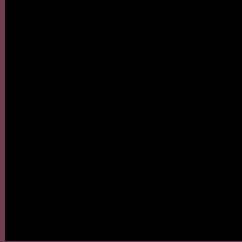
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.0780, 1.9335,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576

Protanopia

80.1550, 8.3046, -3.6439

Deuteranopia

81.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



Tritanopia

80.7160, -5.7760, 32.6981

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576

Protanomaly

80.3740, 6.2246, 10.1960

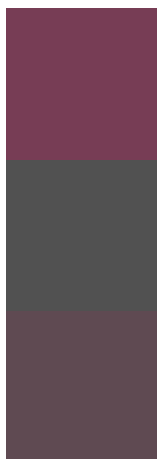
Deuteranomaly

81.3270, 0.8248, 15.4992

Tritanomaly

80.8130, -2.8658, 32.6130

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576

Achromatopsia

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.1910, 0.3988, 12.1105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 61, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 61, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 61, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 61, 85) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 61, 85) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 61, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 61, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 61, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 61, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 61,  
85) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.0780, 1.9335, 33.2576 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 61, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 61,  
85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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