

Converting Colors

YUV(81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(81.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	475558
RGB	71, 85, 88
RGB Percent	28%, 33%, 35%
CMY	0.7216, 0.6667, 0.6549
CMYK	0.19, 0.03, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	191°, 11%, 31%
HSV	191°, 19%, 35%
XYZ	7.6085, 8.5412, 10.4801
YIQ	81.1560, -9.3070, -2.0350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

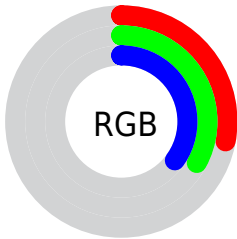
Format	Color
R_{YB}	71, 79, 88
Decimal	4674904
CIE Lab	35.09, -4.71, -3.58
CIE LCh	35, 5.914, 217.240
Yxy	8.5412, 0.2857, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282864984 (0xFF475558)
YUV	81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068
Hunter-Lab	29.2253, -4.6737, -0.8036

Details

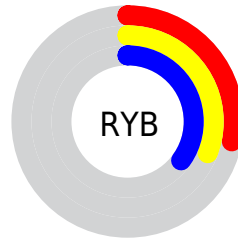
The YUV color **81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **77.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216**, and **36.4550, 3.2267, -8.2920** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.2910, 5.2795, -13.4102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034**.

Distribution



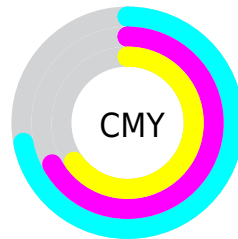
- Red (28%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068

■ 81.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068

■ 130.8570, 3.5215,
-9.5216

■ 36.4550, 3.2267,
-8.2920

■ 156.5580, 3.6689,
-10.1364

■ 14.8460, 3.5269,
-11.2659

■ 183.5580, 3.6689,
-10.1364

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.2590, 3.8163,
-10.7511

■ 239.3730, 4.2531,
-10.8511

■ 81.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068

■ 81.1560, 3.3741,
-8.9068

■ 77.2910, 5.2795,
-13.4102

■ 85.0210, 1.4686,
-4.4034

■ 74.0130, 6.8956,
-18.4284

■ 88.2990, -0.1474,
0.6148

■ 70.4470, 8.6536,
-22.3170

■ 91.8650, -1.9054,
4.5034

■ 67.1690, 10.2697,
-27.3352

■ 95.1430, -3.5215,
9.5216

■ 63.3040, 12.1751,
-31.8386

■ 99.0080, -5.4269,
14.0250

■ 60.0260, 13.7912,
-36.8568

■ 102.2860, -7.0430,
19.0432

■ 56.1610, 15.6966,
-41.3602

■ 106.1510, -8.9484,
23.5466

■ 53.1820, 17.1653,

■ 109.1300,

-45.7636

-10.4171, 27.9500

■ 52.2960, 17.6021,
-45.8636

■ 112.9950,
-12.3225, 32.4534

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.5860, 1.1901, -8.4069



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



81.8080, 4.5317, -6.8476

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



83.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



82.4580, -4.6628, 2.2293

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



77.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.8930, -4.3842, 6.2328



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



83.1150, -1.0427, 7.7921

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



83.2220, 3.3416, 1.5593



83.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773



81.7780, -3.3416, -1.5593

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



82.2320, 4.8156, -4.5885



83.2460, -3.0793, 7.6773



82.4690, -4.6682, 3.9737

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



112.3200, 1.3212, -3.7886



81.3210, -3.6093, -9.0515



57.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068



103.9920, 5.4269, -14.0250



76.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884



41.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



63.8540, 21.2710, -56.0000



140.0810, 46.7951, -122.8510

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.6790, 3.6093, 9.0515



98.5810, 5.6296, 14.3995



82.5400, -5.6892, 4.7884



40.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



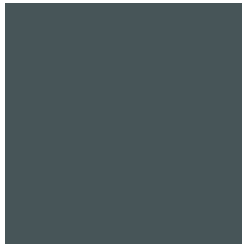
42.0250, 22.6657, 56.9831



92.2670, 49.6614, 125.1768

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

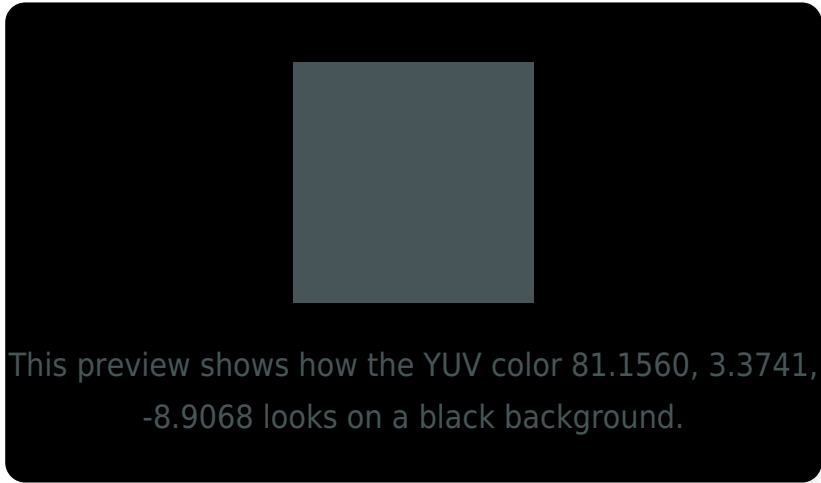
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

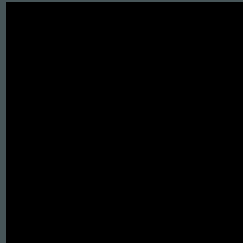
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068.

-8.9068.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

Protanopia

82.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149

Deuteranopia

83.1190, 2.8993, 3.4036



Tritanopia

81.2100, 4.8265, -8.0772

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

Protanomaly

82.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590

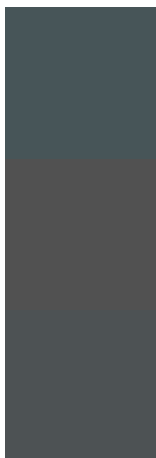
Deuteranomaly

82.4990, 3.2050, -1.3146

Tritanomaly

81.0960, 4.3897, -7.9772

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068

Achromatopsia

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

80.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 85, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 85, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 85, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 85, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 85, 88) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 85, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 85, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 85, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 85, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 85, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.1560, 3.3741, -8.9068 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 85, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 85,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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