

Converting Colors

YUV(81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296)
contains.

YUV(81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(81.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	505251
RGB	80, 82, 81
RGB Percent	31%, 32%, 32%
CMY	0.6863, 0.6784, 0.6824
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.68
HSL	150°, 1%, 32%
HSV	150°, 2%, 32%
XYZ	7.8108, 8.3341, 8.9816
YIQ	81.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

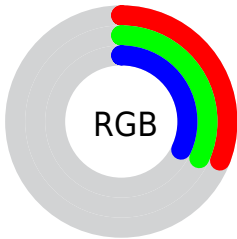
Format	Color
RYB	80, 81, 82
Decimal	5263953
CIELab	34.67, -1.02, 0.30
CIElCh	35, 1.064, 163.671
Yxy	8.3341, 0.3109, 0.3317
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283454033 (0xFF505251)
YUV	81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	28.8689, -2.2257, 1.7622

Details

The YUV color **81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **80.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296**, and the grayscale version is **81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **130.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296**, and **36.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.4400, -0.7099, -5.6479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887**.

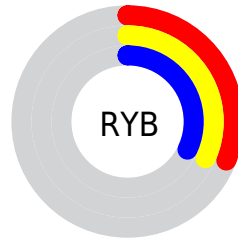
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (32%)

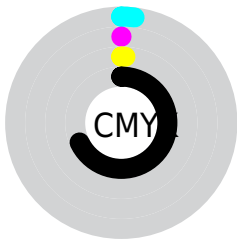
Blue (32%)



Red (31%)

Yellow (32%)

Blue (32%)

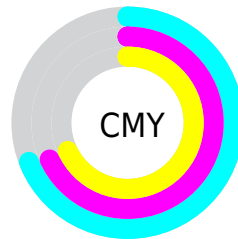


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (68%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (68%)

Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 81.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 130.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 36.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 156.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 15.8750, -0.4314,
-1.6444

■ 183.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 211.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

■ 239.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

81.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

81.2880, -0.1420,
-1.1296

78.4400, -0.7099,
-5.6479

84.1360, 0.4260,
3.3887

75.5920, -1.2779,
-10.1662

86.9840, 0.9939,
7.9070

72.4450, -1.6984,
-15.2993

90.1310, 1.4144,
13.0401

69.5970, -2.2663,
-19.8176

92.9790, 1.9824,
17.5584

66.6350, -3.2711,
-24.2359

95.9410, 2.9871,
21.9767

63.7870, -3.8390,
-28.7542

98.7890, 3.5550,
26.4950

60.9390, -4.4069,
-33.2725


101.6370, 4.1230,
31.0134


57.7920, -4.8275,

104.7840, 4.5435,

-38.4056

36.1464

 54.9440, -5.3954,
-42.9239

 107.6320, 5.1114,
40.6647

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



81.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



81.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000



81.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



80.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



81.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



81.5160, 0.7316, -1.3295



81.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



81.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



81.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



81.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



81.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



106.7010, 0.1474, -0.6148



81.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



53.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



54.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



105.8750, -0.4314, -1.6444



81.4020, 0.2948, -1.2296



40.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296



67.5630, -7.6726, -59.2528



149.4080, -16.4701, -131.0308

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



105.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



80.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



39.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



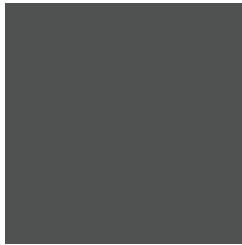
37.3230, 7.2358, 59.3527



82.5920, 16.4701, 131.0308

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

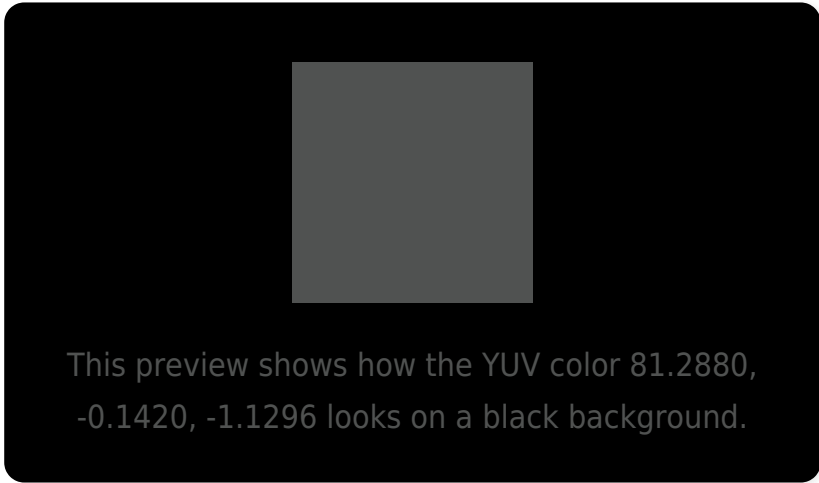
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

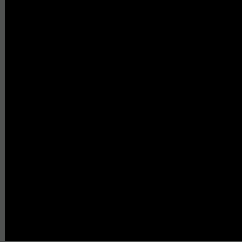
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.2880, -0.1420,

-1.1296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Protanopia

81.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295

Deuteranopia

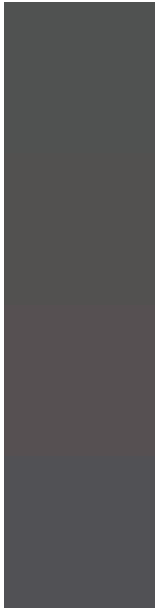
82.3320, -0.1637, 5.8478



Tritanopia

81.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Protanomaly

81.1850, -0.5842, 0.7148

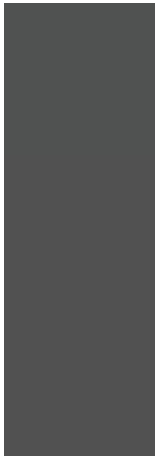
Deuteranomaly

82.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887

Tritanomaly

81.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296

Achromatopsia

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 82, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 82, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 82, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 82, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 82, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 82, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 82, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 82, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 82, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 82, 81)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 82, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 82,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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