

Converting Colors

YUV(81.6440, -40.2505,
30.1302)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302)
contains.

YUV(81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**YUV(81.6440, -40.2505,
30.1302)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	745000
RGB	116, 80, 0
RGB Percent	45%, 31%, 0%
CMY	0.5451, 0.6863, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	41°, 100%, 23%
HSV	41°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	10.0711, 9.4503, 1.2933
YIQ	81.6440, 47.1360, -17.2480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

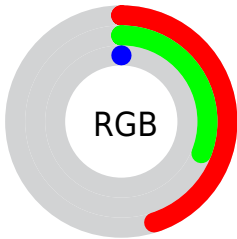
Format	Color
R _Y B	52, 116, 0
Decimal	7622656
CIE Lab	36.84, 8.85, 45.47
CIE LCh	37, 46.320, 78.980
Yxy	9.4503, 0.4838, 0.4540
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285812736 (0xFF745000)
YUV	81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302
Hunter-Lab	30.7414, 4.6806, 19.0246

Details

The YUV color **81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **34.3560, 40.2505, -30.1302**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.4210, -38.6616, 33.8338**, and **39.9690, -19.7047, 20.1982** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.3600, -36.1665, 26.8713**.

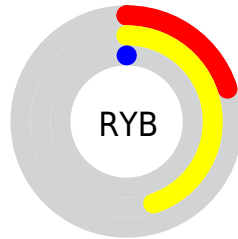
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (31%)

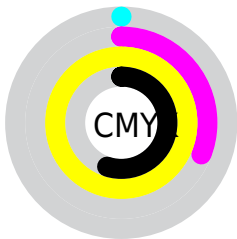
Blue (0%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (0%)

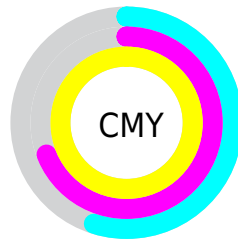


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)


Magenta (69%)


Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81.6440, -40.2505,
30.1302


 81.6440, -40.2505,
30.1302


 253.5180, -5.6784,
1.2997


 60.0700, -29.6145,
25.3716


 133.4210,
-38.6616, 33.8338


 39.9690, -19.7047,
20.1982


 160.2040,
-39.5406, 35.7781

 20.4550, -10.0843,
14.5100

 187.8730,
-40.8564, 37.8224


 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 213.8620,
-40.8510, 36.0780


 233.3760,
-37.1604, 18.9642


 247.0200,


-30.5759, 6.9985


 250.2120,
-18.3455, 4.1991


 81.6440, -40.2505,
30.1302

 85.3600, -36.1665,
26.8713

 88.3750, -32.2299,
24.2271

 92.0910, -28.1459,
20.9682

 95.1060, -24.2093,
18.3240

 98.8220, -20.1252,
15.0651

■ 102.5380,
-16.0412, 11.8062

■ 105.5530,
-12.1046, 9.1620

■ 109.2690, -8.0206,
5.9031

■ 112.2840, -4.0840,
3.2589

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.2610, -25.7647, 50.6371



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



78.5220, -38.7113, 3.0502

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



73.5880, 17.9511, -64.5367



89.5280, 22.9107, 24.9699

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



34.3560, 40.2505, -30.1302

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.7760, 36.5924, -23.4826



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



76.0620, 32.5074, -66.7064

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



68.5550, 1.2054, -60.1227



74.0050, 42.3955, -64.9024



85.2190, 8.2730, 53.3049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



75.5930, -26.4213, -18.9371



74.0050, 42.3955, -64.9024



89.2920, 27.4640, 11.1449

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



136.6520, -15.6044, 11.7062



38.9020, -0.9377, 67.6149



68.5250, -9.6258, 7.4326



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302



105.8980, -52.2077, 38.6775



96.4970, -47.5730, -1.3129



57.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



85.7860, -42.2925, 31.7597



175.7140, -86.6270, 65.1488

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.3560, 40.2505, -30.1302



44.6890, 51.9183, -39.1923



19.5030, 47.5730, 1.3129



54.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



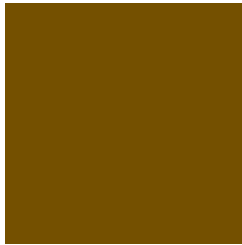
36.2140, 42.2925, -31.7597



74.2860, 86.6270, -65.1488

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

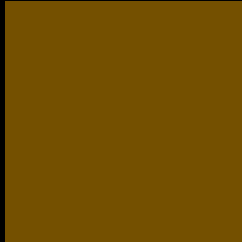
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.6440, -40.2505,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

81.1690, -36.5653, 14.7608

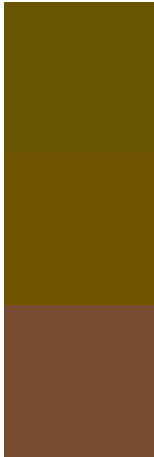
Deuteranopia

81.6110, -40.2342, 24.8972

Tritanopia

88.1390, -4.0125, 27.0651

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

81.1590, -38.0394, 20.9086

Deuteranomaly

81.6220, -40.2396, 26.6415

Tritanomaly

85.7080, -17.1110, 28.3201

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.5810, -14.5834, 10.8915

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 80, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 80, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 80, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 80, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 80, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 80, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 80, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 80, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 80, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 80, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.6440, -40.2505, 30.1302 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 80, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116, 80,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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