

# Converting Colors

YUV(81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	774B13
RGB	119, 75, 19
RGB Percent	47%, 29%, 7%
CMY	0.5333, 0.7059, 0.9255
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.84, 0.53
HSL	34°, 72%, 27%
HSV	34°, 84%, 47%
XYZ	10.2414, 9.0011, 1.8137
YIQ	81.7720, 44.2000, -8.0880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

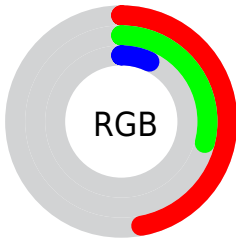
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	98, 119, 19
Decimal	7818003
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	35.99, 13.85, 38.55
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 40.965, 70.243
Yxy	9.0011, 0.4864, 0.4275
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286008083 (0xFF774B13)
YUV	81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490
Hunter-Lab	30.0018, 8.4292, 17.4170

# Details

The YUV color **81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **56.2280, 30.9466, -32.6490**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.7510, -32.4152, 37.0524**, and **37.9310, -18.7000, 24.6165** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.4690, -34.7412, 36.4227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0750, -27.1520, 28.8752**.

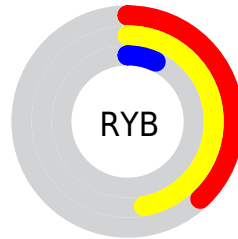
# Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (29%)

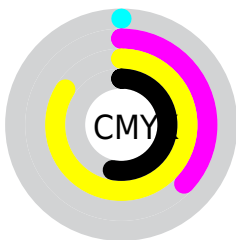
Blue (7%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (7%)

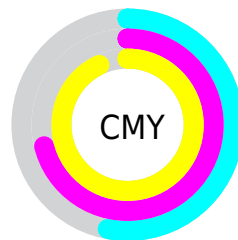


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490

81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490

254.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

58.0320, -28.6098,  
29.7899

132.7510,  
-32.4152, 37.0524

37.9310, -18.7000,  
24.6165

159.4200,  
-33.7311, 39.0967

17.8300, -8.7902,  
19.4431

186.3170,  
-34.1733, 40.9410

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

212.2950,  
-34.1624, 37.4523

231.6950,  
-30.9086, 20.4385

248.3880,

-25.3343, 5.7987

■ 251.5800,  
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490

■ 81.7720, -30.9466,  
32.6490

■ 77.4690, -34.7412,  
36.4227

■ 86.0750, -27.1520,  
28.8752

■ 74.9100, -36.9306,  
38.6669

■ 90.3780, -23.3574,  
25.1015

■ 95.2680, -19.8521,  
20.8130

■ 99.5710, -16.0575,  
17.0392

■ 103.7600,  
-12.6997, 13.3655

■ 108.0630, -8.9051,  
9.5917

■ 112.9530, -5.3998,  
5.3032

■ 117.2560, -1.6052,  
1.5295

■ 121.5590, 2.1894,  
-2.2442

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.6720, -19.0653, 48.5227



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



79.5320, -33.7863, 10.0574

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



69.5300, 12.5567, -60.9778



87.2660, 23.5329, 12.0447

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



56.2280, 30.9466, -32.6490

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.6450, 35.1780, -36.5227



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



72.4770, 26.3868, -63.5623

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



65.0670, -2.0050, -57.0638



71.8220, 36.5698, -62.9879



86.1250, 10.7844, 41.1094



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



76.8440, -27.0381, -7.7562



71.8220, 36.5698, -62.9879



86.2150, 27.5020, -1.0656

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



140.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655



54.0300, 4.9152, 56.9787



70.3940, -7.5892, 7.5475



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490



97.7130, -48.1725, 51.1177



106.1050, -42.9428, 6.9239



56.5550, -1.7526, 2.1443



76.9810, -37.9516, 39.4817



156.9300, -77.3665, 81.6224



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.2280, 30.9466, -32.6490



57.7000, 48.4619, -50.6029



31.8950, 42.9428, -6.9239



54.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295



45.6060, 37.6622, -39.9965

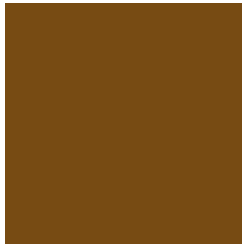


93.0700, 77.3665, -81.6224



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

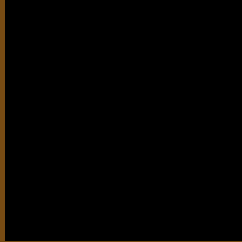
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.7720, -30.9466,

32.6490.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490

### Protanopia

81.1070, -29.1398, 13.0612

### Deuteranopia

81.3640, -32.2245, 22.4828



## Tritanopia

86.1180, -5.4812, 31.4685

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490

## Protanomaly

81.0370, -29.5982, 20.1386

## Deuteranomaly

81.5000, -31.7985, 25.8715

## Tritanomaly

84.7130, -14.6485, 31.8237

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490

## Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

81.5040, -11.0945, 11.8360

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 75, 19)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 75, 19)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 75, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 75, 19) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 75, 19) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 75, 19) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 75, 19) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 75, 19); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 75, 19);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 75,  
19) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.7720, -30.9466, 32.6490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 75, 19) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119, 75,  
19) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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