

Converting Colors

YUV(81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(81.9090, -2.4201,
-63.9412)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	09784D
RGB	9, 120, 77
RGB Percent	4%, 47%, 30%
CMY	0.9647, 0.5294, 0.6980
CMYK	0.93, 0.00, 0.36, 0.53
HSL	157°, 86%, 25%
HSV	157°, 92%, 47%
XYZ	8.1687, 14.0268, 9.2981
YIQ	81.9090, -52.3530, -36.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

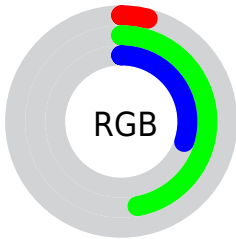
Format	Color
RYB	9, 78, 120
Decimal	620621
CIELab	44.27, -39.14, 15.84
CIElCh	44, 42.224, 157.962
Yxy	14.0268, 0.2594, 0.4454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278810701 (0xFF09784D)
YUV	81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412
Hunter-Lab	37.4524, -26.6094, 11.4971

Details

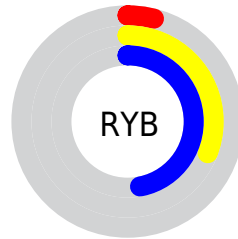
The YUV color **81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **47.0910, 2.4201, 63.9412**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139.5360, -6.6732, -53.0901**, and **44.7380, -6.2798, -39.2352** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.8760, -2.4039, -69.1743**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.0670, -2.0050, -57.0638**.

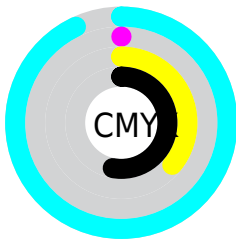
Distribution



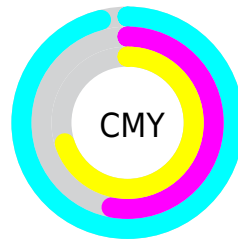
- Red (4%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.9090, -2.4201,
-63.9412

■ 81.9090, -2.4201,
-63.9412

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 61.9210, -3.9051,
-54.3047

■ 139.5360, -6.6732,
-53.0901

■ 44.7380, -6.2798,
-39.2352

■ 167.3080, -7.5468,
-52.8901

■ 28.7290, -9.2334,
-25.1953

■ 195.1940, -7.9836,
-52.7901

■ 14.0880, -6.9454,
-12.3552

■ 222.0200, -7.4049,
-51.7605

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 233.5840, 0.6981,
-37.3462

■ 244.5350, 5.1592,

-21.5172

253.5050, 0.7370,
-3.0739

81.9090, -2.4201,
-63.9412

81.9090, -2.4201,
-63.9412

78.8760, -2.4039,
-69.1743

86.0670, -2.0050,
-57.0638

90.1110, -2.0267,
-50.0863

94.2690, -1.6116,
-43.2089

98.4270, -1.1965,
-36.3315

102.4710, -1.2182,
-29.3541

■ 106.6290, -0.8031,
-22.4766

■ 110.7870, -0.3880,
-15.5992

■ 114.8310, -0.4097,
-8.6218

■ 118.9890, 0.0054,
-1.7444

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.0710, -24.6850, -15.8483



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



84.4960, 14.0525, -74.1030

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



97.3180, 37.8042, -38.8669



103.1780, -19.8078, 53.3409

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



47.0910, 2.4201, 63.9412

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.4400, -3.6679, 56.6191



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



107.2380, 26.0117, 10.3153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



86.7710, 40.5389, -76.0982



107.1790, 12.2368, 41.9390



102.2780, -31.6891, 37.4672

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



86.6450, 24.8250, -75.9877



107.1790, 12.2368, 41.9390



103.8670, -14.7244, 56.2446

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



140.9060, -0.9397, -25.3506



87.3130, -38.6083, -30.0925



69.7870, -0.3880, -15.5992



207.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



79.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412



102.4020, -3.6492, -89.8066



80.3540, 19.5455, -62.5775



58.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887



82.1530, -2.5404, -72.0482



165.5940, -5.2228, -145.2259

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0910, 2.4201, 63.9412



53.4840, 3.2124, 89.9065



48.6460, -19.5455, 62.5775



57.0220, -0.0108, 3.4887



42.8470, 2.5404, 72.0482



86.5200, 5.6596, 145.1260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412

Protanopia

102.8150, -16.1778, 8.9322

Deuteranopia

104.5260, -11.1053, 15.3247



Tritanopia

93.9110, 14.8339, -44.6489

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412

Protanomaly

95.3170, -11.0023, -17.8180

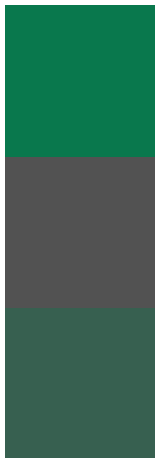
Deuteranomaly

96.1480, -7.9610, -13.2848

Tritanomaly

89.5590, 8.5984, -51.3562

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.9170, -0.9451, -23.6062

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 120, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 120, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 120, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 120, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 120, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 120, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 120, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 120, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 120, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 120, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.9090, -2.4201, -63.9412 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 120, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 120,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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