

Converting Colors

YUV(81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298)
contains.

YUV(81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(81.9660, 4.9468,
0.0298)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	52505C
RGB	82, 80, 92
RGB Percent	32%, 31%, 36%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6863, 0.6392
CMYK	0.11, 0.13, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	250°, 7%, 34%
HSV	250°, 13%, 36%
XYZ	8.2801, 8.3039, 11.2916
YIQ	81.9660, -2.6600, 4.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

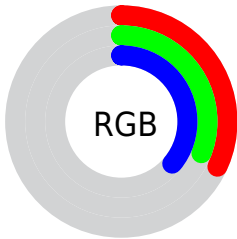
Format	Color
RYB	82, 80, 92
Decimal	5394524
CIELab	34.61, 3.51, -6.71
CIELCh	35, 7.573, 297.639
Yxy	8.3039, 0.2970, 0.2979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283584604 (0xFF52505C)
YUV	81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298
Hunter-Lab	28.8164, 0.8614, -3.0611

Details

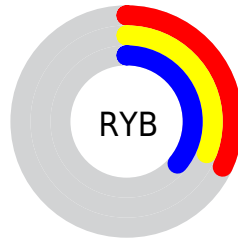
The YUV color **81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **90.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702**, and **37.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74.2910, 8.7305, -0.2552**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148**.

Distribution



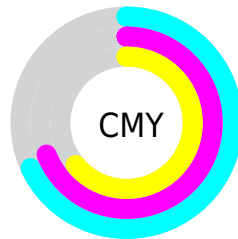
- Red (32%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81.9660, 4.9468,
0.0298

■ 81.9660, 4.9468,
0.0298

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.8520, 4.5100,
0.1298

■ 131.0800, 5.3836,
-0.0702

■ 37.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850

■ 157.4930, 5.6730,
0.4446

■ 16.2650, 4.7994,
0.6446

■ 184.1940, 5.8204,
-0.1701

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 212.1940, 5.8204,
-0.1701

■ 240.1940, 5.8204,
-0.1701

■ 81.9660, 4.9468,
0.0298

■ 81.9660, 4.9468,
0.0298

■ 74.2910, 8.7305,
-0.2552

■ 89.6410, 1.1630,
0.3148

■ 66.9150, 12.3669,
0.0745

■ 97.0170, -2.4734,
-0.0149

■ 58.6530, 16.4401,
0.3043

■ 105.2790, -6.5465,
-0.2447

■ 50.9780, 20.2238,
0.0193

■ 112.9540,
-10.3303, 0.0403

■ 43.6020, 23.8602,
0.3490

■ 120.3300,
-13.9667, -0.2894

■ 35.9270, 27.6440,
0.0640

■ 128.0050,
-17.7505, -0.0044

■ 28.2520, 31.4278,
-0.2210

■ 135.6800,
-21.5342, 0.2806

■ 20.2890, 35.3535,

■ 143.6430,

0.6235

-25.4600, -0.5639

■ 14.9730, 37.9743,
0.0237

■ 151.3180,
-29.2438, -0.2789

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



80.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



82.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



81.9750, -5.4107, 8.7919



79.4610, 0.7587, -10.0513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



90.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.6850, -2.3097, -5.8627



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



81.4260, -6.1260, 4.8884

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



82.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364



80.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446



79.5470, 3.6743, -11.8807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



82.8700, 0.5571, 8.0070



80.7350, -4.7994, -0.6446



79.5320, -0.2623, -9.2366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



115.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



87.2380, 2.3477, -6.3477



58.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298



104.0630, 7.8569, -0.0553



83.7600, 4.0623, 3.7185



41.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149



17.9220, 45.3945, 0.0684



38.9780, 97.6248, 0.8963

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.7280, 2.5991, 6.3775



108.5050, 4.1880, 10.0811



88.2400, -4.0623, -3.7185



42.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740



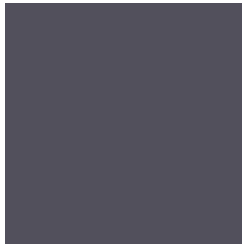
43.2640, 23.5338, 58.5275



93.4350, 51.5505, 125.9065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

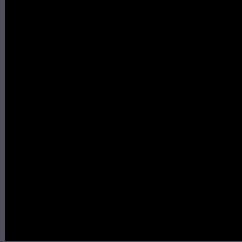
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298.



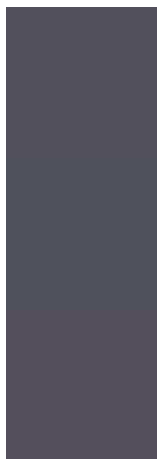
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 81.9660, 4.9468,

0.0298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

Protanopia

81.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293

Deuteranopia

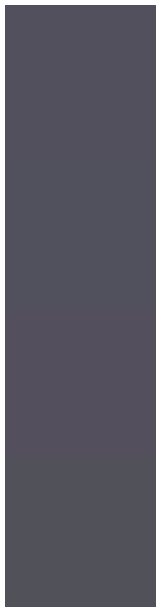
81.9770, 4.9413, 1.7742



Tritanopia

81.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999

Trichromacy



Original Color

81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

Protanomaly

81.9550, 4.9522, -1.7145

Deuteranomaly

81.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594

Tritanomaly

81.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998

Monochromacy



Original Color

81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.8690, 2.0366, 0.1149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 80, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 80, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 80, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 80, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 80, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 80, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(82, 80, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 80, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 80, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 80, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 81.9660, 4.9468, 0.0298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 80, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 80,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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