

Converting Colors

YUV(82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(82.0000, 6.4090,
-49.1120)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A6C5F
RGB	26, 108, 95
RGB Percent	10%, 42%, 37%
CMY	0.8980, 0.5765, 0.6275
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.12, 0.58
HSL	170°, 61%, 26%
HSV	170°, 76%, 42%
XYZ	7.8541, 11.7710, 12.6845
YIQ	82.0000, -44.6990, -21.4270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

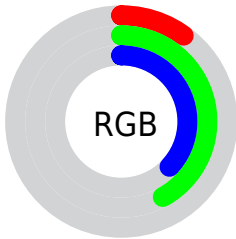
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 71, 108
Decimal	1731679
CIE _{Lab}	40.85, -27.26, 0.34
CIE _{LCh}	41, 27.262, 179.290
Yxy	11.7710, 0.2431, 0.3643
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279921759 (0xFF1A6C5F)
YUV	82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120
Hunter-Lab	34.3088, -19.1775, 2.0957




Details

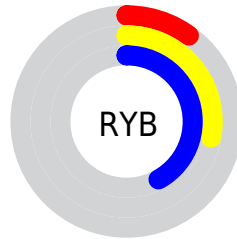
The YUV color **82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **52.0000, -6.4090, 49.1120**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135.5660, 4.6510, -45.2234**, and **40.8060, 4.0396, -35.7869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.4830, 7.1569, -55.6746**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.5170, 5.6611, -42.5494**.

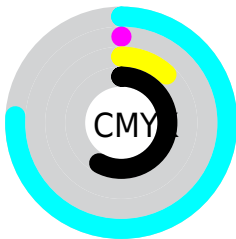
Distribution







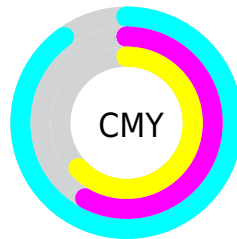
-  Red (10%)
-  Green (42%)
-  Blue (37%)






-  Red (10%)
-  Yellow (28%)
-  Blue (42%)



-  Cyan (76%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (12%)
-  Black (58%)



-  Cyan (90%)
-  Magenta (58%)
-  Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.0000, 6.4090,
-49.1120

■ 82.0000, 6.4090,
-49.1120

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 56.8150, 6.9932,
-49.8268

■ 135.5660, 4.6510,
-45.2234

■ 40.8060, 4.0396,
-35.7869

■ 162.5660, 4.6510,
-45.2234

■ 25.4980, 1.2335,
-22.3617

■ 190.1530, 4.3616,
-45.7382

■ 3.7500, -0.8628,
-3.2887

■ 218.7400, 4.0722,
-46.2530

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 236.7610, 8.9918,
-37.5014

■ 245.4320, 4.7170,

-19.6729

254.1030, 0.4422,
-1.8443

■ 82.0000, 6.4090,
-49.1120

■ 82.0000, 6.4090,
-49.1120

■ 78.4830, 7.1569,
-55.6746

■ 85.5170, 5.6611,
-42.5494

■ 75.0800, 8.3416,
-62.3372

■ 88.9200, 4.4764,
-35.8868

■ 73.7700, 8.4944,
-64.6963

■ 92.1380, 3.8760,
-29.9390

■ 95.6550, 3.1281,
-23.3764

■ 99.1720, 2.3802,
-16.8138

■ 102.5750, 1.1955,
-10.1513

■ 106.0920, 0.4476,
-3.5887

■ 109.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 112.7130, -1.3375,
9.0217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7830, -7.7810, -24.3657



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



76.7340, 19.8511, -67.2957

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



98.1090, 18.1873, -0.0956



96.2520, -18.8582, 28.7200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



52.0000, -6.4090, 49.1120

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.1850, -10.4442, 36.6718



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



99.3630, 9.6810, 21.6066

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



92.4260, 23.9470, -27.5606



98.5080, -0.2504, 33.7575



94.7680, -21.5776, 14.2355

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



77.0420, 26.1083, -67.5658



98.5080, -0.2504, 33.7575



96.2570, -16.3957, 32.2236

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



129.8620, 2.5330, -19.1730



78.3200, -25.7938, -33.6066



64.6780, 1.6377, -11.9956



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120



99.7470, 9.9847, -76.0771



67.6330, 19.9009, -36.5121



52.0920, 0.4476, -3.5887



79.9650, 9.3843, -70.1293



167.2990, 19.0796, -146.7212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.0000, -6.4090, 49.1120



53.2530, -9.9847, 76.0771



66.3670, -19.9009, 36.5121



49.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.1490, -8.9475, 70.0293



77.7010, -19.0796, 146.7212

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

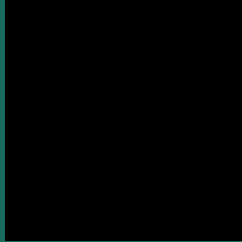
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120.

-49.1120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120

Protanopia

95.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442

Deuteranopia

96.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



Tritanopia

85.6940, 13.9549, -42.7046

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120

Protanomaly

90.6020, 0.1962, -16.3140

Deuteranomaly

91.3080, 2.8062, -13.4251

Tritanomaly

84.2870, 11.1975, -44.9787

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.8730, 2.5276, -17.4286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 108, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 108, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 108, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 108, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 108, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 108, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 108, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 108, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 108, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 108,  
95) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 82.0000, 6.4090, -49.1120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 108, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 108,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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