

Converting Colors

YUV(82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C586D
RGB	60, 88, 109
RGB Percent	24%, 35%, 43%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6549, 0.5725
CMYK	0.45, 0.19, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	206°, 29%, 33%
HSV	206°, 45%, 43%
XYZ	8.1135, 9.0442, 15.7861
YIQ	82.0220, -23.4290, 0.5950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

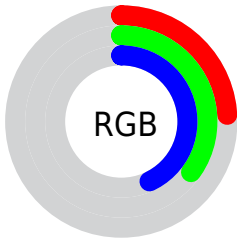
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 78, 109
Decimal	3954797
CIE _{Lab}	36.07, -4.28, -15.29
CIE _{LCh}	36, 15.881, 254.356
Yxy	9.0442, 0.2463, 0.2745
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282144877 (0xFF3C586D)
YUV	82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133
Hunter-Lab	30.0736, -4.4716, -10.0706

Details

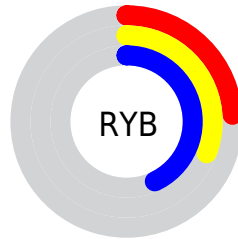
The YUV color **82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **86.9780, -13.3002, 19.3133**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.2500, 14.1738, -19.5132**, and **34.8860, 12.8742, -22.7020** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.7980, 16.3686, -23.5018**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.2460, 10.2317, -15.1247**.

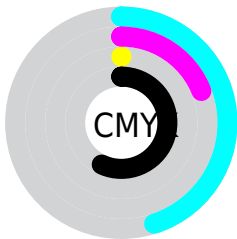
Distribution



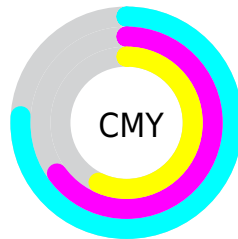
- Red (24%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133

■ 82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 58.6090, 13.0108,
-19.8281

■ 132.2500, 14.1738,
-19.5132

■ 34.8860, 12.8742,
-22.7020

■ 158.3640, 14.6105,
-19.6132

■ 17.4740, 11.1053,
-15.3247

■ 185.3640, 14.6105,
-19.6132

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,
-2.4144

■ 213.1790, 15.1948,
-20.3280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 239.2410, 7.7692,
-18.6284

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,

-4.9182

■ 82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133

■ 82.0220, 13.3002,
-19.3133

■ 75.7980, 16.3686,
-23.5018

■ 88.2460, 10.2317,
-15.1247

■ 70.1610, 19.1476,
-28.2052

■ 93.8830, 7.4527,
-10.4214

■ 63.9370, 22.2161,
-32.3937

■ 100.1070, 4.3842,
-6.2328

■ 57.7130, 25.2845,
-36.5823

■ 106.3310, 1.3158,
-2.0443

■ 52.3750, 27.9161,
-40.6709

■ 111.9680, -1.4632,
2.6591

■ 48.8200, 29.6687,
-42.8151

■ 117.8930, -4.3842,
6.2328

■ 124.1170, -7.4527,
10.4214

■ 129.7540,
-10.2317, 15.1247

■ 135.9780,
-13.3002, 19.3133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



79.3970, 11.1433, -27.5352



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



85.0560, 11.8044, -6.1881

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



86.8070, -3.8489, 21.2173



81.5940, -7.6878, -7.5369

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



86.9780, -13.3002, 19.3133

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6340, -11.6516, 3.8290



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



85.8300, -8.7902, 19.4431

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



86.7940, 2.5666, 16.8437



84.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655



79.9500, -0.9613, -18.3731

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



86.2420, 9.7407, 2.4188



84.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655



82.2740, -9.0091, -3.7483

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



132.6230, 5.1159, -7.5624



91.0430, -5.4442, -27.2247



65.3630, 2.7790, -4.7034



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133



100.6060, 20.9002, -30.3495



67.9340, 20.2455, -6.9581



50.4450, 1.7526, -2.1443



52.6670, 31.7162, -46.1890



110.1100, 66.5008, -96.5665

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.8430, 5.0074, 27.3247



94.0390, 7.8688, 42.9388



101.0660, -20.2455, 6.9581



50.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



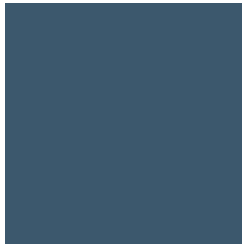
42.6210, 12.0188, 65.2304



89.2150, 25.0370, 136.6234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

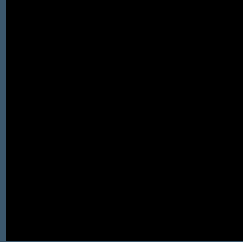
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

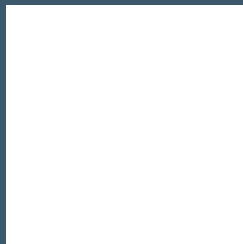
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133.

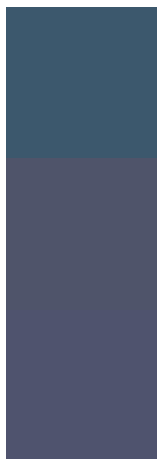


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0220, 13.3002,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133

Protanopia

85.0130, 10.3466, -5.2734

Deuteranopia

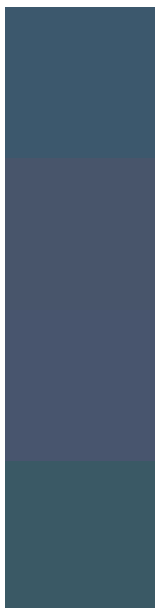
84.8820, 12.3832, -5.1585



Tritanopia

80.9310, 7.9220, -20.9875

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133

Protanomaly

83.6210, 11.5258, -10.1916

Deuteranomaly

83.9630, 12.8362, -10.4916

Tritanomaly

81.0990, 9.8112, -20.2578

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

81.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 88, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 88, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 88, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 88, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 88, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 88, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 88, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 88, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 88,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 82.0220, 13.3002, -19.3133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 88, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 88,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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