

# Converting Colors

YUV(82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(82.0560, -8.4086,  
-9.6961)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	475B41
RGB	71, 91, 65
RGB Percent	28%, 36%, 25%
CMY	0.7216, 0.6431, 0.7451
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.29, 0.64
HSL	106°, 17%, 31%
HSV	106°, 29%, 36%
XYZ	7.2938, 9.2034, 6.3930
YIQ	82.0560, -3.5740, -12.3260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

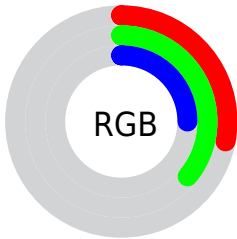
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">65, 91, 85</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4676417</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">36.37, -13.27, 12.56</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">36, 18.275, 136.567</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">9.2034, 0.3186, 0.4021</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4282866497 (0xFF475B41)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">30.3371, -10.1744, 8.7416</a>

# Details

The YUV color **82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **73.9440, 8.4086, 9.6961**, and the grayscale version is **82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **131.5290, -9.1348, -10.1109**, and **36.9960, -7.3930, -8.7665** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.9370, -11.3079, -13.0997**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85.1750, -5.5093, -6.2925**.

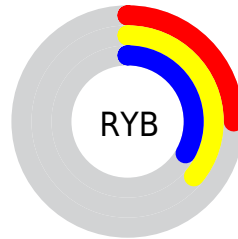
# Distribution



Red (28%)

Green (36%)

Blue (25%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (33%)

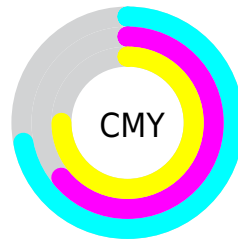


Cyan (22%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (72%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (75%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



82.0560, -8.4086,  
-9.6961

82.0560, -8.4086,  
-9.6961

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

58.5830, -7.6824,  
-9.2813

131.5290, -9.1348,  
-10.1109

36.9960, -7.3930,  
-8.7665

158.0020, -9.8610,  
-10.5258

14.9740, -7.3822,  
-12.2552

184.7030, -9.7136,  
-11.1405

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

212.5890,  
-10.1504, -11.0406

240.5890,  
-10.1504, -11.0406

254.2020, -3.0576,

0.6998

■ 82.0560, -8.4086,  
-9.6961

■ 82.0560, -8.4086,  
-9.6961

■ 78.9370, -11.3079,  
-13.0997

■ 85.1750, -5.5093,  
-6.2925

■ 75.8180, -14.2073,  
-16.5034

■ 88.2940, -2.6099,  
-2.8888

■ 72.6990, -17.1066,  
-19.9070

■ 91.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

■ 69.5800, -20.0059,  
-23.3107

■ 94.5320, 3.1887,  
3.9184

■ 66.3470, -23.3421,  
-26.6143

■ 97.6510, 6.0881,  
7.3221

■ 63.2280, -26.2414,  
-30.0180

■ 100.8840, 9.4242,  
10.6257

■ 60.1090, -29.1407,  
-33.4216

■ 104.0030, 12.3235,  
14.0294

■ 59.6960, -29.4301,  
-33.9364

■ 107.1220, 15.2229,  
17.4330

■ 110.2410, 18.1222,  
20.8366

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.8790, -13.2513, 3.6141



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



79.6290, -0.8031, -22.4766

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



82.2820, 15.6370, -22.1723



87.3020, -4.5859, 24.2911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



73.9440, 8.4086, 9.6961

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5170, 2.7031, 19.7176



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



85.6260, 13.9884, -6.6880

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



78.3470, 13.6329, -32.7533



87.7590, 8.9928, 8.9814



86.6840, -10.6902, 22.2021



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



78.3660, 4.7496, -30.1390



87.7590, 8.9928, 8.9814



87.5730, -2.2545, 23.1765

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



113.4680, -3.1887, -3.9184



84.5140, -9.6204, 5.6882



56.7070, -2.3206, -2.3740



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961



103.4700, -13.0497, -14.4442



81.0600, -4.4666, -14.0846



44.2340, -1.5944, -1.9592



72.0450, -35.5182, -41.2585



155.5640, -76.6931, -88.1946



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.9440, 8.4086, 9.6961



90.8290, 12.9023, 15.0590



74.9400, 4.4666, 14.0846



42.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



37.6560, 35.6656, 40.6437

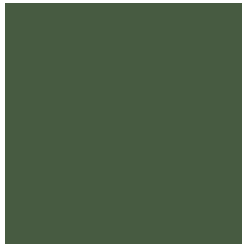


81.4360, 76.6931, 88.1946



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

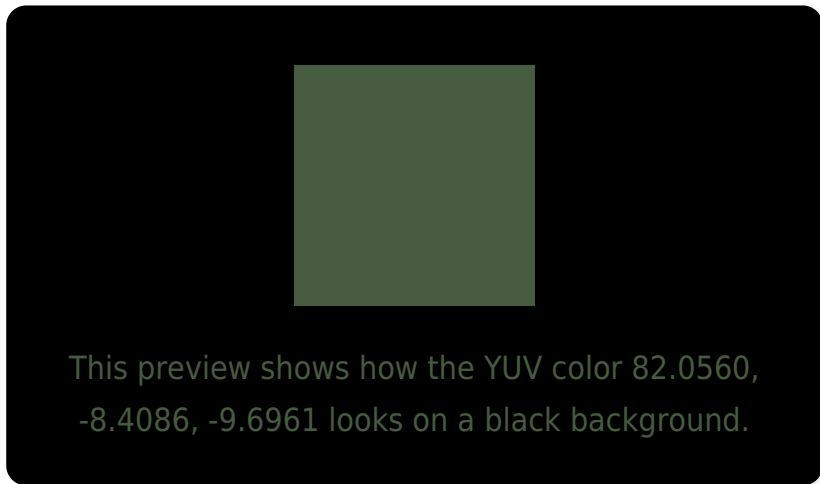
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961.



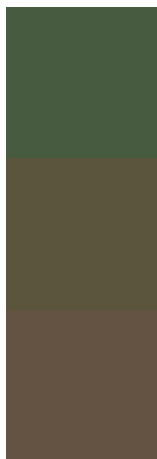
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.0560, -8.4086,

-9.6961.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961

### Protanopia

84.4710, -11.0782, 6.6029

### Deuteranopia

85.6720, -9.2053, 12.5657



## Tritanopia

84.5090, 4.6791, -7.4624

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961

## Protanomaly

83.3670, -10.0409, 0.5551

## Deuteranomaly

84.0300, -8.8888, 4.3587

## Tritanomaly

83.2440, -0.1203, -8.1070

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961

## Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

81.8810, -2.8993, -3.4036

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 91, 65)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 91, 65)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 91, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 91, 65) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 91, 65) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 91, 65) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 91, 65) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 91, 65); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 91, 65);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 91, 65)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 82.0560, -8.4086, -9.6961 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 91, 65) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 91,  
65) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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