

Converting Colors

YUV(82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A13131
RGB	161, 49, 49
RGB Percent	63%, 19%, 19%
CMY	0.3686, 0.8078, 0.8078
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.70, 0.37
HSL	0°, 53%, 41%
HSV	0°, 70%, 63%
XYZ	16.3506, 9.9954, 3.9733
YIQ	82.4880, 66.7520, 23.7440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

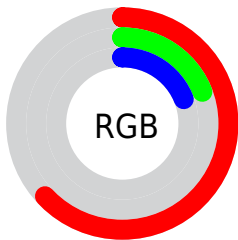
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 49, 49
Decimal	10563889
CIE _{Lab}	37.83, 46.04, 26.48
CIE _{LCh}	38, 53.108, 29.908
Yxy	9.9954, 0.5393, 0.3297
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288753969 (0xFFA13131)
YUV	82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550
Hunter-Lab	31.6156, 36.9876, 14.6797

Details

The YUV color **82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **127.5120, 16.5096, -68.8550**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.7830, -20.5990, 73.8583**, and **31.2530, -13.4357, 62.9221** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **71.2720, -18.8681, 78.6915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.7040, -14.1511, 59.0186**.

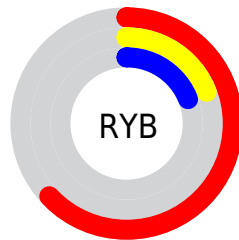
Distribution



Red (63%)

Green (19%)

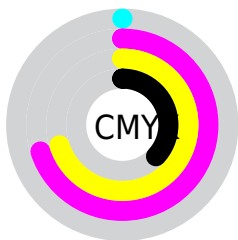
Blue (19%)



Red (63%)

Yellow (19%)

Blue (19%)

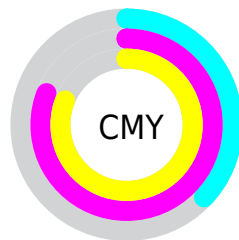


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (37%)

Magenta (81%)

Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550

■ 82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 53.5140, -12.5784,
67.9552

■ 136.7830,
-20.5990, 73.8583

■ 31.2530, -13.4357,
62.9221

■ 164.7510,
-22.0622, 76.5174

■ 22.1260, -10.9081,
45.4935

■ 184.4610,
-18.9613, 61.8627

■ 14.5800, -6.2019,
29.3093

■ 203.9750,
-15.2707, 44.7489

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 223.4890,
-11.5801, 27.6351

■ 243.7040, -7.7421,

9.9066

■ 82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550

■ 82.4880, -16.5096,
68.8550

■ 71.2720, -18.8681,
78.6915

■ 93.7040, -14.1511,
59.0186

■ 60.0560, -21.2266,
88.5279

■ 104.9200,
-11.7926, 49.1822

■ 48.8400, -23.5851,
98.3643

■ 116.1360, -9.4340,
39.3457

■ 48.1390, -23.7325,
98.9791

■ 127.3520, -7.0755,
29.5093

■ 139.2690, -4.5696,
19.0581

■ 150.4850, -2.2111,
9.2217

■ 161.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 172.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 184.1330, 4.8644,
-20.2876

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



82.2920, 4.2930, 69.9039



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



83.9330, -38.4210, 50.0478

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



66.5370, -11.6037, -58.3529



75.2420, 49.6737, -65.9872

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



127.5120, 16.5096, -68.8550

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.6300, 41.1014, -69.8355



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



73.4280, 7.1840, -64.3964

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



77.5480, -38.2312, -11.0046



78.3300, 25.9663, -68.6954



89.8970, 36.5328, -4.2947

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



84.0140, -41.4189, 31.5597



78.3300, 25.9663, -68.6954



77.3620, 47.6425, -67.8465

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



178.1560, -6.4859, 27.0502



95.2560, 32.4118, 57.6575



86.0730, -3.9800, 16.5990



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550



87.7270, -25.5014, 106.3564



115.3600, -32.7155, 40.0263



75.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



43.3550, -21.3740, 89.1427



5.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.5120, 16.5096, -68.8550



157.2730, 25.5014, -106.3564



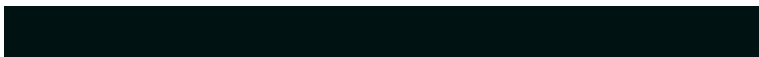
94.6400, 32.7155, -40.0263



79.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



101.6450, 21.3740, -89.1427



12.6180, 2.6533, -11.0660

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

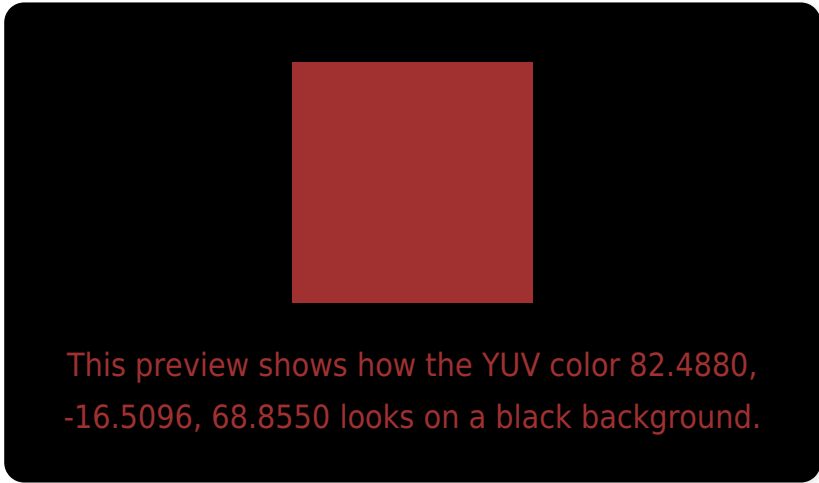
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550.

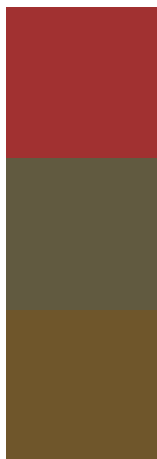


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 82.4880, -16.5096,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550

Protanopia

89.1290, -12.3886, 6.9029

Deuteranopia

88.5730, -22.4675, 19.6685



Tritanopia

82.7160, -15.6360, 68.6551

Trichromacy



Original Color

82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550

Protanomaly

86.6310, -13.6221, 29.2646

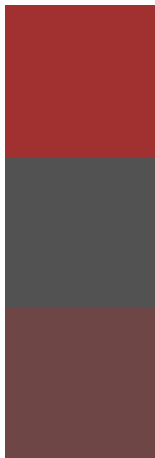
Deuteranomaly

86.5520, -20.4851, 37.2269

Tritanomaly

82.6020, -16.0728, 68.7550

Monochromacy



Original Color

82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550

Achromatopsia

82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

82.2590, -6.0437, 25.2059

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 49, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 49, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 49, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 49, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 49, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 49, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 49, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 49, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 49, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 49,  
49) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 82.4880, -16.5096, 68.8550 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 49, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161, 49,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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