

Converting Colors

YUV(83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(83.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|--------------------------|
| Hex | 51583F |
| RGB | 81, 88, 63 |
| RGB Percent | 32%, 35%, 25% |
| CMY | 0.6824, 0.6549, 0.7529 |
| CMYK | 0.08, 0.00, 0.28, 0.65 |
| HSL | 77°, 17%, 30% |
| HSV | 77°, 28%, 35% |
| XYZ | 7.7803, 9.0877, 6.0467 |
| YIQ | 83.0570, 3.8530, -9.2590 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

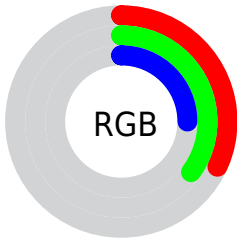
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 63, 88, 70 |
| Decimal | 5331007 |
| CIELab | 36.15, -7.70, 13.61 |
| CIElCh | 36, 15.639, 119.485 |
| Yxy | 9.0877, 0.3395, 0.3966 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283521087 (0xFF51583F) |
| YUV | 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 |
| Hunter-Lab | 30.1457, -6.6863, 9.2096 |

Details

The YUV color **83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **67.9430, 9.8881, 1.8040**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.8290, -10.7617, -1.6040**, and **38.2850, -9.0145, -2.0039** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.4330, -13.5245, -2.1337**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84.6810, -6.2517, -1.4742**.

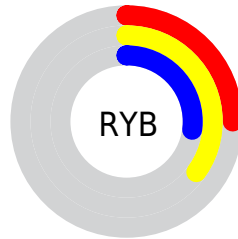
Distribution



 Red (32%)

 Green (35%)

 Blue (25%)



 Red (25%)

 Yellow (35%)

 Blue (27%)

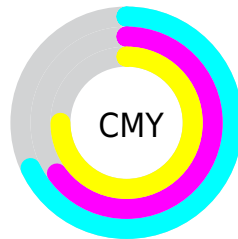



 Cyan (8%)


 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (28%)

 Black (65%)



 Cyan (68%)

 Magenta (65%)

 Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 83.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040

■ 83.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.1710, -9.4513,
-1.9040

■ 132.8290,
-10.7617, -1.6040

■ 38.2850, -9.0145,
-2.0039

■ 158.7150,
-11.1985, -1.5041

■ 17.6870, -8.7197,
-3.2335

■ 185.7150,
-11.1985, -1.5041

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 213.3020,
-11.4879, -2.0189

■ 242.0740,
-12.3615, -1.8189

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,

0.8998

■ 83.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040

■ 83.0570, -9.8881,
-1.8040

■ 81.4330, -13.5245,
-2.1337

■ 84.6810, -6.2517,
-1.4742

■ 79.5100, -17.0134,
-3.0783

■ 86.6040, -2.7628,
-0.5297

■ 78.0000, -20.2130,
-3.5080

■ 88.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 76.0770, -23.7020,
-4.4525

■ 90.0370, 3.9258,
0.8446

■ 74.4530, -27.3383,
-4.7823

■ 91.6610, 7.5621,
1.1743

■ 72.5300, -30.8273,
-5.7268

■ 93.5840, 11.0511,
2.1188

■ 70.9060, -34.4637,
-6.0566

■ 95.2080, 14.6875,
2.4486

■ 70.4930, -34.7530,
-6.5714

■ 97.0170, 17.7396,
3.4931

■ 98.6410, 21.3760,
3.8228

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.2540, -11.9572, 8.5472



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



81.6580, -4.7614, -12.8551

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



81.0600, 12.2954, -23.7316



87.0070, -0.4965, 19.2879

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



67.9430, 9.8881, 1.8040

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1570, 5.3456, 12.1403



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



83.6530, 12.9891, -12.8507

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



79.4140, 8.6699, -27.5501



86.3450, 10.1829, 0.5744



86.4110, -6.6116, 20.6876

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



80.4660, -0.2297, -19.7027



86.3450, 10.1829, 0.5744



86.8650, 1.5456, 17.6584

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



112.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446



74.5840, -5.7109, 11.7658



57.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



186.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



59.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040



107.2650, -15.4136, -2.8634



79.4690, -8.1192, -9.1813



42.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



85.8320, -42.3152, -7.7457



188.4760, -92.9187, -17.0805

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.9430, 9.8881, 1.8040



83.7350, 15.4136, 2.8634



71.5310, 8.1192, 9.1813



39.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



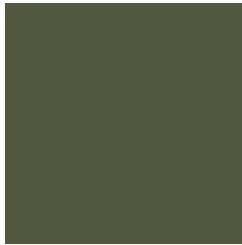
21.1680, 42.3152, 7.7457



46.5240, 92.9187, 17.0805

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

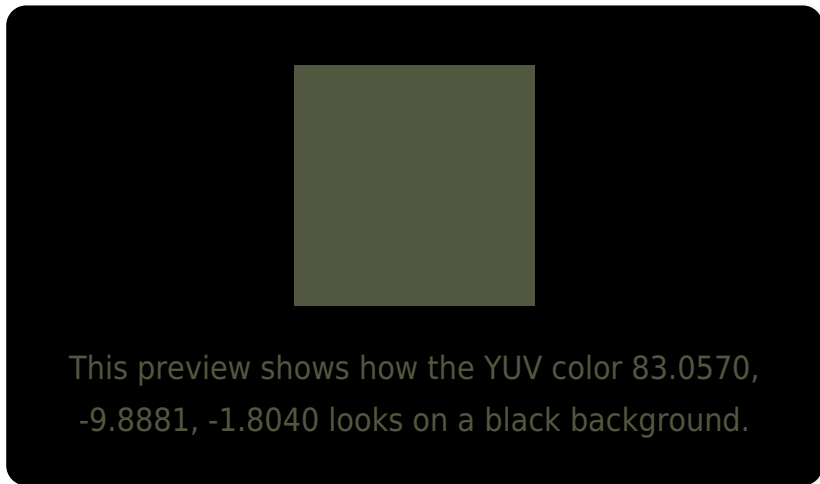
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

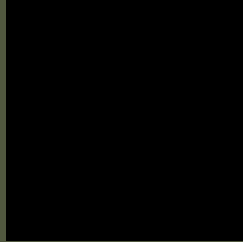
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040.

-1.8040.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040

Protanopia

84.1720, -10.9308, 5.9882

Deuteranopia

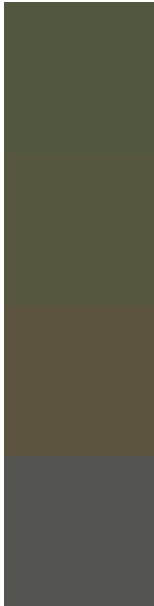
84.7430, -10.2263, 13.3804



Tritanopia

85.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040

Protanomaly

83.5630, -10.6306, 3.0142

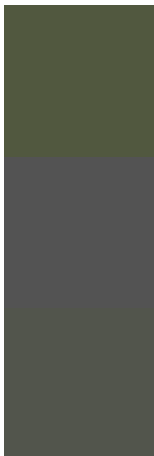
Deuteranomaly

84.4110, -10.0626, 7.5326

Tritanomaly

84.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040

Achromatopsia

83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

83.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 88, 63)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 88, 63)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 88, 63) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 88, 63) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 88, 63) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 88, 63) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 88, 63)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 88, 63); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 88, 63);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 88, 63)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.0570, -9.8881, -1.8040 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 88, 63) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 88,  
63) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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