

# Converting Colors

YUV(83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804)  
contains.

<b>YUV(83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(83.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	445767
RGB	68, 87, 103
RGB Percent	27%, 34%, 40%
CMY	0.7333, 0.6588, 0.5961
CMYK	0.34, 0.16, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	207°, 20%, 34%
HSV	207°, 34%, 40%
XYZ	8.2403, 9.0246, 14.1396
YIQ	83.1430, -16.4600, 0.9480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

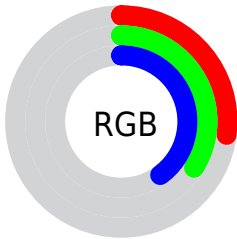
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	68, 80, 103
Decimal	4478823
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.03, -2.98, -11.57
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	36, 11.947, 255.559
Yxy	9.0246, 0.2624, 0.2874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282668903 (0xFF445767)
YUV	83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804
Hunter-Lab	30.0410, -3.6090, -6.8777

# Details

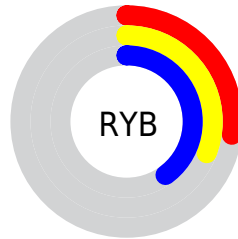
The YUV color **83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **87.8570, -9.7895, 13.2804**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **132.9580, 10.3737, -13.9952**, and **37.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.2180, 12.7105, -16.8542**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **89.0680, 6.8685, -9.7066**.

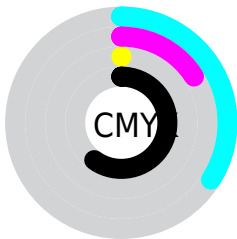
# Distribution



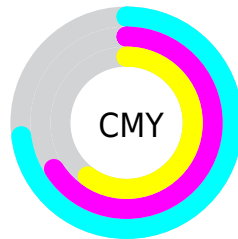
- Red (27%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (60%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 83.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804

■ 83.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.0290, 9.3527,  
-13.1804

■ 132.9580, 10.3737,  
-13.9952

■ 37.6160, 9.0633,  
-13.6952

■ 159.0720, 10.8105,  
-14.0951

■ 16.9040, 8.9213,  
-14.8248

■ 186.0720, 10.8105,  
-14.0951

■ 1.2540, 4.8048,  
-1.0998

■ 213.8870, 11.3947,  
-14.8099

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 240.7470, 7.0267,  
-13.8101

254.7010, 0.1474,

-0.6148

■ 83.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804

■ 83.1430, 9.7895,  
-13.2804

■ 77.2180, 12.7105,  
-16.8542

■ 89.0680, 6.8685,  
-9.7066

■ 71.5810, 15.4896,  
-21.5575

■ 94.7050, 4.0894,  
-5.0033

■ 65.6560, 18.4106,  
-25.1313

■ 100.6300, 1.1684,  
-1.4295

■ 59.7310, 21.3316,  
-28.7051

■ 106.5550, -1.7526,  
2.1443

■ 53.5070, 24.4000,  
-32.8936

■ 112.7790, -4.8210,  
6.3328

■ 48.1690, 27.0317,  
-36.9822

■ 118.1170, -7.4527,  
10.4214

■ 44.6140, 28.7843,  
-39.1265

■ 124.0420,  
-10.3737, 13.9952

■ 129.9670,  
-13.2947, 17.5689

■ 135.6040,  
-16.0738, 22.2723

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.3550, 8.2060, -18.7283



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



84.9700, 8.8888, -4.3587

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



86.3010, -3.1064, 16.3990



82.4740, -5.6567, -5.6777

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



87.8570, -9.7895, 13.2804

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.0190, -8.8834, 2.6143



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



85.8510, -7.3215, 15.0397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



86.2450, 1.8512, 12.9401



84.9490, -9.3419, 9.6917



81.6840, -0.8302, -13.7549



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



86.1450, 6.8305, 2.5038



84.9490, -9.3419, 9.6917



83.4420, -7.1199, -3.0186

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



127.5910, 3.6526, -4.9033



90.3690, -3.1399, -19.6176



64.2600, 2.3368, -2.8590



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804



103.8800, 15.3422, -20.9428



73.1640, 14.7091, -4.5288



48.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



49.5040, 32.2895, -43.4150



105.0720, 67.5055, -92.1481



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.6310, 3.1399, 19.6176



99.8650, 4.9966, 30.8134



97.8360, -14.7091, 4.5288



47.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



41.4530, 10.1297, 64.5007



87.4060, 21.9848, 135.5789



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

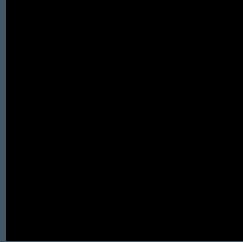
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

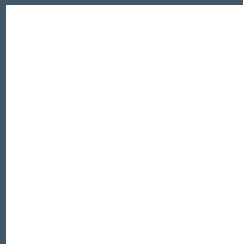
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804.



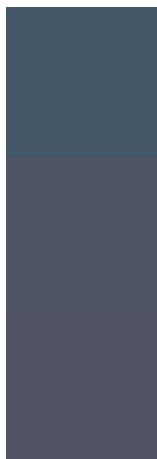
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804.

-13.2804.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804

### Protanopia

85.0410, 7.8678, -3.5440

### Deuteranopia

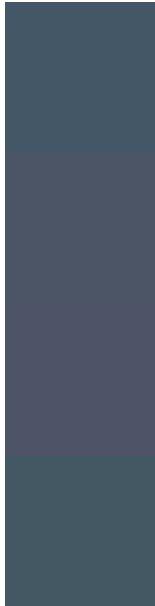
85.3940, 9.1728, -2.0995



## Tritanopia

82.2200, 6.3005, -14.2249

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804

## Protanomaly

84.2470, 8.7522, -7.2326

## Deuteranomaly

84.4860, 9.6204, -5.6882

## Tritanomaly

82.8610, 7.4635, -13.9101

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804

## Achromatopsia

83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

82.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(68, 87, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(68, 87, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 87, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(68, 87, 103) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(68, 87, 103) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(68, 87, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(68, 87, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(68, 87, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 87, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(68, 87,  
103) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.1430, 9.7895, -13.2804 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(68, 87, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(68, 87,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor