

# Converting Colors

YUV(83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764)  
contains.

<b>YUV(83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(83.2310, -3.5649,  
23.4764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6E474C
RGB	110, 71, 76
RGB Percent	43%, 28%, 30%
CMY	0.5686, 0.7216, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.31, 0.57
HSL	352°, 22%, 35%
HSV	352°, 35%, 43%
XYZ	9.9882, 8.3433, 7.9215
YIQ	83.2310, 21.6390, 9.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

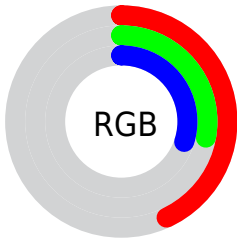
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">110, 71, 76</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">7227212</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">34.69, 17.47, 3.90</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">35, 17.898, 12.588</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">8.3433, 0.3805, 0.3178</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4285417292</a> (0xFF6E474C)
YUV	<a href="#">83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">28.8847, 11.1759, 3.9594</a>

# Details

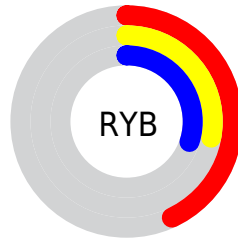
The YUV color **83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **97.7690, 3.5649, -23.4764**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.4270, -4.1545, 25.9355**, and **37.7360, -2.8278, 20.4025** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.6340, -4.7496, 30.1390**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.8280, -2.3802, 16.8138**.

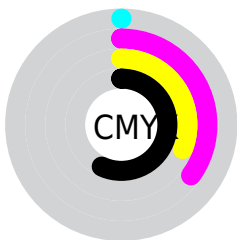
# Distribution



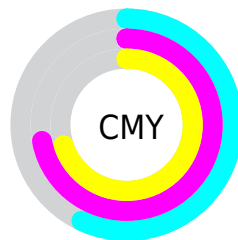
- Red (43%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (70%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83.2310, -3.5649,  
23.4764

83.2310, -3.5649,  
23.4764

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

59.6330, -3.2701,  
22.2469

133.4270, -4.1545,  
25.9355

37.7360, -2.8278,  
20.4025

159.7260, -4.3019,  
26.5503

14.3340, -3.1227,  
21.6321

186.3240, -4.5967,  
27.7799

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

214.6230, -4.7441,  
28.3946

236.6430, -1.7960,  
16.0991

■ 83.2310, -3.5649,  
23.4764

■ 83.2310, -3.5649,  
23.4764

■ 75.6340, -4.7496,  
30.1390

■ 90.8280, -2.3802,  
16.8138

■ 68.1510, -5.4974,  
36.7016

■ 98.3110, -1.6323,  
10.2513

■ 60.5540, -6.6821,  
43.3641

■ 105.9080, -0.4476,  
3.5887

■ 53.0710, -7.4300,  
49.9267

■ 113.3910, 0.3002,  
-2.9739

■ 45.4740, -8.6147,  
56.5893

■ 120.9880, 1.4849,  
-9.6365

■ 37.8770, -9.7994,  
63.2519

■ 128.5850, 2.6696,  
-16.2990

■ 34.4860, -10.0996,  
66.2258

■ 136.0680, 3.4175,  
-22.8616

■ 143.6650, 4.6022,

-29.5242

■ 151.1480, 5.3500,  
-36.0868

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6200, 3.1453, 17.8733



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



82.3250, -9.5272, 22.5170

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



78.2520, -8.9982, -7.2370



77.4560, 15.0582, -23.2019

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



97.7690, 3.5649, -23.4764

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.1190, 12.7593, -32.5534



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



76.4120, -1.6821, -20.5323

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



80.5910, -13.1094, 4.7437



73.8220, 6.4968, -30.5389



81.5010, 13.5570, -8.3324



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



81.6080, -12.1317, 17.8838



73.8220, 6.4968, -30.5389



76.6080, 14.4903, -27.7202

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



132.0120, -1.4849, 9.6365



85.6120, 12.0233, 17.0033



64.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



100.4500, -5.6449, 37.3163



90.8790, -9.8003, 16.7691



51.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.5900, -11.1369, 72.2736



77.5010, -22.4320, 148.6506



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764



100.4500, -5.6449, 37.3163



90.1210, 9.8003, -16.7691



51.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.5900, -11.1369, 72.2736

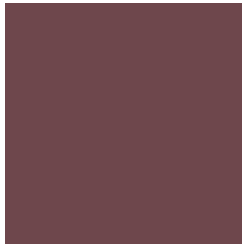


77.5010, -22.4320, 148.6506



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

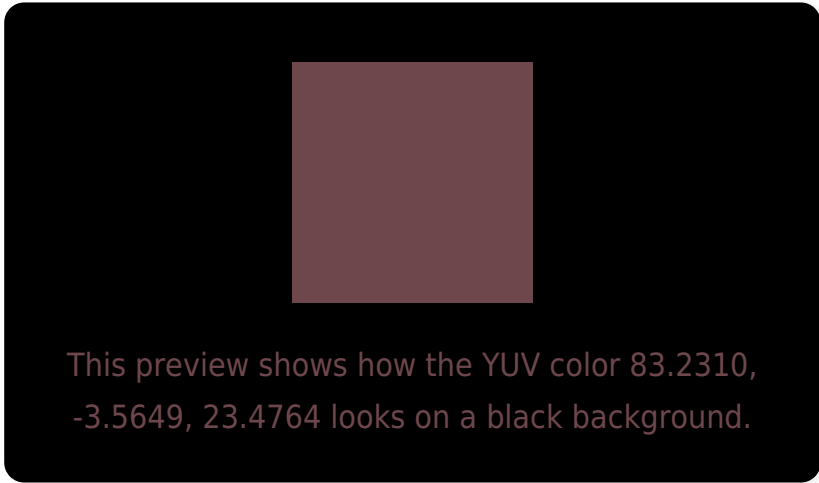
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

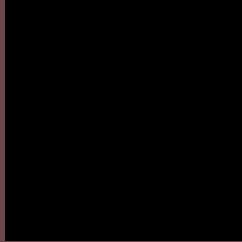
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764.



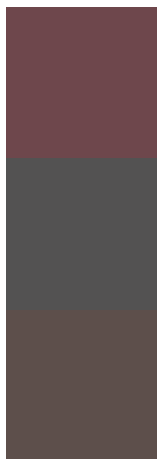
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.2310, -3.5649,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

### Protanopia

82.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

### Deuteranopia

82.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068



## Tritanopia

83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

## Protanomaly

82.7130, -1.3375, 9.0217

## Deuteranomaly

82.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

## Tritanomaly

83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764

## Achromatopsia

83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

83.3000, -1.6269, 8.5069

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 71, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 71, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 71, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 71, 76) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 71, 76) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 71, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 71, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 71, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 71, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 71,  
76) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.2310, -3.5649, 23.4764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 71, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 71,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor