

# Converting Colors

YUV(83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435)  
contains.

<b>YUV(83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(83.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	4D5076
RGB	77, 80, 118
RGB Percent	30%, 31%, 46%
CMY	0.6980, 0.6863, 0.5373
CMYK	0.35, 0.32, 0.00, 0.54
HSL	236°, 21%, 38%
HSV	236°, 35%, 46%
XYZ	9.1992, 8.6231, 18.3191
YIQ	83.4350, -13.9860, 11.1820

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

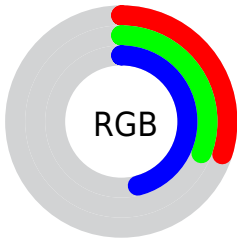
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	77, 80, 118
Decimal	5066870
CIE Lab	35.25, 8.67, -22.05
CIE LCh	35, 23.694, 291.460
Yxy	8.6231, 0.2545, 0.2386
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283256950 (0xFF4D5076)
YUV	83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435
Hunter-Lab	29.3651, 4.5299, -16.4318

# Details

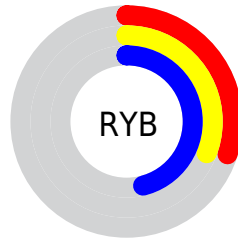
The YUV color **83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **111.5650, -17.0405, 5.6435**, and the grayscale version is **83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.0760, 18.2035, -5.3287**, and **37.9680, 15.2988, -6.9879** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.3900, 21.9927, -7.3580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.4800, 12.0884, -3.9290**.

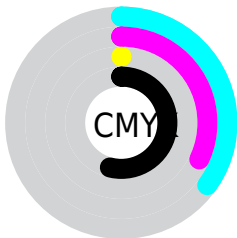
# Distribution



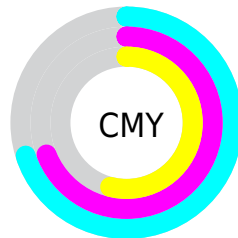
- Red (30%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (54%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 83.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435

■ 83.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 59.9080, 16.3144,  
-6.0583

■ 133.0760, 18.2035,  
-5.3287

■ 37.9680, 15.2988,  
-6.9879

■ 159.6030, 18.9297,  
-4.9138

■ 16.2560, 15.1568,  
-8.1175

■ 186.7170, 19.3665,  
-5.0138

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

■ 214.1300, 19.6559,  
-4.4990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 239.6390, 7.5730,  
-2.3144

■ 83.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435

■ 83.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435

■ 73.3900, 21.9927,  
-7.3580

■ 93.4800, 12.0884,  
-3.9290

■ 63.3450, 26.9449,  
-9.0726

■ 103.5250, 7.1362,  
-2.2144

■ 53.5990, 31.7497,  
-10.1723

■ 113.2710, 2.3314,  
-1.1147

■ 43.5540, 36.7019,  
-11.8869

■ 123.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

■ 33.5090, 41.6541,  
-13.6014

■ 133.3610, -7.5730,  
2.3144

■ 23.4640, 46.6062,  
-15.3159


■ 143.4060,  
-12.5252, 4.0289

■ 18.7350, 48.9376,  
-16.4306

■ 153.4510,  
-17.4773, 5.7435

■ 162.6100,

-21.9927, 7.3580

 172.6550,  
-26.9449, 9.0726

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



77.6170, 20.8948, -28.6051



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



85.2480, 10.7237, 13.8145

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



83.0930, -14.3428, 27.1054



73.5350, 1.7082, -34.6722

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



111.5650, -17.0405, 5.6435

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



77.4960, -9.1185, -15.3440



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



81.9900, -18.2361, 15.7948

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



84.3630, -7.0810, 31.2536



80.0590, -16.2981, 0.8253



65.5350, 15.0192, -57.4742



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



85.4080, 4.7289, 23.3212



80.0590, -16.2981, 0.8253



74.8410, -2.3866, -27.9246

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



140.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145



105.3990, 4.7333, -24.9059



68.7270, 4.0786, -1.5146



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435



98.6440, 26.7975, -8.4578



86.7570, 15.4028, 6.3521



53.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



19.1910, 50.6848, -16.8305



39.0660, 103.9905, -34.2609



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.6010, -4.7333, 24.9059



108.5920, -7.6869, 38.9458



108.2430, -15.4028, -6.3521



54.7940, -0.8844, 3.6887



37.5040, -14.0525, 74.1030



76.8020, -28.9894, 151.8946



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435.



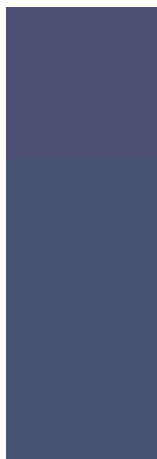
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.4350, 17.0405,

-5.6435.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435

### Protanopia

82.9290, 17.7830, -10.4617

### Deuteranopia

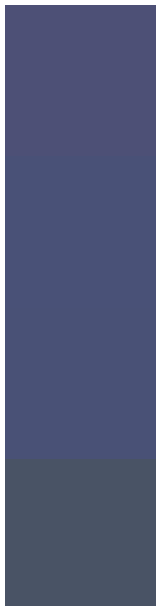
82.5160, 17.4936, -10.9765



## Tritanopia

81.6120, 5.1213, -9.3067

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435

## Protanomaly

82.9400, 17.7776, -8.7174

## Deuteranomaly

82.8260, 17.3408, -8.6174

## Tritanomaly

82.0620, 9.3364, -7.9474

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435

## Achromatopsia

83.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

83.2970, 6.2626, -2.0145

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 80, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 80, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 80, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 80, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 80, 118) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 80, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(77, 80, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 80, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 80, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 80,  
118) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.4350, 17.0405, -5.6435 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 80, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 80,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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