

# Converting Colors

YUV(83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(83.6430, 11.5150,  
-6.7029)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | 4C536B                    |
| RGB           | 76, 83, 107               |
| RGB Percent   | 30%, 33%, 42%             |
| CMY           | 0.7020, 0.6745, 0.5804    |
| CMYK          | 0.29, 0.22, 0.00, 0.58    |
| HSL           | 226°, 17%, 36%            |
| HSV           | 226°, 29%, 42%            |
| XYZ           | 8.7276, 8.7845, 15.1455   |
| YIQ           | 83.6430, -11.8760, 5.9800 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

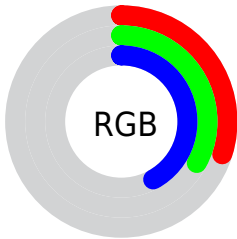
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>               | 76, 82, 107                  |
| Decimal                             | 5002091                      |
| CIE Lab                             | 35.57, 3.31, -14.72          |
| CIE LCh                             | 36, 15.086, 282.659          |
| Yxy                                 | 8.7845, 0.2672,<br>0.2690    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4283192171<br>(0xFF4C536B)   |
| YUV                                 | 83.6430, 11.5150,<br>-6.7029 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 29.6387, 0.6943,<br>-9.5503  |

# Details

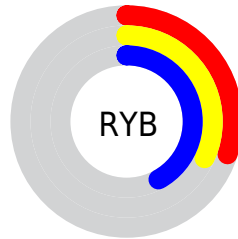
The YUV color **83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **99.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029**, and the grayscale version is **84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **133.1700, 12.2412, -6.2881**, and **38.1160, 10.7888, -7.1177** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.6580, 15.4516, -9.3471**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.6280, 7.5784, -4.0588**.

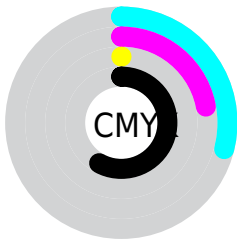
# Distribution



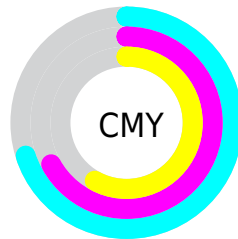
- Red (30%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 83.6430, 11.5150,  
-6.7029

■ 83.6430, 11.5150,  
-6.7029

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.5290, 11.0782,  
-6.6029

■ 133.1700, 12.2412,  
-6.2881

■ 38.1160, 10.7888,  
-7.1177

■ 159.2840, 12.6780,  
-6.3881

■ 17.5890, 10.0626,  
-7.5326

■ 186.3980, 13.1148,  
-6.4880

■ 2.4110, 6.6994,  
-2.1144

■ 214.0990, 13.2622,  
-7.1028

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 240.8020, 6.9996,  
-5.0884

■ 83.6430, 11.5150,  
-6.7029

■ 83.6430, 11.5150,  
-6.7029

■ 75.6580, 15.4516,  
-9.3471

■ 91.6280, 7.5784,  
-4.0588

■ 67.3850, 19.5302,  
-10.8616

■ 99.9010, 3.4998,  
-2.5442

■ 59.4000, 23.4668,  
-13.5058

■ 107.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

■ 51.4150, 27.4034,  
-16.1500

■ 115.8710, -4.3734,  
2.7441

■ 43.4300, 31.3400,  
-18.7941

■ 123.8560, -8.3100,  
5.3883

■ 35.1570, 35.4186,  
-20.3087

■ 132.1290,  
-12.3886, 6.9029

■ 27.1720, 39.3552,  
-22.9528

■ 140.1140,  
-16.3252, 9.5470

■ 26.2860, 39.7920,

■ 148.0990,

-23.0528

-20.2618, 12.1912

■ 156.3720,  
-24.3404, 13.7058

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.0930, 12.2792, -18.4986



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



85.3950, 7.6933, 5.7926

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



84.6450, -8.2060, 18.7283



79.4340, -1.6930, -17.0436

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



99.3570, -11.5150, 6.7029

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.3060, -7.5459, -6.4074



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



83.5150, -11.0999, 13.5803

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



85.3230, -3.1172, 19.8877



82.7480, -11.2148, 3.7290



77.8120, 5.0227, -24.3911



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



85.9290, 4.4720, 12.3403



82.7480, -11.2148, 3.7290



79.8860, -3.8878, -13.0550

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



130.5420, 4.6628, -2.2293



96.9330, 1.5120, -18.3582



65.3850, 2.7682, -1.2146



199.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



71.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029



103.0430, 18.2198, -10.5617



81.9260, 12.3615, 1.8189



49.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



28.6000, 43.5812, -25.0822



60.2150, 91.0990, -52.8086



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.0670, -1.5120, 18.3582



106.9050, -2.4182, 29.0243



101.0740, -12.3615, -1.8189



49.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887



37.9470, -5.8899, 69.3295



79.5250, -12.0908, 145.1216



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

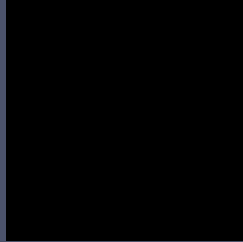
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029.



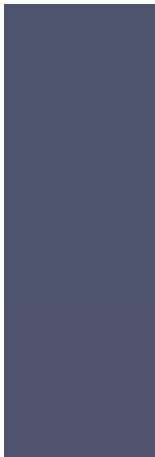
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.6430, 11.5150,

-6.7029.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

### Protanopia

83.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881

### Deuteranopia

83.9530, 11.3622, -4.3438



## Tritanopia

82.7970, 4.5371, -8.5920

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

## Protanomaly

83.9420, 11.3676, -6.0881

## Deuteranomaly

83.6540, 11.5096, -4.9586

## Tritanomaly

83.0790, 6.8631, -7.9623

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029

## Achromatopsia

84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

84.0150, 3.9366, -2.6442

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 83, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 83, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 83, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 83, 107) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 83, 107) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 83, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 83, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 83, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 83, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 83,  
107) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.6430, 11.5150, -6.7029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 83, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 83,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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