

Converting Colors

YUV(83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(83.7480, -1.3548,
-32.2280)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 2F6751 |
| RGB | 47, 103, 81 |
| RGB Percent | 18%, 40%, 32% |
| CMY | 0.8157, 0.5961, 0.6824 |
| CMYK | 0.54, 0.00, 0.21, 0.60 |
| HSL | 156°, 37%, 29% |
| HSV | 156°, 54%, 40% |
| XYZ | 7.5077, 10.8989, 9.4926 |
| YIQ | 83.7480, -26.3140, -18.7140 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

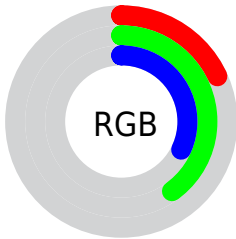
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 47, 82, 103 |
| Decimal | 3106641 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 39.41, -24.30, 6.85 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 39, 25.249, 164.255 |
| Yxy | 10.8989, 0.2691, 0.3907 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281296721 (0xFF2F6751) |
| YUV | 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 |
| Hunter-Lab | 33.0135, -17.1802, 6.0614 |




Details

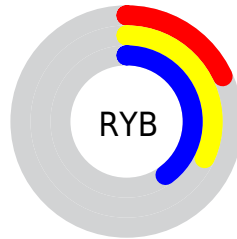
The YUV color **83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **66.2520, 1.3548, 32.2280**, and the grayscale version is **84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **135.1070, -2.5178, -32.5428**, and **36.3890, -0.1918, -31.9132** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.3020, -1.6279, -37.9759**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.1940, -1.0816, -26.4801**.

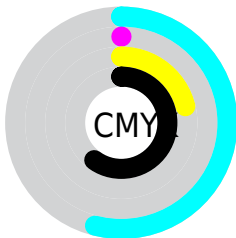
Distribution







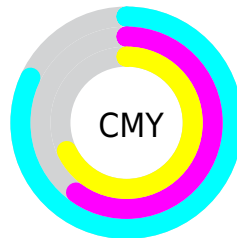
-  Red (18%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (32%)






-  Red (18%)
-  Yellow (32%)
-  Blue (40%)



-  Cyan (54%)
-  Magenta (0%)
-  Yellow (21%)
-  Black (60%)



-  Cyan (82%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

83.7480, -1.3548,
-32.2280

83.7480, -1.3548,
-32.2280

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

58.9650, -0.4757,
-34.1723

135.1070, -2.5178,
-32.5428

36.3890, -0.1918,
-31.9132

161.1070, -2.5178,
-32.5428

21.7820, -2.8505,
-19.1028

188.3950, -2.6597,
-33.6724

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

216.9820, -2.9491,
-34.1872

238.5250, 0.2342,
-28.5244

248.7210, 3.0955,

-12.9103

■ 83.7480, -1.3548,
-32.2280

■ 83.7480, -1.3548,
-32.2280

■ 80.3020, -1.6279,
-37.9759

■ 87.1940, -1.0816,
-26.4801

■ 76.5570, -1.7536,
-44.3385

■ 90.9390, -0.9559,
-20.1175

■ 73.1110, -2.0267,
-50.0863

■ 94.3850, -0.6828,
-14.3696

■ 69.6650, -2.2998,
-55.8342

■ 97.8310, -0.4097,
-8.6218

■ 67.6430, -2.2890,
-59.3229

■ 101.5760, -0.2840,
-2.2592

■ 105.0220, -0.0108,
3.4887

■ 108.4680, 0.2623,
9.2366

■ 111.9140, 0.5354,
14.9844

■ 115.6590, 0.6611,
21.3471

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0080, -12.3289, -12.2850



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



76.2640, 12.6878, -56.3595

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



92.0860, 19.6776, -11.4764



93.5280, -14.0643, 31.1089

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



66.2520, 1.3548, 32.2280

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.5420, -5.1972, 33.7277



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



95.5080, 13.0606, 10.9555

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



85.1320, 23.1059, -37.8268



95.4300, 4.7180, 26.8099



92.3820, -19.4153, 20.7130

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



73.5710, 20.4245, -64.5218



95.4300, 4.7180, 26.8099



93.6360, -11.1595, 32.7682

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



127.8090, -0.3988, -12.1105



86.4500, -19.4489, -15.3037



64.5430, -0.2677, -7.4922



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280



104.8120, -1.8793, -50.7011



82.7340, 9.9911, -31.3387



49.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739



75.4850, -2.7041, -66.2003



158.8120, -5.8233, -139.2781

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.2520, 1.3548, 32.2280



77.3020, 2.3161, 50.6011



67.2660, -9.9911, 31.3387



47.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



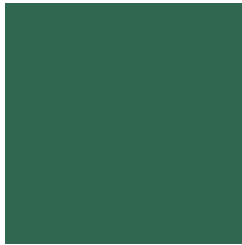
39.5150, 2.7041, 66.2003



83.1880, 5.8233, 139.2781

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 83.7480, -1.3548,

-32.2280.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280

Protanopia

91.9700, -7.8732, 5.2883

Deuteranopia

92.9150, -4.3951, 9.7215



Tritanopia

86.7560, 9.9803, -27.8500

Trichromacy



Original Color

83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280

Protanomaly

88.8650, -5.3564, -8.6516

Deuteranomaly

89.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628

Tritanomaly

85.4200, 6.2019, -29.3093

Monochromacy



Original Color

83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280

Achromatopsia

84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

84.1080, -0.5462, -11.4957

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 103, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 103, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 103, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 103, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 103, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 103, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 103, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 103, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 103, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 103,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 83.7480, -1.3548, -32.2280 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 103, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 103,  
81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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