

# Converting Colors

YUV(84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743)  
contains.

<b>YUV(84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	88461B
RGB	136, 70, 27
RGB Percent	53%, 27%, 11%
CMY	0.4667, 0.7255, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.49, 0.80, 0.47
HSL	24°, 67%, 32%
HSV	24°, 80%, 53%
XYZ	12.5413, 9.6937, 2.2470
YIQ	84.8320, 53.1390, 0.6190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

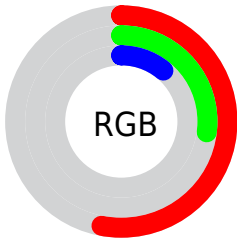
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	136, 98, 27
Decimal	8930843
CIE Lab	37.29, 24.86, 37.02
CIE LCh	37, 44.591, 56.110
Yxy	9.6937, 0.5123, 0.3960
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287120923 (0xFF88461B)
YUV	84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743
Hunter-Lab	31.1347, 17.4157, 17.5153

# Details

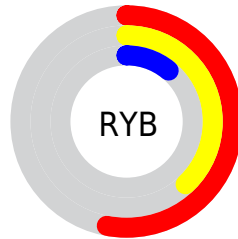
The YUV color **84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **78.1680, 28.5112, -44.8743**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.2950, -30.7114, 50.6073**, and **38.0080, -18.7379, 36.8270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.5400, -32.3112, 50.3924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.1240, -24.7111, 39.3563**.

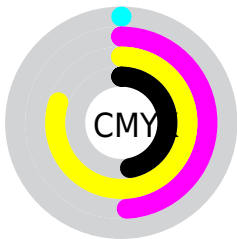
# Distribution



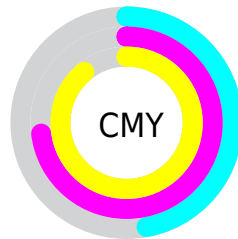
- Red (53%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (47%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743

■ 84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 60.2230, -28.2109,  
41.9004

■ 136.2950,  
-30.7114, 50.6073

■ 38.0080, -18.7379,  
36.8270

■ 163.2630,  
-32.1747, 53.2663

■ 17.0210, -8.3914,  
31.5536

■ 191.0460,  
-33.0537, 55.2107

■ 7.8880, -3.3958,  
15.8842

■ 210.7450,  
-29.9473, 38.8116

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 230.2590,  
-26.2567, 21.6979

■ 249.1860,

-22.2767, 5.0989

252.4920, -9.6096,  
2.1995

84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743

84.8320, -28.5112,  
44.8743

78.5400, -32.3112,  
50.3924

91.1240, -24.7111,  
39.3563

72.3620, -35.6745,  
55.8105

97.3020, -21.3479,  
33.9381

104.1810,  
-17.8372, 27.9053

110.3590,  
-14.4740, 22.4872

116.6510,  
-10.6739, 16.9691

■ 122.9430, -6.8739,  
11.4510

■ 129.7080, -3.8000,  
5.5181

■ 136.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.1780, 3.3632,  
-5.4181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6330, -13.1301, 58.2039



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



82.2410, -39.0658, 23.4676

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



70.3960, 5.7208, -61.7373



87.7240, 32.1811, -8.5279

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



78.1680, 28.5112, -44.8743

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



72.8310, 42.9743, -63.8728



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



74.5000, 21.4455, -65.3365

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



70.3970, -12.5207, -44.1982



76.0450, 34.9808, -66.6915



90.1330, 18.6684, 32.3324



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



80.5870, -37.2644, 5.6242



76.0450, 34.9808, -66.6915



83.3410, 36.3139, -27.4861

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



155.9500, -10.8213, 17.5839



67.2290, 13.1981, 60.3122



77.2310, -7.0159, 10.3214



217.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743



96.8600, -44.3010, 69.4058



115.9430, -43.8489, 17.5900



65.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590



70.2910, -34.6535, 54.9958



2.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.1680, 28.5112, -44.8743



86.1400, 44.3010, -69.4058



47.0570, 43.8489, -17.5900



65.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



62.1220, 34.9429, -54.4810



2.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 84.8320, -28.5112,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743

### Protanopia

85.4920, -26.3716, 11.8465

### Deuteranopia

85.0050, -31.0615, 22.7976



## Tritanopia

87.9840, -8.8661, 43.8640

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743

## Protanomaly

85.0420, -27.1357, 23.6422

## Deuteranomaly

84.9890, -30.0676, 30.7046

## Tritanomaly

86.4480, -15.9969, 44.3341

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743

## Achromatopsia

85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

85.3520, -10.5265, 16.3543

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(136, 70, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(136, 70, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(136, 70, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(136, 70, 27) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(136, 70, 27) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(136, 70, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(136, 70, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(136, 70, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 70, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(136, 70,  
27) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 84.8320, -28.5112, 44.8743 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(136, 70, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(136, 70,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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