

Converting Colors

YUV(85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 6A5810 |
| RGB | 106, 88, 16 |
| RGB Percent | 42%, 35%, 6% |
| CMY | 0.5843, 0.6549, 0.9373 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.17, 0.85, 0.58 |
| HSL | 48°, 74%, 24% |
| HSV | 48°, 85%, 42% |
| XYZ | 9.5271, 10.0810, 1.9339 |
| YIQ | 85.1740, 33.8400, -18.5760 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

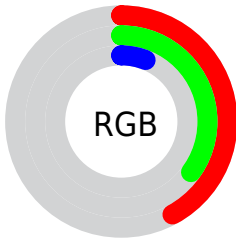
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 39, 106, 16 |
| Decimal | 6969360 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 37.99, -0.44, 40.90 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 38, 40.902, 90.620 |
| Yxy | 10.0810, 0.4423, 0.4680 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4285159440 (0xFF6A5810) |
| YUV | 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 |
| Hunter-Lab | 31.7506, -2.0028, 18.6141 |

Details

The YUV color **85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **36.8260, 34.1028, -18.2644**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **136.3700, -34.6924, 20.7235**, and **41.6860, -20.5512, 11.6764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.7460, -38.3288, 20.3938**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.6020, -29.8768, 16.1350**.

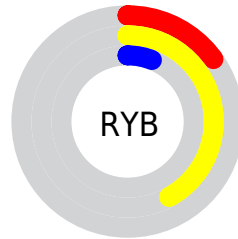
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (35%)

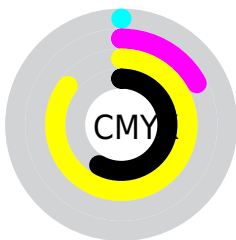
Blue (6%)



Red (15%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (6%)

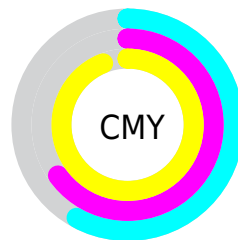


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (85%)

Black (58%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (65%)

Yellow (94%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644

85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644

254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

62.0750, -30.6030,
15.7202

136.3700,
-34.6924, 20.7235

41.6860, -20.5512,
11.6764

162.8540,
-35.4240, 22.0530

22.4710, -11.0782,
6.6029

190.2240,
-36.5924, 23.4826

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

218.2950,
-37.6134, 24.2973

240.5000,
-35.2495, 12.7165

248.3880,

-25.3343, 5.7987

■ 251.5800,
-13.1039, 2.9993

■ 85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644

■ 85.1740, -34.1028,
18.2644

■ 82.7460, -38.3288,
20.3938

■ 87.6020, -29.8768,
16.1350

■ 81.5890, -40.2234,
21.4084

■ 89.9160, -26.0876,
14.1057

■ 92.3440, -21.8616,
11.9763

■ 94.6580, -18.0724,
9.9469

■ 97.6730, -14.1358,
7.3028

■ 100.1010, -9.9098,
5.1734

■ 102.4150, -6.1206,
3.1440

■ 104.8430, -1.8946,
1.0147

■ 107.1570, 1.8946,
-1.0147

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.0270, -27.6213, 39.4413



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



81.9580, -26.6013, -7.8562

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



75.5430, 22.9033, -66.2512



91.5200, 15.0266, 33.7470

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



36.8260, 34.1028, -18.2644

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.6280, 27.7914, -0.5508



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



76.0450, 34.9808, -66.6915

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



71.7810, 8.4890, -62.9519



72.3750, 41.2271, -63.4729



88.5580, 0.7109, 52.1306

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



77.5730, -16.0585, -29.4435



72.3750, 41.2271, -63.4729



92.3060, 19.5691, 23.4106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



129.9010, -13.2622, 7.1028



44.9620, -5.4043, 53.5303



64.2580, -8.0152, 4.1587



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644



105.8320, -52.1752, 28.2113



87.6670, -35.3318, -7.6010



52.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295



90.1610, -44.4494, 23.5378



188.3070, -92.8354, 49.7198

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8260, 34.1028, -18.2644



32.1680, 52.1752, -28.2113



34.3330, 35.3318, 7.6010



49.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147



26.8390, 44.4494, -23.5378



56.6930, 92.8354, -49.7198

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

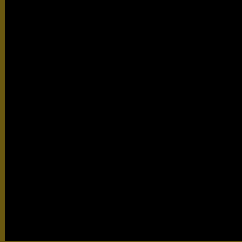
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.1740, -34.1028,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644

Protanopia

84.9670, -33.5077, 14.0609

Deuteranopia

85.7340, -33.3929, 23.9123



Tritanopia

91.3550, -1.6540, 17.2287

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644

Protanomaly

84.9780, -33.5132, 15.8053

Deuteranomaly

85.3100, -33.6768, 21.6531

Tritanomaly

88.9670, -13.2947, 17.5689

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644

Achromatopsia

85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

85.1290, -12.3886, 6.9029

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 88, 16)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 88, 16)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 88, 16) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 88, 16) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 88, 16) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 88, 16) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(106, 88, 16)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 88, 16); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 88, 16);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 88,  
16) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 85.1740, -34.1028, 18.2644 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 88, 16) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 88,  
16) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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