

Converting Colors

YUV(85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(85.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 515C3D |
| RGB | 81, 92, 61 |
| RGB Percent | 32%, 36%, 24% |
| CMY | 0.6824, 0.6392, 0.7608 |
| CMYK | 0.12, 0.00, 0.34, 0.64 |
| HSL | 81°, 20%, 30% |
| HSV | 81°, 34%, 36% |
| XYZ | 8.0628, 9.7405, 5.8700 |
| YIQ | 85.1770, 3.3950, -11.9730 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

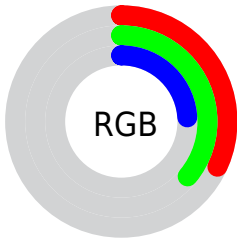
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 61, 92, 72 |
| Decimal | 5332029 |
| CIE Lab | 37.37, -10.36, 16.47 |
| CIE LCh | 37, 19.456, 122.175 |
| Yxy | 9.7405, 0.3406, 0.4115 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283522109 (0xFF515C3D) |
| YUV | 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 |
| Hunter-Lab | 31.2098, -8.5033, 10.6955 |

Details

The YUV color $85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $67.8230, 11.9193, 3.6632$, and the grayscale version is $85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $134.9490, -12.7929, -3.4633$, and $39.8180, -10.7563, -3.3484$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $83.2540, -15.4082, -4.6078$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $87.1000, -8.4303, -2.7187$.

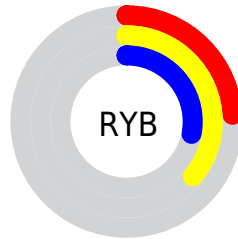
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (36%)

Blue (24%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (28%)

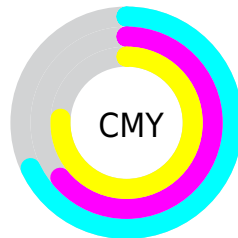


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (64%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632

■ 85.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 61.7040, -11.1931,
-3.2484

■ 134.9490,
-12.7929, -3.4633

■ 39.8180, -10.7563,
-3.3484

■ 161.4220,
-13.5190, -3.8781

■ 19.4480, -9.5879,
-4.7779

■ 188.3080,
-13.9558, -3.7781

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 216.1940,
-14.3926, -3.6781

■ 244.1940,
-14.3926, -3.6781

■ 253.7460, -4.8048,

1.0998

■ 85.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632

■ 85.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632

■ 83.2540, -15.4082,
-4.6078

■ 87.1000, -8.4303,
-2.7187

■ 81.0320, -18.7498,
-6.1671

■ 89.3220, -5.0887,
-1.1594

■ 78.9950, -22.6755,
-7.0116

■ 91.3590, -1.1630,
-0.3148

■ 77.0720, -26.1645,
-7.9561

■ 93.2820, 2.3260,
0.6297

■ 75.1490, -29.6535,
-8.9007

■ 95.2050, 5.8149,
1.5742

■ 72.9270, -32.9950,
-10.4600

■ 97.4270, 9.1565,
3.1335

■ 71.6450, -35.3210,
-11.0897

■ 99.3500, 12.6455,
4.0781

■ 101.3870, 16.5712,
4.9226

■ 103.3100, 20.0602,
5.8671

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.8690, -14.7254, 9.7619



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



82.9240, -4.8925, -17.4733

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



81.4550, 16.5377, -31.0940



89.8120, -1.3863, 24.7209

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



67.8230, 11.9193, 3.6632

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.1190, 6.3503, 16.5586



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



86.4400, 16.0521, -15.2949

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



78.9720, 12.3388, -37.6864



89.2250, 12.2141, 2.4337



89.2760, -8.5171, 25.1909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



81.0630, 0.9549, -26.3653



89.2250, 12.2141, 2.4337



90.4850, 1.2399, 22.3767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



117.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



76.7260, -7.7529, 13.3953



59.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632



109.4450, -18.4604, -5.6523



80.6920, -9.7082, -12.8849



44.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297



85.7990, -42.2989, -12.9787



184.8660, -91.1389, -27.9465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67.8230, 11.9193, 3.6632



82.5550, 18.4604, 5.6523



72.3080, 9.7082, 12.8849



42.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297



24.2010, 42.2989, 12.9787



52.1340, 91.1389, 27.9465

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

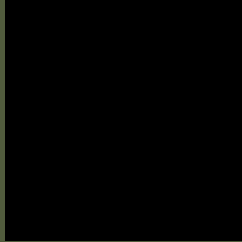
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.1770, -11.9193,

-3.6632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632

Protanopia

86.7870, -13.6990, 7.2028

Deuteranopia

87.5860, -12.1209, 14.3951



Tritanopia

88.2000, 3.3524, -1.9294

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632

Protanomaly

85.9930, -12.8145, 3.5141

Deuteranomaly

86.8410, -12.2466, 8.0324

Tritanomaly

86.8210, -1.8838, -2.4740

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632

Achromatopsia

85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

85.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 92, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 92, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 92, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 92, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 92, 61) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 92, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(81, 92, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 92, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 92, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 92, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 85.1770, -11.9193, -3.6632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(81, 92, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(81, 92,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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