

Converting Colors

YUV(85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752)
contains.

YUV(85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0266D9
RGB	2, 102, 217
RGB Percent	1%, 40%, 85%
CMY	0.9922, 0.6000, 0.1490
CMYK	0.99, 0.53, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	212°, 98%, 43%
HSV	212°, 99%, 85%
XYZ	17.3008, 14.5254, 67.5375
YIQ	85.2100, -96.5150, 14.5650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

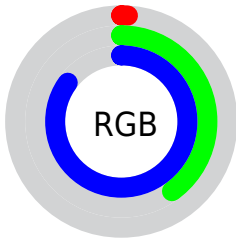
Format	Color
R_{YB}	2, 70, 217
Decimal	157401
CIE _{Lab}	44.98, 20.53, -65.43
CIE _{LCh}	45, 68.578, 287.421
Yxy	14.5254, 0.1741, 0.1462
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278347481 (0xFF0266D9)
YUV	85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752
Hunter-Lab	38.1122, 14.3326, -78.3874

Details

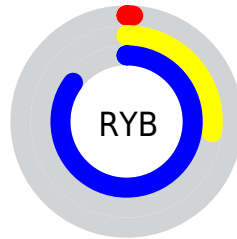
The YUV color **85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **133.7900, -64.9725, 72.9752**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **149.0910, 52.2131, -40.4218**, and **51.8130, 53.8292, -45.4400** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.0250, 65.5567, -73.6899**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.8320, 58.2568, -65.6277**.

Distribution



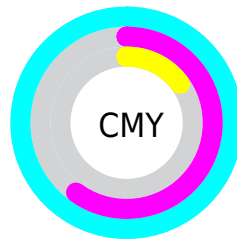
- Red (1%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752

■ 85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 67.9190, 59.6929,
-59.5650

■ 149.0910, 52.2131,
-40.4218

■ 51.8130, 53.8292,
-45.4400

■ 174.8070, 39.5351,
-34.0337

■ 36.9950, 47.8235,
-32.4446

■ 199.9250, 27.1520,
-28.8752

■ 22.8780, 41.9651,
-20.0640

■ 225.6300, 14.4794,
-24.2315

■ 15.9190, 33.0709,
-13.9610

■ 247.2260, 3.8326,
-15.9842

■ 10.2480, 24.0347,
-8.9875

■ 5.2780, 15.1459,

-4.6288

■ 1.3680, 5.2416,
-1.1997

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752

■ 85.2100, 64.9725,
-72.9752

■ 84.0250, 65.5567,
-73.6899

■ 98.8320, 58.2568,
-65.6277

■ 111.5680, 51.9780,
-58.3801

■ 125.1900, 45.2623,
-51.0326

■ 138.2250, 38.8361,
-43.1703

■ 151.5480, 32.2678,
-36.4376

■ 165.1700, 25.5522,
-29.0901

■ 178.2050, 19.1259,
-21.2278

■ 191.8270, 12.4103,
-13.8803

■ 204.5630, 6.1314,
-6.6328

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.4060, 60.9318, -83.6711



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



107.9050, 38.0078, 36.0403

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



97.4080, -38.6551, 78.5722



84.7290, -2.8244, -74.3073

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



133.7900, -64.9725, 72.9752

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.1560, -30.6429, -65.0348



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



100.3160, -49.4558, 42.6959

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



89.3300, -6.5717, 101.4426



96.2200, -47.4365, 1.5611



92.7430, 22.8047, -81.3356

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



100.5200, 25.3796, 73.2120



96.2200, -47.4365, 1.5611



81.8620, -11.2710, -71.7930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



208.2090, 23.0680, -25.6163



141.3150, -11.9873, -122.1793



99.5710, 14.0155, -15.4098



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752



98.9230, 76.9460, -86.7555



28.6030, 92.8797, -17.1918



103.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



67.2690, 52.1254, -58.9949



17.5710, 14.0155, -15.4098

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.6850, 11.9873, 122.1793



89.8110, 14.3902, 144.8708



190.3970, -92.8797, 17.1918



102.8590, 0.5625, 6.2627



60.9610, 9.8792, 98.2582



16.1480, 2.3920, 26.1802

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

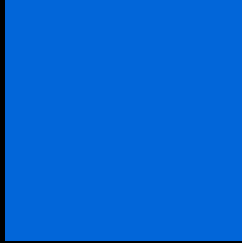
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

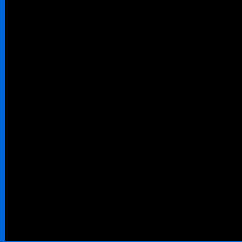
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

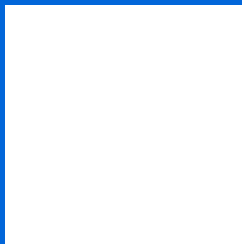
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752

Protanopia

87.0040, 64.0880, -69.2865

Deuteranopia

85.3010, 50.1376, -74.8090



Tritanopia

83.5160, 20.4516, -73.2435

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752

Protanomaly

86.4060, 64.3828, -70.5161

Deuteranomaly

85.0930, 55.6632, -73.7496

Tritanomaly

84.0550, 36.4549, -72.8392

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752

Achromatopsia

85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

85.0240, 23.6522, -26.3310

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 102, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 102, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 102, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 102, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 102, 217) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 102, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 102, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 102, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 102, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 102,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 85.2100, 64.9725, -72.9752 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 102, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 102,  
217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor