

# Converting Colors

YUV(85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4152A
RGB	228, 21, 42
RGB Percent	89%, 8%, 16%
CMY	0.1059, 0.9176, 0.8353
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.82, 0.11
HSL	354°, 83%, 49%
HSV	354°, 91%, 89%
XYZ	32.6810, 17.1975, 3.7875
YIQ	85.2870, 116.6310, 50.4150

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

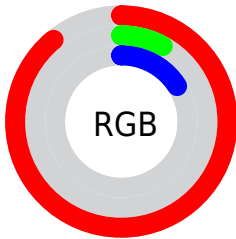
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	228, 21, 42
Decimal	14947626
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	48.51, 72.23, 45.93
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	49, 85.602, 32.452
Yxy	17.1975, 0.6090, 0.3205
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293137706 (0xFFE4152A)
YUV	85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593
Hunter-Lab	41.4698, 68.0976, 23.6139

# Details

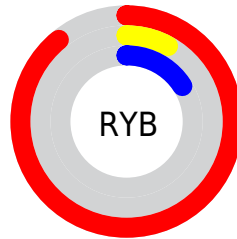
The YUV color **85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3333**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **163.7130, 21.3405, -125.1593**, and the grayscale version is **85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **142.7430, -26.4953, 98.4494**, and **48.7370, -24.0273, 100.2087** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.7940, -23.5624, 137.8697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.0680, -19.2605, 111.3194**.

# Distribution



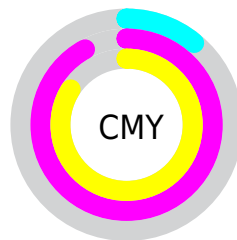
- Red (89%)
- Green (8%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Black (11%)




- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (84%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593

 85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 60.5850, -20.0084,  
117.8820


 142.7430,  
-26.4953, 98.4494


 48.7370, -24.0273,  
100.2087


 163.7900,  
-24.5465, 79.9912


 39.1690, -19.3103,  
80.5358


 183.6630,  
-22.0189, 62.5625

 29.8290, -13.7197,  
60.6630

 204.3510,  
-18.9070, 44.4192

 20.9730, -8.8607,  
42.1197

 225.0390,  
-15.7952, 26.2758

 10.8780, -4.8699,  
22.0320

 245.8410,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

-12.2466, 8.0324

0.0000

254.4300, -2.1840,  
0.4999

■ 85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593

■ 85.2870, -21.3405,  
125.1593

■ 70.7940, -23.5624,  
137.8697

■ 101.0680,  
-19.2605, 111.3194

■ 116.9630,  
-16.7438, 97.3794

■ 132.1570,  
-14.3744, 84.0543

■ 148.0520,  
-11.8576, 70.1144

■ 163.8330, -9.7777,  
56.2745

■ 179.7280, -7.2609,  
42.3345

■ 195.5090, -5.1809,  
28.4946

■ 210.8170, -2.3748,  
15.0695

■ 226.5980, -0.2948,  
1.2296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.4460, 14.5701, 133.7899



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



105.8300, -52.1742, 74.6941

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



86.7400, -23.0428, -76.0710



101.8580, 75.4990, -89.3295

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



163.7130, 21.3405, -125.1593

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



109.5230, 66.7902, -96.0517



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



98.0940, 10.3067, -86.0284

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



94.2280, -46.4544, -33.5260



106.4160, 42.1929, -93.3268



114.2540, 61.9928, -3.7308



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



108.8660, -53.6709, 41.3365



106.4160, 42.1929, -93.3268



105.9670, 73.4733, -92.9331

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



207.4290, -7.1135, 41.7198



99.3150, 63.4417, 91.8087



99.7150, -4.2965, 24.8059



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



79.2090, -26.2320, 154.1687



129.2660, -53.3751, 86.5897



106.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773



55.5730, -18.5235, 108.2455



15.8190, -5.3338, 30.8537



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593



79.2090, -26.2320, 154.1687



119.7340, 53.3751, -86.5897



106.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773



55.5730, -18.5235, 108.2455



15.8190, -5.3338, 30.8537



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

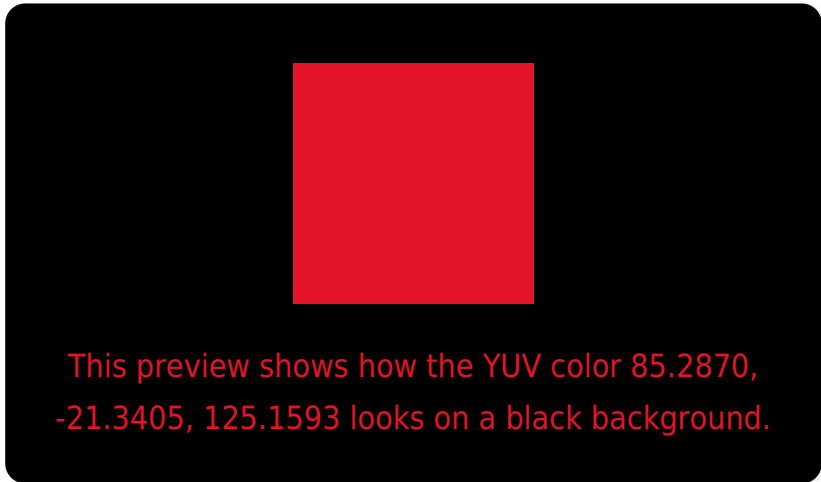
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.2870, -21.3405,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593

### Protanopia

113.7740, -24.0456, 12.4762

### Deuteranopia

111.1450, -43.4555, 31.4448



## Tritanopia

85.6000, -32.8338, 124.8848

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593

## Protanomaly

103.0810, -22.7179, 53.4260

## Deuteranomaly

101.8300, -35.4122, 65.0471

## Tritanomaly

85.3380, -28.7606, 125.1146

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593

## Achromatopsia

85.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

85.2230, -7.9979, 45.4084

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 21, 42)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 21, 42)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 21, 42) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 21, 42) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 21, 42) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 21, 42) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 21, 42)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 21, 42); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 21, 42);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 21,  
42) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 85.2870, -21.3405, 125.1593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 21, 42) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228, 21,  
42) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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