

Converting Colors

YUV(85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(85.8550, -3.8725,
-64.7708)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C7D4E
RGB	12, 125, 78
RGB Percent	5%, 49%, 31%
CMY	0.9529, 0.5098, 0.6941
CMYK	0.90, 0.00, 0.38, 0.51
HSL	155°, 82%, 27%
HSV	155°, 90%, 49%
XYZ	8.8604, 15.2955, 9.6931
YIQ	85.8550, -52.2610, -38.5730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

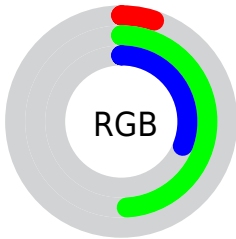
Format	Color
RYB	12, 83, 125
Decimal	818510
CIELab	46.04, -40.69, 17.66
CIELCh	46, 44.352, 156.540
Yxy	15.2955, 0.2618, 0.4519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279008590 (0xFF0C7D4E)
YUV	85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708
Hunter-Lab	39.1094, -28.0016, 12.6819

Details

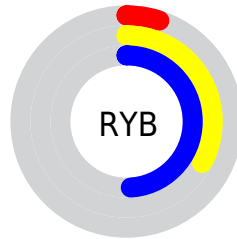
The YUV color **85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **51.1450, 3.8725, 64.7708**, and the grayscale version is **86.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143.7700, -8.2676, -55.0493**, and **47.7870, -7.2900, -41.9092** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.6970, -4.2876, -71.6483**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.0130, -3.4574, -57.8934**.

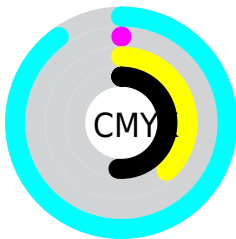
Distribution



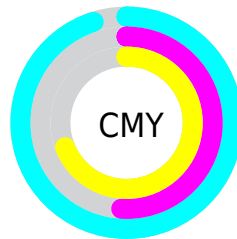
- Red (5%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 85.8550, -3.8725,
-64.7708

■ 85.8550, -3.8725,
-64.7708

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 64.3830, -4.6258,
-56.4639

■ 143.7700, -8.2676,
-55.0493

■ 47.7870, -7.2900,
-41.9092

■ 170.9550, -8.8518,
-54.3345

■ 31.1910, -9.9542,
-27.3545

■ 199.4280, -9.5780,
-54.7494

■ 17.0230, -8.3923,
-14.9292

■ 223.0310, -7.4103,
-50.0162

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 234.5950, 0.6927,
-35.6018

■ 245.4320, 4.7170,

-19.6729

254.4020, 0.2948,
-1.2296

■ 85.8550, -3.8725,
-64.7708

■ 85.8550, -3.8725,
-64.7708

■ 81.6970, -4.2876,
-71.6483

■ 90.0130, -3.4574,
-57.8934

■ 94.4700, -3.1897,
-50.4012

■ 98.7420, -2.3378,
-43.6237

■ 103.1990, -2.0701,
-36.1315

■ 107.3570, -1.6550,
-29.2541

■ 111.8140, -1.3873,
-21.7619

■ 115.9720, -0.9722,
-14.8844

■ 120.5430, -0.2677,
-7.4922

■ 125.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



99.6150, -26.4322, -15.4484



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



87.7730, 13.9159, -76.9769

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



99.7840, 41.0255, -45.4146



107.2000, -19.8186, 56.8296

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



51.1450, 3.8725, 64.7708

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108.5760, -3.2420, 60.0078



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



112.0960, 28.0537, 8.6858

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



91.2050, 42.2969, -79.9868



111.5320, 13.5417, 43.3834



106.2460, -33.1523, 40.1263

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



90.6230, 24.8359, -79.4764



111.5320, 13.5417, 43.3834



107.8890, -14.7353, 59.7333

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



147.7920, -1.3765, -25.2506



92.3840, -39.6293, -29.2778



72.6730, -0.8248, -15.4992



209.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



82.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708



106.5110, -5.6749, -93.4101



85.9300, 19.2615, -64.8366



61.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



83.5720, -4.7190, -73.2926



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.1450, 3.8725, 64.7708



56.4890, 5.6749, 93.4101



51.0700, -19.2615, 64.8366



59.4350, 0.2785, 4.0035



44.3140, 4.2822, 73.3926



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 85.8550, -3.8725,

-64.7708.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708

Protanopia

106.7720, -17.6356, 9.8470

Deuteranopia

108.7820, -12.7105, 16.8542



Tritanopia

98.3130, 15.1287, -45.8785

Trichromacy



Original Color

85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708

Protanomaly

98.9750, -12.3127, -17.5181

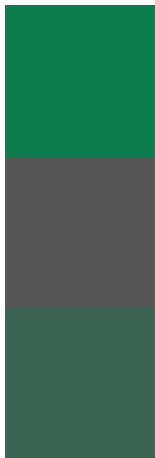
Deuteranomaly

100.6920, -9.7082, -12.8849

Tritanomaly

93.7330, 8.0196, -52.3858

Monochromacy



Original Color

85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708

Achromatopsia

86.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

85.8030, -1.3819, -23.5062

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(12, 125, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(12, 125, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(12, 125, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(12, 125, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(12, 125, 78) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(12, 125, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(12, 125, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(12, 125, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 125, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(12, 125,  
78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 85.8550, -3.8725, -64.7708 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(12, 125, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(12, 125,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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