

# Converting Colors

YUV(86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718)  
contains.

<b>YUV(86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(86.6410, -8.6970,  
36.2718)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	804545
RGB	128, 69, 69
RGB Percent	50%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.4980, 0.7294, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 0.46, 0.50
HSL	0°, 30%, 39%
HSV	0°, 46%, 50%
XYZ	12.1044, 9.2751, 6.7825
YIQ	86.6410, 35.1640, 12.5080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

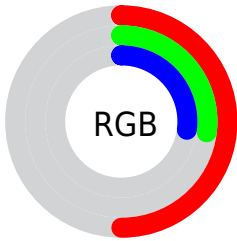
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	128, 69, 69
Decimal	8406341
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	36.51, 25.23, 11.25
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	37, 27.622, 24.035
Yxy	9.2751, 0.4298, 0.3293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286596421 (0xFF804545)
YUV	86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718
Hunter-Lab	30.4551, 17.6486, 8.1143

# Details

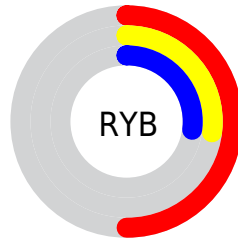
The YUV color **86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **110.3590, 8.6970, -36.2718**, and the grayscale version is **87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137.3210, -10.0183, 40.0605**, and **39.1890, -6.5022, 32.2832** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.5280, -10.6133, 44.2639**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.7540, -6.7807, 28.2797**.

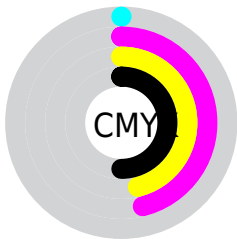
# Distribution



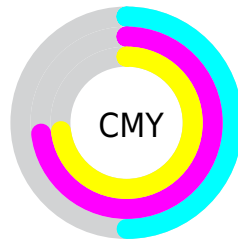
- Red (50%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



86.6410, -8.6970,  
36.2718

86.6410, -8.6970,  
36.2718

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

62.5590, -7.6706,  
33.7128

137.3210,  
-10.0183, 40.0605

39.1890, -6.5022,  
32.2832

164.2180,  
-10.4605, 41.9048

15.5480, -7.6652,  
31.9684

191.7020,  
-11.1921, 43.2343

6.5780, -3.2430,  
13.5251

215.4020, -9.5652,  
34.7274

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

235.0300, -5.4378,  
17.5137

254.7720, -0.8736,

0.2000

■ 86.6410, -8.6970,  
36.2718

■ 86.6410, -8.6970,  
36.2718

■ 77.5280, -10.6133,  
44.2639

■ 95.7540, -6.7807,  
28.2797

■ 68.4150, -12.5296,  
52.2560

■ 104.8670, -4.8644,  
20.2876

■ 60.0030, -14.2985,  
59.6334

■ 113.2790, -3.0955,  
12.9103

■ 50.8900, -16.2148,  
67.6255

■ 122.3920, -1.1793,  
4.9182

■ 41.7770, -18.1311,  
75.6176

■ 131.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 38.2720, -18.8681,  
78.6915

■ 140.6180, 2.6533,  
-11.0660

■ 149.7310, 4.5696,  
-19.0581

■ 158.1430, 6.3385,  
-26.4354

■ 167.2560, 8.2548,  
-34.4275

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.6650, 1.6442, 32.7428



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



85.7190, -17.1165, 30.0644

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



78.9360, -9.8284, -20.9919



79.0230, 25.1317, -34.2232

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



110.3590, 8.6970, -36.2718

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



69.5590, 25.3604, -61.0032



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



71.2560, 4.8038, -47.5825

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



82.3640, -18.9135, -0.3192



68.6810, 16.9193, -60.2332



86.7170, 19.3665, -5.0138



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



84.7520, -20.5837, 22.1425



68.6810, 16.9193, -60.2332



74.2770, 26.4854, -48.4779

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



149.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399



93.3670, 17.0741, 30.3731



74.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069



212.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



84.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718



102.2090, -13.4140, 55.9447



104.2510, -17.3787, 20.8279



59.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



38.2720, -18.8681, 78.6915



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110.3590, 8.6970, -36.2718



138.7910, 13.4140, -55.9447



93.3360, 17.0894, -21.3427



61.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



89.7280, 18.8681, -78.6915

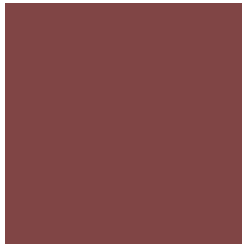


0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

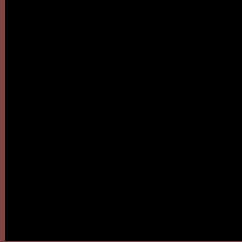
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**YUV 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718.



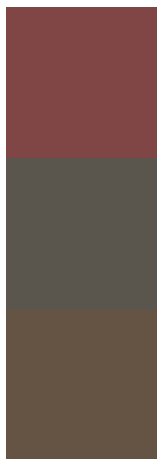
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 86.6410, -8.6970,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718

### Protanopia

86.1700, -4.5208, 3.3589

### Deuteranopia

86.5580, -9.6421, 12.6656



## Tritanopia

86.5100, -6.6604, 36.3867

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718

## Protanomaly

86.4920, -6.1586, 15.3545

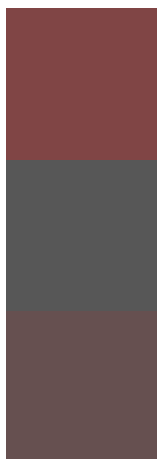
## Deuteranomaly

86.7270, -9.2324, 21.2874

## Tritanomaly

86.3960, -7.0972, 36.4867

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718

## Achromatopsia

87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

86.5780, -3.2430, 13.5251

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 69, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 69, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 69, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 69, 69) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 69, 69) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 69, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 69, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 69, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 69, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 69,  
69) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 86.6410, -8.6970, 36.2718 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 69, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 69,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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