

# Converting Colors

YUV(87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(87.1310, 4.8654,  
26.1951)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	754661
RGB	117, 70, 97
RGB Percent	46%, 27%, 38%
CMY	0.5412, 0.7255, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.17, 0.54
HSL	326°, 25%, 37%
HSV	326°, 40%, 46%
XYZ	11.6839, 9.0253, 12.4355
YIQ	87.1310, 19.3450, 18.3610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

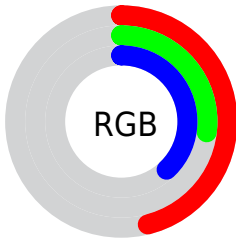
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	117, 70, 97
Decimal	7685729
CIE Lab	36.03, 24.33, -7.32
CIE LCh	36, 25.409, 343.248
Yxy	9.0253, 0.3525, 0.2723
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285875809 (0xFF754661)
YUV	87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951
Hunter-Lab	30.0421, 16.8483, -3.5128

# Details

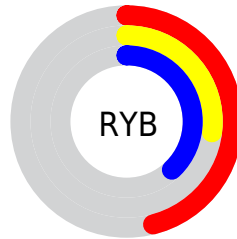
The YUV color **87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663366**. A complement of this color would be **99.8690, -4.8654, -26.1951**, and the grayscale version is **87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **137.5550, 5.1494, 28.4543**, and **39.9350, 5.4550, 23.7360** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.5170, 6.1541, 32.8726**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.7450, 3.5767, 19.5176**.

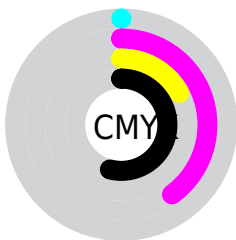
# Distribution



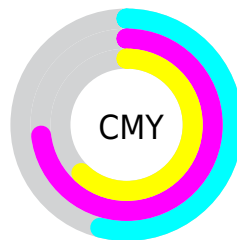
- Red (46%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (62%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 87.1310, 4.8654,  
26.1951

■ 87.1310, 4.8654,  
26.1951

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 63.4190, 4.7234,  
25.0655

■ 137.5550, 5.1494,  
28.4543

■ 39.9350, 5.4550,  
23.7360

■ 164.1530, 4.8546,  
29.6838

■ 17.7500, 6.0393,  
23.0212

■ 191.5660, 5.1440,  
30.1986

■ 5.3110, -1.6323,  
10.2513

■ 219.8650, 4.9966,  
30.8134

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 239.1510, 7.8136,  
13.8996

■ 87.1310, 4.8654,  
26.1951

■ 87.1310, 4.8654,  
26.1951

■ 79.5170, 6.1541,  
32.8726

■ 94.7450, 3.5767,  
19.5176

■ 72.4900, 7.1534,  
39.0353

■ 101.7720, 2.5774,  
13.3550

■ 64.8760, 8.4421,  
45.7127

■ 109.3860, 1.2887,  
6.6775

■ 57.2620, 9.7308,  
52.3902

■ 117.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 50.2350, 10.7301,  
58.5529

■ 124.6140, -1.2887,  
-6.6775

■ 42.6210, 12.0188,  
65.2304

■ 131.6410, -2.2880,  
-12.8402

■ 139.2550, -3.5767,  
-19.5176

■ 146.8690, -4.8654,

-26.1951

■ 153.8960, -5.8647,  
-32.3578

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.0240, 13.7922, 9.6260



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



86.2430, -5.0498, 33.1129

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



82.1090, -18.7877, 6.0434



67.9460, 21.7186, -59.5886

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



99.8690, -4.8654, -26.1951

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.3670, 13.1301, -58.2039



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



79.8940, -12.7657, -12.1850

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



84.1970, -18.8311, 19.9982



75.6340, -1.7916, -32.1280



75.5230, 23.4062, -40.8007



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



85.6360, -11.1595, 32.7682



75.6340, -1.7916, -32.1280



67.8490, 18.8084, -59.5036

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



141.5220, 1.7147, 10.0662



81.3380, 17.5814, 7.5966



69.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627



204.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



77.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



106.6150, 7.5848, 40.6796



84.5090, -5.1809, 28.4946



55.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



44.4580, 12.5922, 68.0043



91.1660, 26.0472, 139.2974



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951



106.6150, 7.5848, 40.6796



102.4910, 5.1809, -28.4946



55.1360, 0.4260, 3.3887



44.4580, 12.5922, 68.0043

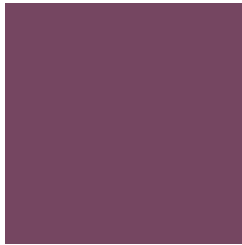


91.1660, 26.0472, 139.2974



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

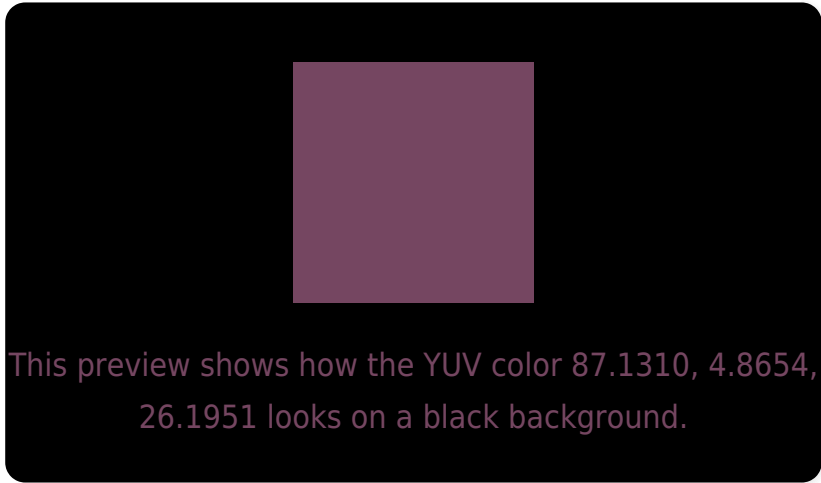
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

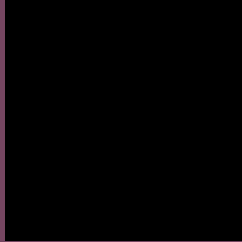
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 87.1310, 4.8654,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951

### Protanopia

85.4260, 10.6360, -4.7586

### Deuteranopia

86.1620, 4.3571, 2.4889



## Tritanopia

86.2420, -3.5703, 25.2208

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951

## Protanomaly

85.9220, 8.4195, 6.2074

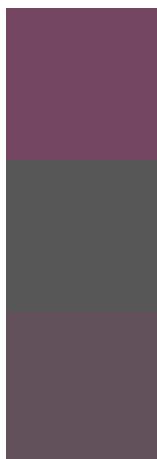
## Deuteranomaly

86.3310, 4.7668, 11.1107

## Tritanomaly

86.7520, -0.3707, 25.6505

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951

## Achromatopsia

87.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

87.2230, 1.8621, 9.4514

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 70, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 70, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 70, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 70, 97) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 70, 97) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 70, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 70, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 70, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 70, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 70,  
97) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 87.1310, 4.8654, 26.1951 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 70, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 70,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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