

# Converting Colors

YUV(88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	028C2E
RGB	2, 140, 46
RGB Percent	1%, 55%, 18%
CMY	0.9922, 0.4510, 0.8196
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.67, 0.45
HSL	139°, 97%, 28%
HSV	139°, 99%, 55%
XYZ	9.8963, 18.9663, 5.7241
YIQ	88.0220, -52.0740, -58.4900

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

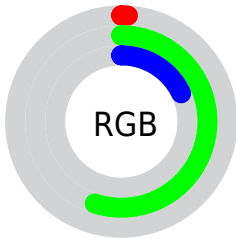
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	2, 107, 140
Decimal	166958
CIE Lab	50.65, -52.05, 39.99
CIE LCh	51, 65.638, 142.467
Yxy	18.9663, 0.2861, 0.5484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278357038 (0xFF028C2E)
YUV	88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413
Hunter-Lab	43.5503, -35.6513, 22.6925

# Details

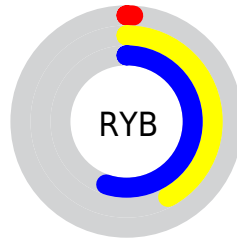
The YUV color **88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **53.9780, 20.7168, 75.4413**, and the grayscale version is **88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **150.5250, -26.8808, -58.3424**, and **51.6560, -25.4664, -45.3023** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.3100, -20.8588, -76.5709**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.3480, -18.4126, -67.8342**.

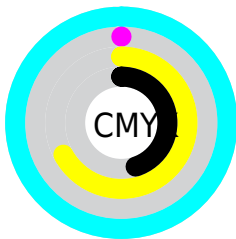
# Distribution



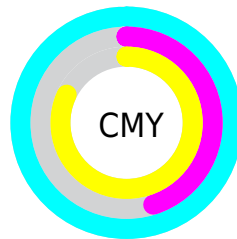
- Red (1%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (82%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413

■ 88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 69.1980, -24.2546,  
-60.6866

■ 150.5250,  
-26.8808, -58.3424

■ 51.6560, -25.4664,  
-45.3023

■ 178.8950,  
-28.0492, -56.9129

■ 36.9810, -18.2316,  
-32.4323

■ 207.3680,  
-28.7754, -57.3277

■ 24.6540, -12.1544,  
-21.6216

■ 220.8780,  
-22.1249, -43.7430

■ 2.3480, -1.1576,  
-2.0592

■ 233.0400,  
-14.3167, -28.0991

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 244.9030, -6.3612,

-13.0699

■ 88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413

■ 88.0220, -20.7168,  
-75.4413

■ 87.3100, -20.8588,  
-76.5709

■ 93.3480, -18.4126,  
-67.8342

■ 98.5600, -16.5451,  
-60.1271

■ 103.8860,  
-14.2408, -52.5200

■ 109.0980,  
-12.3733, -44.8129

■ 114.4240,  
-10.0690, -37.2058

■ 119.6360, -8.2015,  
-29.4988

■ 124.9620, -5.8973,  
-21.8917

■ 130.1740, -4.0298,  
-14.1846

■ 135.5000, -1.7255,  
-6.5775

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



107.7050, -53.0986, -2.3723



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



96.9710, 3.4653, -85.0436

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



103.9320, 63.1375, -91.1484



111.2120, -14.4015, 92.7761

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



53.9780, 20.7168, 75.4413

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



113.6390, 11.5170, 86.2626



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



117.1080, 53.1908, -27.2817

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



107.1800, 50.1973, -93.9969



122.6950, 33.1814, 44.1175



114.3380, -42.5646, 72.4946



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



102.0040, 20.2110, -89.4575



122.6950, 33.1814, 44.1175



110.9270, -5.3870, 94.7800

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



160.6360, -8.2015, -29.4988



111.1120, -53.7922, -13.2532



79.5110, -5.1819, -17.9881



219.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



92.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



112.8590, -27.0455, -98.9773



95.8880, 9.4222, -82.3398



66.3370, -1.1521, -3.8035



82.8590, -20.1435, -72.6673



3.1630, -0.5734, -2.7740



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.9780, 20.7168, 75.4413



68.1410, 27.0455, 98.9773



46.1120, -9.4222, 82.3398



64.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



50.0270, 19.7067, 72.7673



1.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.0220, -20.7168,

-75.4413.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413

### Protanopia

115.1800, -36.5707, 16.5051

### Deuteranopia

117.3260, -31.2197, 26.9011



## Tritanopia

110.0140, 15.2761, -46.4933

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



## Protanomaly

105.1650, -30.6473, -16.8077



## Deuteranomaly

106.4200, -27.3221, -10.0153



## Tritanomaly

101.8050, 2.0681, -56.8340

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413



## Achromatopsia

88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

88.1740, -7.4808, -27.3396

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 140, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 140, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 140, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 140, 46) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 140, 46) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 140, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 140, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 140, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 140, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 140, 46)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 88.0220, -20.7168, -75.4413 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 140, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 140,  
46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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