

# Converting Colors

YUV(88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3558B4
RGB	53, 88, 180
RGB Percent	21%, 35%, 71%
CMY	0.7922, 0.6549, 0.2941
CMYK	0.71, 0.51, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	223°, 55%, 46%
HSV	223°, 71%, 71%
XYZ	13.1961, 11.0316, 44.6138
YIQ	88.0230, -50.3920, 21.1920

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

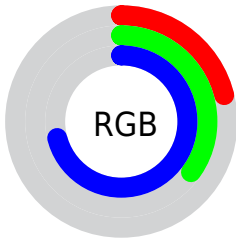
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	53, 80, 180
Decimal	3496116
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	39.63, 19.10, -52.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 55.988, 289.951
Yxy	11.0316, 0.1917, 0.1602
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281686196 (0xFF3558B4)
YUV	88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152
Hunter-Lab	33.2139, 12.7952, -56.3903

# Details

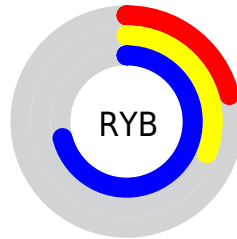
The YUV color **88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366CC**. A complement of this color would be **144.9770, -45.3447, 30.7152**, and the grayscale version is **88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **141.8220, 46.9228, -23.5229**, and **40.1920, 42.3033, -35.2484** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.0100, 51.7601, -35.0888**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.0360, 38.9293, -26.3416**.

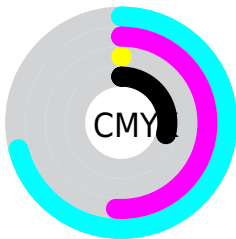
# Distribution



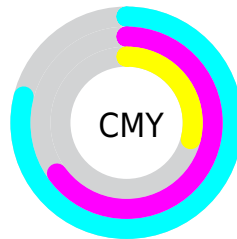
- Red (21%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (29%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152

■ 88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 55.8960, 47.8723,  
-48.1438

■ 141.8220, 46.9228,  
-23.5229

■ 40.1920, 42.3033,  
-35.2484

■ 168.3940, 42.6968,  
-21.3935

■ 25.6020, 37.1712,  
-22.4530

■ 192.9140, 30.6084,  
-17.4646

■ 8.6640, 33.1966,  
-7.5983

■ 217.4340, 18.5200,  
-13.5356

■ 8.8630, 21.2665,  
-7.7729

■ 243.4270, 5.7055,  
-10.0215

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,  
-4.0289

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,

-0.1000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152

■ 88.0230, 45.3447,  
-30.7152

■ 75.0100, 51.7601,  
-35.0888

■ 101.0360, 38.9293,  
-26.3416

■ 61.9970, 58.1755,  
-39.4624

■ 114.0490, 32.5138,  
-21.9680

■ 49.8700, 64.1541,  
-43.7360

■ 127.0620, 26.0984,  
-17.5944

■ 140.0750, 19.6830,  
-13.2208

■ 153.0880, 13.2676,  
-8.8472

■ 166.1010, 6.8522,  
-4.4736

■ 179.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 192.1270, -5.9786,  
4.2736

■ 205.1400,  
-12.3940, 8.6472

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



81.4370, 50.5636, -71.4202



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



95.0650, 28.5620, 32.3920

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



87.6060, -32.3438, 60.8585



74.9950, 0.4955, -65.7706

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



144.9770, -45.3447, 30.7152

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



71.0620, -21.2296, -50.9204



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



88.1560, -43.4609, 33.1892

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



84.9650, -9.8427, 77.2067



84.1150, -41.4687, 0.7761



80.9400, 20.7356, -70.9844



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



90.9560, 17.2767, 58.7976



84.1150, -41.4687, 0.7761



72.5840, -6.2039, -63.6562

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



198.9180, 17.7884, -12.2061



137.9230, 2.9960, -74.4775



96.0020, 10.3520, -7.0178



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152



90.0850, 71.4431, -48.3095



75.8500, 51.3460, 4.5166



82.7870, 3.0630, -2.4442



42.0960, 54.6757, -36.9182



7.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94.9630, -3.4328, 74.5774



101.0700, -5.4575, 117.4566



157.1500, -51.3460, -4.5166



83.0330, -0.0163, 5.2331



50.5350, -4.2078, 89.8618



8.5720, -0.7750, 15.2844



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

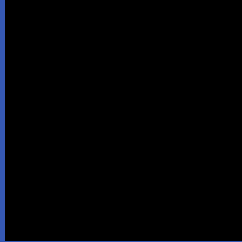
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152

### Protanopia

84.3420, 48.1454, -42.3959

### Deuteranopia

74.6890, 45.0163, -65.5023



## Tritanopia

73.1150, 18.6773, -64.1219

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152

## Protanomaly

85.4350, 47.1135, -38.0925

## Deuteranomaly

79.1790, 45.2678, -52.7770

## Tritanomaly

78.7110, 28.2435, -52.3665

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152

## Achromatopsia

88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

87.8750, 16.3306, -11.2914

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(53, 88, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(53, 88, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 88, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(53, 88, 180) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(53, 88, 180) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(53, 88, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(53, 88, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(53, 88, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 88, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(53, 88,  
180) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 88.0230, 45.3447, -30.7152 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(53, 88, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(53, 88,  
180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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