

Converting Colors

YUV(88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(88.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	585761
RGB	88, 87, 97
RGB Percent	35%, 34%, 38%
CMY	0.6549, 0.6588, 0.6196
CMYK	0.09, 0.10, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	246°, 5%, 36%
HSV	246°, 10%, 38%
XYZ	9.5904, 9.7542, 12.6865
YIQ	88.4390, -2.6140, 3.3220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

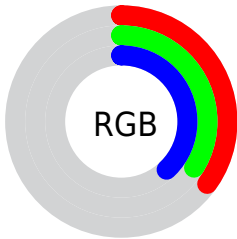
Format	Color
R_{YB}	88, 87, 97
Decimal	5789537
CIE Lab	37.40, 2.61, -5.62
CIE LCh	37, 6.197, 294.936
Yxy	9.7542, 0.2994, 0.3045
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283979617 (0xFF585761)
YUV	88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850
Hunter-Lab	31.2317, 0.1569, -2.2219

Details

The YUV color **88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **95.5610, -4.2206, 0.3850**, and the grayscale version is **88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138.5530, 4.6574, -0.4850**, and **43.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.8780, 8.4411, -0.7700**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

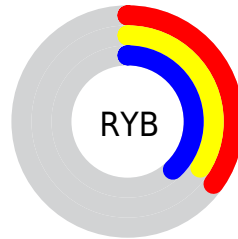
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (34%)

Blue (38%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (38%)

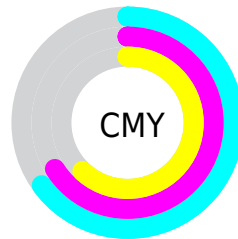


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (66%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850

■ 88.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 65.3250, 3.7838,
-0.2850

■ 138.5530, 4.6574,
-0.4850

■ 43.3250, 3.7838,
-0.2850

■ 164.5530, 4.6574,
-0.4850

■ 22.3250, 3.7838,
-0.2850

■ 191.6670, 5.0942,
-0.5850

■ 0.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 219.6670, 5.0942,
-0.5850

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 247.6240, 3.6364,
0.3298

■ 88.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850

■ 88.4390, 4.2206,
-0.3850

■ 79.8780, 8.4411,
-0.7700

■ 97.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 72.2030, 12.2249,
-1.0550

■ 104.6750, -3.7838,
0.2850

■ 63.6420, 16.4455,
-1.4400

■ 113.2360, -8.0043,
0.6700

■ 55.0810, 20.6661,
-1.8250

■ 121.7970,
-12.2249, 1.0550

■ 47.1070, 24.5972,
-2.7248

■ 130.3580,
-16.4455, 1.4400

■ 38.8450, 28.6704,
-2.4951

■ 138.0330,
-20.2293, 1.7251

■ 30.2840, 32.8910,
-2.8801

■ 146.5940,
-24.4498, 2.1101

■ 21.7230, 37.1116,

■ 155.1550,

-3.2651

-28.6704, 2.4951

■ 14.0480, 40.8953,
-3.5501

■ 163.1290,
-32.6016, 3.3949

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.9330, 4.9630, -5.2032



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



89.3040, 2.3151, 4.1184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



88.6050, -4.2423, 7.3624



86.3580, 0.3165, -8.2070

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



95.5610, -4.2206, 0.3850

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.6960, -2.3151, -4.1184



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



87.7680, -4.8156, 4.5885

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



89.0720, -2.5005, 8.7069



87.5610, -4.2206, 0.3850



86.6290, 2.6479, -9.3216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



89.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775



87.5610, -4.2206, 0.3850



86.7280, -0.8519, -6.7775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



121.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149



93.4230, 1.7635, -5.6330



61.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999



191.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



64.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850



112.0090, 6.4046, -0.8849



89.9340, 3.4835, 2.6889



44.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999



16.0570, 47.2999, -4.4350



34.5360, 101.2938, -9.2401

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480



115.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219



94.0660, -3.4835, -2.6889



45.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



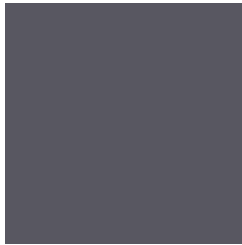
45.0020, 27.6070, 58.7572



96.3840, 58.9707, 125.9512

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

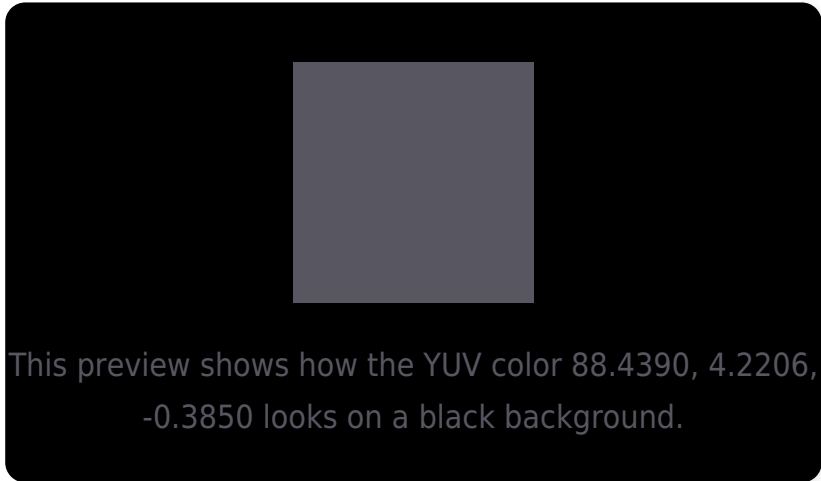
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

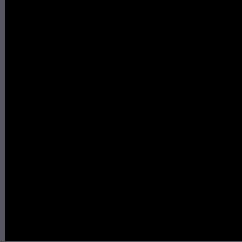
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

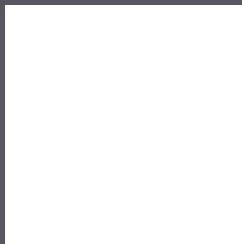
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850.

-0.3850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Protanopia

88.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998

Deuteranopia

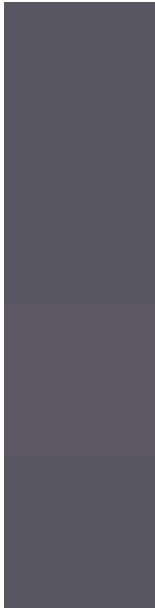
89.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



Tritanopia

88.0970, 2.9102, -0.0851

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Protanomaly

88.1400, 4.3680, -0.9998

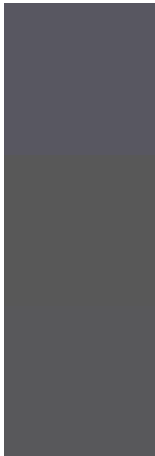
Deuteranomaly

88.7490, 4.0677, 1.9741

Tritanomaly

88.2110, 3.3470, -0.1850

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

Achromatopsia

88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

88.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 87, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 87, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 87, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 87, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 87, 97) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 87, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 87, 97)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 87, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 87, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 87, 97)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 88.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 87, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 87,  
97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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