

Converting Colors

YUV(88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006)
contains.

YUV(88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(88.6050, -27.9063,
-9.3006)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E6920
RGB	78, 105, 32
RGB Percent	31%, 41%, 13%
CMY	0.6941, 0.5882, 0.8745
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.70, 0.59
HSL	82°, 53%, 27%
HSV	82°, 70%, 41%
XYZ	8.4542, 11.8271, 3.2038
YIQ	88.6050, 7.3410, -28.4270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

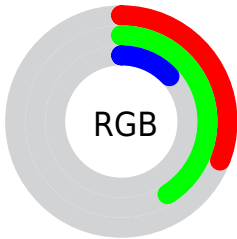
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 105, 59
Decimal	5138720
CIE Lab	40.94, -22.24, 36.43
CIE LCh	41, 42.679, 121.403
Yxy	11.8271, 0.3600, 0.5036
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283328800 (0xFF4E6920)
YUV	88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006
Hunter-Lab	34.3906, -16.3033, 18.5500

Details

The YUV color **88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **48.3950, 27.9063, 9.3006**, and the grayscale version is **89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **139.2630, -29.2167, -9.0007**, and **43.3150, -21.3543, -10.8003** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.2690, -31.6846, -10.7599**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.0550, -23.6911, -7.9412**.

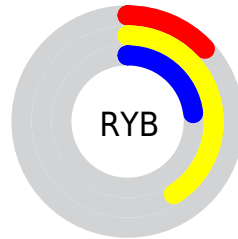
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (41%)

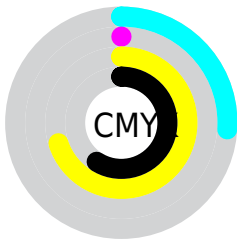
Blue (13%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (23%)

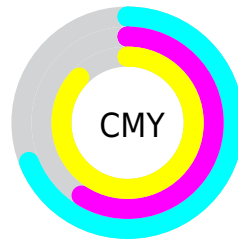


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (59%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.6050, -27.9063,
-9.3006

88.6050, -27.9063,
-9.3006

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

63.9640, -29.0693,
-9.6154

139.2630,
-29.2167, -9.0007

43.3150, -21.3543,
-10.8003

166.1490,
-29.6535, -8.9007

21.7300, -10.7129,
-17.3032

193.8070,
-30.9639, -8.6007

3.5220, -1.7363,
-3.0888

221.6930,
-31.4006, -8.5008

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

242.5350,
-28.3648, -2.2232

250.2120,

-18.3455, 4.1991

■ 253.5180, -5.6784,
1.2997

■ 88.6050, -27.9063,
-9.3006

■ 88.6050, -27.9063,
-9.3006

■ 86.2690, -31.6846,
-10.7599

■ 91.0550, -23.6911,
-7.9412

■ 83.8190, -35.8998,
-12.1193

■ 93.3910, -19.9128,
-6.4819

■ 81.4830, -39.6781,
-13.5786

■ 95.8410, -15.6976,
-5.1226

■ 81.3690, -40.1149,
-13.4786

■ 98.1770, -11.9193,
-3.6632

■ 100.3280, -7.5567,
-2.9187

■ 102.6640, -3.7784,
-1.4593

■ 105.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 107.4500, 4.2151,
1.3593

■ 109.9000, 8.4303,
2.7187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.7180, -35.8500, 18.6643



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



78.6890, -8.7207, -49.7163

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



81.9950, 37.4705, -71.9096



96.0530, -0.0261, 55.2045

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



48.3950, 27.9063, 9.3006

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.0580, 15.7474, 35.9061



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



77.7380, 44.0062, -68.1762

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



81.3790, 24.9562, -71.3694



98.5680, 28.8070, 0.3789



94.8130, -16.1768, 55.4150

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



76.0210, 4.4266, -66.6704



98.5680, 28.8070, 0.3789



96.8120, 5.5157, 51.0309

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



131.4050, -11.0457, -3.8632



69.6760, -18.5743, 30.9791



64.9690, -6.3937, -2.6038



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006



112.0330, -43.8933, -14.9379



77.8410, -22.5996, -31.4326



52.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297



90.8050, -44.7669, -14.7380



189.8610, -93.6015, -31.4501

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.3950, 27.9063, 9.3006



48.9670, 43.8933, 14.9379



59.1590, 22.5996, 31.4326



49.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297



26.1950, 44.7669, 14.7380



55.1390, 93.6015, 31.4501

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

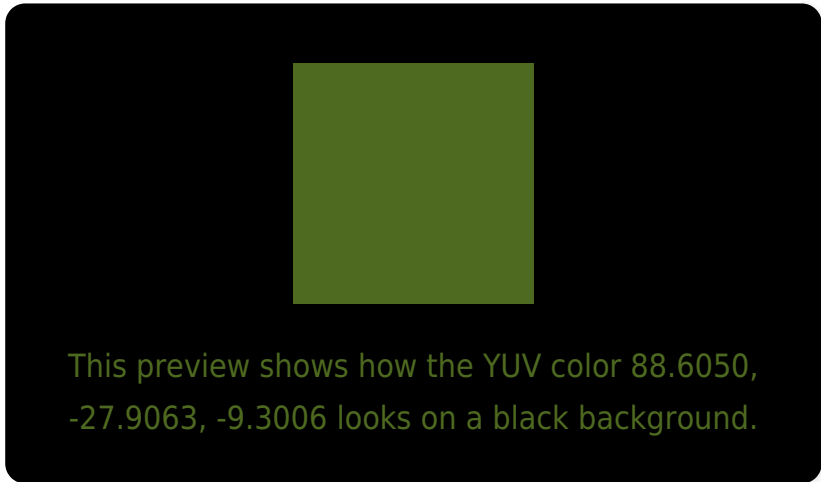
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006.

-9.3006.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006

Protanopia

92.6510, -30.8869, 13.4611

Deuteranopia

94.1020, -28.1513, 22.7125



Tritanopia

95.6230, 5.1159, -7.5624

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006

Protanomaly

91.2370, -29.6968, 5.0542

Deuteranomaly

92.3240, -28.2607, 11.1169

Tritanomaly

93.4090, -7.1036, -8.2517

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006

Achromatopsia

89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

88.9320, -10.3195, -3.4484

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 105, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 105, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 105, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 105, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 105, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 105, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 105, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 105, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 105, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 105,  
32) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 88.6050, -27.9063, -9.3006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 105, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 105,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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