

Converting Colors

YUV(88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(88.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C5758
RGB	92, 87, 88
RGB Percent	36%, 34%, 35%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6588, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.04, 0.64
HSL	348°, 3%, 35%
HSV	348°, 5%, 36%
XYZ	9.5833, 9.7963, 10.6183
YIQ	88.6090, 2.6590, 1.3710

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

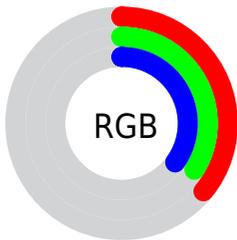
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 87, 88
Decimal	6051672
CIE Lab	37.47, 2.22, 0.14
CIE LCh	37, 2.229, 3.577
Yxy	9.7963, 0.3195, 0.3266
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284241752 (0xFF5C5758)
YUV	88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739
Hunter-Lab	31.2990, -0.1193, 1.7950

Details

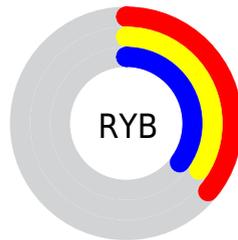
The YUV color **88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **90.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739**, and the grayscale version is **89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **138.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739**, and **43.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.5280, -0.7533, 8.3069**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591**.

Distribution



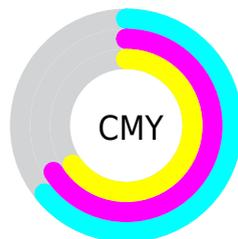
- Red (36%)
- Green (34%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 88.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 65.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 138.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 43.3100, -0.1528,
2.3591

■ 164.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 22.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 191.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 219.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 247.9080, -0.4476,
3.5887

■ 88.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 88.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 82.5280, -0.7533,
8.3069

■ 94.6900, 0.1528,
-2.3591

■ 76.3330, -1.6432,
13.7400

■ 100.8850, 1.0427,
-7.7921

■ 69.6650, -1.8068,
19.5878

■ 107.5530, 1.2064,
-13.6400

■ 63.5840, -2.2599,
24.9208

■ 113.6340, 1.6594,
-18.9730

■ 57.3890, -3.1498,
30.3538

■ 119.8290, 2.5493,
-24.4060

■ 51.3080, -3.6028,
35.6869

■ 125.9100, 3.0024,
-29.7391

■ 45.1130, -4.4927,
41.1199

■ 132.1050, 3.8922,
-35.1721

■ 38.4450, -4.6564,

■ 138.7730, 4.0559,

46.9677

-41.0199

 32.3640, -5.1095,
52.3008

 144.8540, 4.5090,
-46.3530

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.5380, 0.7208, 2.1592



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



88.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



87.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



88.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



90.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



87.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



88.2560, -1.6052, 1.5295



87.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



88.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



88.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738



87.3910, 0.3002, -2.9739



87.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



118.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



88.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592



60.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148



189.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



61.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



113.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



89.6690, -1.3158, 2.0443



43.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



35.3980, -6.6052, 65.4260



76.2210, -14.4060, 141.0032

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739



113.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330



89.9180, 1.0264, -2.5591



43.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591



35.3980, -6.6052, 65.4260



76.2210, -14.4060, 141.0032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

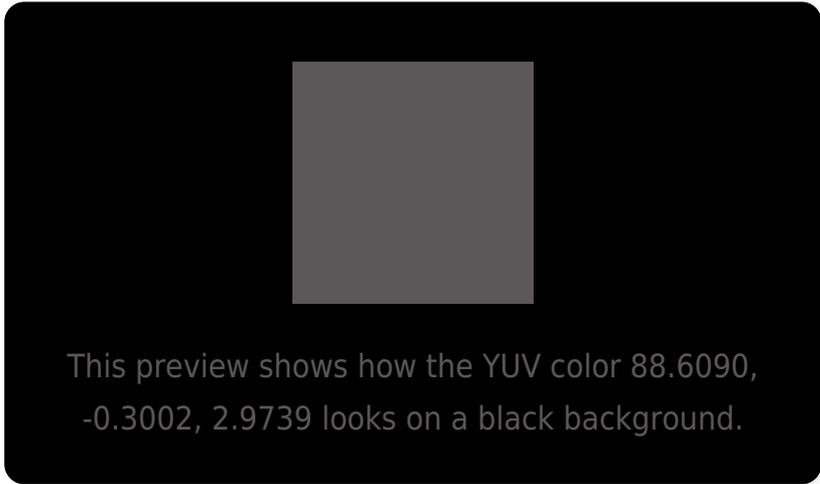
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

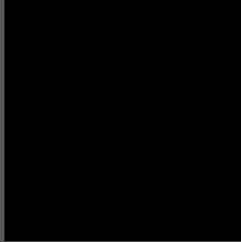
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

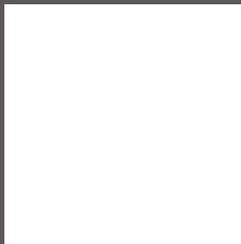
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 88.6090, -0.3002,

2.9739.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Protanopia

88.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296

Deuteranopia

88.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



Tritanopia

88.8910, 2.0257, 3.6036

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Protanomaly

88.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Deuteranomaly

88.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330

Tritanomaly

88.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739

Achromatopsia

89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

88.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 87, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 87, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 87, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 87, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 87, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 87, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 87, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 87, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 87, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 87, 88)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 88.6090, -0.3002, 2.9739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 87, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 87,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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