

# Converting Colors

YUV(89.2230, 66.4451,  
108.5524)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524)  
contains.

<b>YUV(89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**YUV(89.2230, 66.4451,  
108.5524)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D500E0
RGB	213, 0, 224
RGB Percent	84%, 0%, 88%
CMY	0.1647, 1.0000, 0.1216
CMYK	0.05, 1.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	297°, 100%, 44%
HSV	297°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	40.8951, 19.5280, 72.1349
YIQ	89.2230, 55.0440, 114.8200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

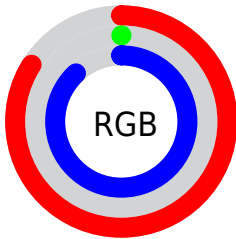
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">213, 0, 224</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13959392</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">51.30, 87.39, -58.32</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">51, 105.058, 326.282</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">19.5280, 0.3085, 0.1473</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292149472 (0xFFD500E0)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">44.1904, 87.8558, -65.8495</a>

# Details

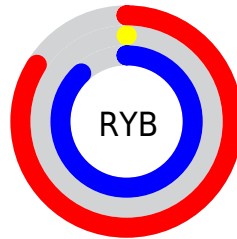
The YUV color **89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **134.7770, -66.4451, -108.5524**, and the grayscale version is **89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **161.6670, 46.0132, 81.8530**, and **64.8990, 50.8288, 77.2646** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.4360, 59.9311, 97.8416**.

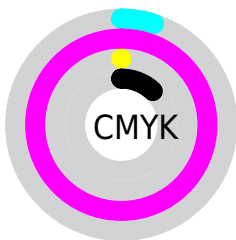
# Distribution



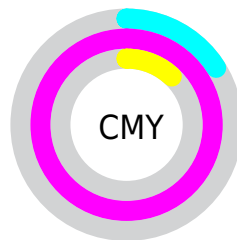
- Red (84%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)




- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 89.2230, 66.4451,  
108.5524


 89.2230, 66.4451,  
108.5524


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 77.0610, 58.6369,  
92.9085


 161.6670, 46.0132,  
81.8530


 64.8990, 50.8288,  
77.2646


 179.8640, 37.0420,  
65.8943


 53.1500, 43.3100,  
62.1354


 198.0610, 28.0709,  
49.9355

 41.1020, 35.9387,  
46.3915

 215.6710, 19.3892,  
34.4915

 30.1790, 28.9988,  
32.2920

 233.2810, 10.7075,  
19.0476

 17.7610, 22.7958,  
15.1186

 251.4780, 1.7363,

 4.6740, 17.9087,

3.0888

-4.0991

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 89.2230, 66.4451,  
108.5524

■ 102.4360, 59.9311,  
97.8416

■ 116.2360, 53.1277,  
86.6160

■ 129.4490, 46.6136,  
75.9052

■ 143.2490, 39.8102,  
64.6796

■ 156.7610, 33.1488,  
54.5836

■ 169.9740, 26.6348,  
43.8728

■ 183.7740, 19.8314,  
32.6472

■ 196.9870, 13.3174,  
21.9364

■ 210.7870, 6.5140,  
10.7108

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



97.2940, 77.7491, -64.2788



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



91.9770, 22.6893, 142.9712

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



115.6330, -57.0071, 38.0329



115.0730, 42.3620, -100.9190

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



134.7770, -66.4451, -108.5524

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.2970, 2.3186, -90.5915



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



101.6260, -50.1016, -30.3670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



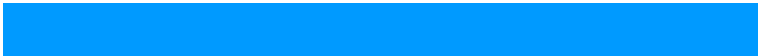
89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



105.4190, -51.9716, 103.1185



88.0500, -43.4087, -77.2198



119.4680, 66.8173, -104.7734



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



85.2510, -3.0817, 148.8699



88.0500, -43.4087, -77.2198



111.0660, 29.5475, -97.4049

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



209.1920, 22.5833, 36.6656



31.9930, 94.6595, -28.0579



100.1010, 13.7542, 21.8364



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524



101.4280, 75.7110, 123.2816



80.9980, 20.7070, 125.4128



105.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



69.9970, 52.2595, 85.0716



19.2260, 14.1856, 23.4808



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2300, -28.2144, 136.6103



77.7270, -31.9104, 155.4684



143.0020, -20.7070, -125.4128



104.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



53.6500, -22.0124, 107.3010



14.5800, -6.2019, 29.3093



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

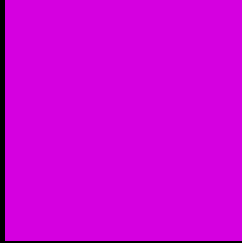
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

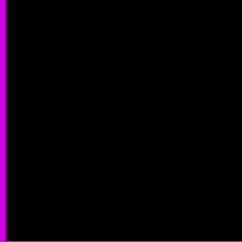
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.2230, 66.4451,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Protanopia

98.5810, 75.6356, -86.4555

### Deuteranopia

115.3690, 47.1461, -48.5586

### Tritanopia

121.5740, -13.5940, 67.0256

# Trichromacy



## Protanomaly

95.2230, 72.3611, -15.9816

## Deuteranomaly

106.2680, 54.0979, 8.5350

## Tritanomaly

109.6430, 15.4590, 81.8741

# Monochromacy



## Achromatopsia

89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

89.2570, 24.0303, 39.2396

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(213, 0, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(213, 0, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 0, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(213, 0, 224) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(213, 0, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(213, 0, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(213, 0, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(213, 0, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 0, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(213, 0,  
224) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 89.2230, 66.4451, 108.5524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(213, 0, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(213, 0,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor