

# Converting Colors

YUV(89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(89.2390, 81.7202,  
15.5764)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	6B30FF
RGB	107, 48, 255
RGB Percent	42%, 19%, 100%
CMY	0.5804, 0.8118, 0.0000
CMYK	0.58, 0.81, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	257°, 100%, 59%
HSV	257°, 81%, 100%
XYZ	25.1704, 12.4597, 95.6861
YIQ	89.2390, -31.2830, 76.8850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

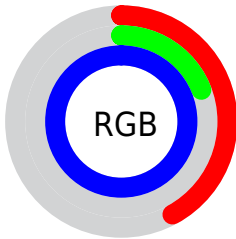
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	107, 48, 255
Decimal	7024895
CIE Lab	41.94, 71.35, -91.68
CIE LCh	42, 116.173, 307.894
Yxy	12.4597, 0.1888, 0.0935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285214975 (0xFF6B30FF)
YUV	89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764
Hunter-Lab	35.2983, 65.5119, -136.0136

# Details

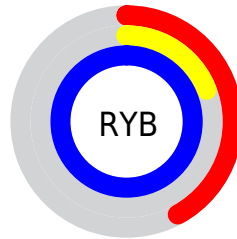
The YUV color **89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6633FF**. The color can be described as middle washed purple. A complement of this color would be **213.7610, -81.7202, -15.5764**, and the grayscale version is **88.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140.9590, 56.2222, 27.2230**, and **24.8500, 84.8700, -14.7775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **69.1820, 91.6083, 17.3804**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **109.8830, 71.5427, 13.2576**.

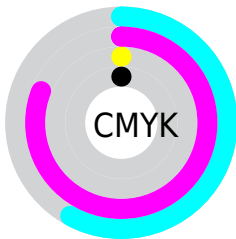
# Distribution



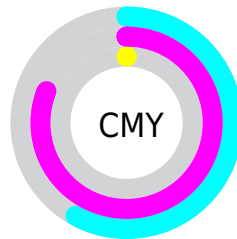
- Red (42%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89.2390, 81.7202,  
15.5764

■ 89.2390, 81.7202,  
15.5764

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 54.3250, 84.6358,  
13.7470

■ 140.9590, 56.2222,  
27.2230

■ 24.8500, 84.8700,  
-14.7775

■ 166.9630, 43.4022,  
32.4814

■ 19.1520, 73.3821,  
-16.7963

■ 192.3800, 30.8717,  
38.2547

■ 16.0740, 61.5885,  
-14.0969

■ 214.4970, 19.9680,  
35.5211

■ 12.9960, 49.7950,  
-11.3975

■ 231.5200, 11.5756,  
20.5920

■ 17.6630, 34.6761,  
-15.4905

■ 248.5430, 3.1833,

■ 11.4050, 25.9293,

5.6628

-10.0022

■ 6.4350, 17.0405,  
-5.6435

■ 2.7530, 8.0098,  
-2.4144

■ 89.2390, 81.7202,  
15.5764

■ 89.2390, 81.7202,  
15.5764

■ 69.1820, 91.6083,  
17.3804

■ 109.8830, 71.5427,  
13.2576

■ 50.8970, 100.6228,  
19.3843

■ 129.9400, 61.6546,  
11.4536

■ 150.8830, 51.3297,  
9.7496

■ 170.9400, 41.4416,  
7.9456

■ 191.5840, 31.2641,  
5.6268

■ 211.6410, 21.3760,  
3.8228

■ 232.5840, 11.0511,  
2.1188

■ 252.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.0530, 79.8399, -81.6075



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



86.1000, 42.8417, 119.1843

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



88.7190, -43.7385, 75.6684



90.3320, 16.1053, -79.2212

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



213.7610, -81.7202, -15.5764

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



75.0050, -35.0055, -65.7794



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



90.3500, -44.5425, 6.7091

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



68.7700, -33.9036, 141.3987



71.0270, -35.0163, -62.2907



102.9230, 56.7330, -90.2635



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



86.8060, 11.9276, 141.3671



71.0270, -35.0163, -62.2907



85.9830, 1.9804, -75.4071

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



206.0370, 24.1388, 4.3526



158.4740, 47.5873, -96.8857



98.2080, 14.6875, 2.4486



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764



57.0880, 97.5706, 18.3398



120.0360, 66.5373, 78.8984



117.3790, 5.2362, 0.5446



38.2190, 75.3210, 14.7169



12.6780, 25.3017, 4.6674



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126.7650, 34.1329, 112.4621



101.9170, 40.4669, 134.2538



182.9640, -66.5373, -78.8984



119.9130, 2.0149, 7.0923



72.7270, 31.6866, 103.7254

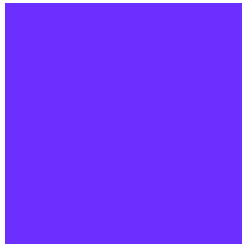


24.3800, 10.6587, 34.7467



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

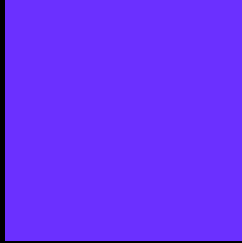
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

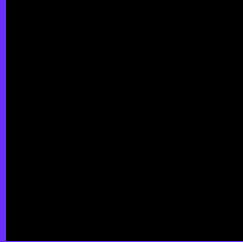
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.2390, 81.7202,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764

### Protanopia

78.5650, 59.8675, -68.9015

### Deuteranopia

78.7810, 45.4640, -69.0909



## Tritanopia

90.5700, 12.0440, -36.4569

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764

## Protanomaly

82.5270, 67.7742, -38.1732

## Deuteranomaly

82.8230, 58.7543, -38.4328

## Tritanomaly

90.3360, 37.3024, -17.8347

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764

## Achromatopsia

89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

89.1280, 29.5169, 6.0267

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 48, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 48, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 48, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 48, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 48, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 48, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 48, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 48, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 48, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 48,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 89.2390, 81.7202, 15.5764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 48, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 48,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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