

# Converting Colors

YUV(89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4E6A23
RGB	78, 106, 35
RGB Percent	31%, 42%, 14%
CMY	0.6941, 0.5843, 0.8627
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.67, 0.58
HSL	84°, 50%, 28%
HSV	84°, 67%, 42%
XYZ	8.5993, 12.0491, 3.4626
YIQ	89.5340, 6.1030, -28.0170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

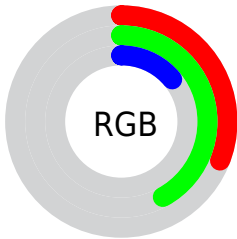
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	35, 106, 63
Decimal	5138979
CIELab	41.29, -22.49, 35.42
CIELCh	41, 41.958, 122.419
Yxy	12.0491, 0.3567, 0.4997
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283329059 (0xFF4E6A23)
YUV	89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153
Hunter-Lab	34.7118, -16.5253, 18.3840

# Details

The YUV color **89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **51.4660, 26.8853, 10.1153**, and the grayscale version is **90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140.1920, -28.1957, -9.8154**, and **43.3150, -21.3543, -10.8003** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.0840, -31.1004, -11.4747**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.9840, -22.6701, -8.7560**.

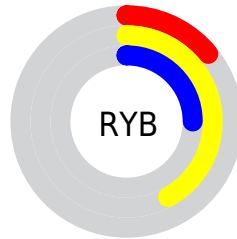
# Distribution



 Red (31%)

 Green (42%)

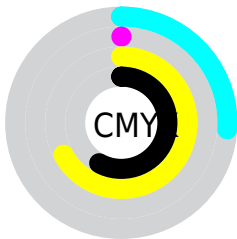
 Blue (14%)



 Red (14%)

 Yellow (42%)

 Blue (25%)

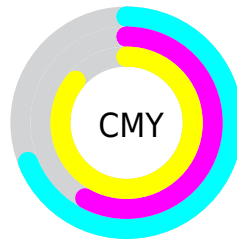


 Cyan (26%)

 Magenta (0%)

 Yellow (67%)

 Black (58%)



 Cyan (69%)

 Magenta (58%)

 Yellow (86%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153

■ 89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 65.0070, -27.6115,  
-10.5301

■ 140.1920,  
-28.1957, -9.8154

■ 43.3150, -21.3543,  
-10.8003

■ 166.9640,  
-29.0693, -9.6154

■ 22.3170, -11.0023,  
-17.8180

■ 194.4370,  
-29.7954, -10.0302

■ 5.2830, -2.6045,  
-4.6332

■ 223.2090,  
-30.6690, -9.8303

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 242.8770,  
-27.0544, -2.5231

■ 250.5540,

-17.0351, 3.8991

253.8600, -4.3680,  
0.9998

89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153

89.5340, -26.8853,  
-10.1153

87.0840, -31.1004,  
-11.4747

91.9840, -22.6701,  
-8.7560

84.7480, -34.8788,  
-12.9340

94.3200, -18.8918,  
-7.2966

81.9990, -38.9465,  
-14.9081

97.0690, -14.8240,  
-5.3225

81.3580, -40.1095,  
-15.2230

99.4050, -11.0457,  
-3.8632

101.8550, -6.8305,  
-2.5038

■ 104.3050, -2.6154,  
-1.1445

■ 106.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

■ 109.0910, 5.3781,  
1.6742

■ 111.7260, 9.0091,  
3.7483

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.2340, -35.1184, 17.3348



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



79.9170, -7.8471, -49.9162

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



81.9950, 37.4705, -71.9096



96.6400, -0.3155, 54.6897

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



51.4660, 26.8853, 10.1153

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99.8300, 14.8738, 36.1061



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



82.1090, 41.3583, -58.8546

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



81.4930, 25.3930, -71.4694



99.3510, 27.9280, 2.3232



95.6880, -16.6082, 53.7706



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



76.8360, 5.0109, -67.3852



99.3510, 27.9280, 2.3232



97.9860, 4.9369, 50.0013

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



131.5190, -10.6089, -3.9632



72.0780, -18.2795, 29.7496



64.9690, -6.3937, -2.6038



196.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



69.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153



112.3040, -41.5619, -16.0526



79.0690, -21.7260, -31.6325



52.4190, -2.1786, -1.2445



89.9080, -44.3246, -16.5823



188.0670, -92.7170, -35.1388



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51.4660, 26.8853, 10.1153



53.3970, 41.7093, 15.4378



61.9310, 21.7260, 31.6325



49.2820, 2.3260, 0.6297



27.0920, 44.3246, 16.5823



56.9330, 92.7170, 35.1388



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

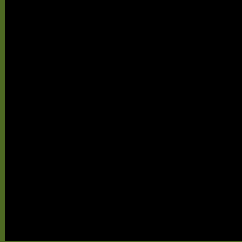
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.5340, -26.8853,

-10.1153.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153

### Protanopia

93.2920, -29.7240, 13.7759

### Deuteranopia

94.7430, -26.9883, 23.0274



## Tritanopia

96.3240, 5.2633, -8.1771

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153

## Protanomaly

91.8780, -28.5339, 5.3690

## Deuteranomaly

92.6660, -26.9503, 10.8169

## Tritanomaly

94.2240, -6.5194, -8.9664

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153

## Achromatopsia

90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

90.0460, -9.8827, -3.5483

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(78, 106, 35)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(78, 106, 35)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(78, 106, 35) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(78, 106, 35) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(78, 106, 35) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(78, 106, 35) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(78, 106, 35)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(78, 106, 35); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 106, 35);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(78, 106,  
35) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 89.5340, -26.8853, -10.1153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(78, 106, 35) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(78, 106,  
35) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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