

Converting Colors

YUV(89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(89.5500, 36.2109,
5.6567)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6048A3
RGB	96, 72, 163
RGB Percent	38%, 28%, 64%
CMY	0.6235, 0.7176, 0.3608
CMYK	0.41, 0.56, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	256°, 39%, 46%
HSV	256°, 56%, 64%
XYZ	13.7521, 9.7659, 35.8105
YIQ	89.5500, -14.9070, 33.3890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

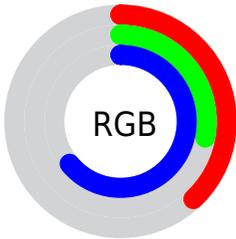
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 72, 163
Decimal	6310051
CIE _{Lab}	37.42, 32.24, -45.95
CIE _{LCh}	37, 56.132, 305.051
Yxy	9.7659, 0.2318, 0.1646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284500131 (0xFF6048A3)
YUV	89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567
Hunter-Lab	31.2504, 23.8628, -46.0665

Details

The YUV color **89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663399**. A complement of this color would be **145.4500, -36.2108, -5.6566**, and the grayscale version is **89.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **140.8430, 38.5314, 8.0307**, and **40.9470, 34.0431, 0.9235** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.5700, 42.6100, 6.5161**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **102.5300, 29.8117, 4.7972**.

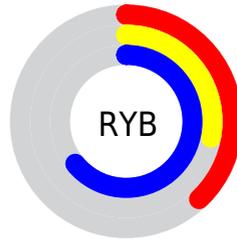
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (28%)

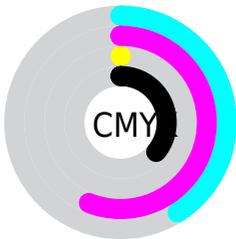
Blue (64%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (28%)

Blue (64%)

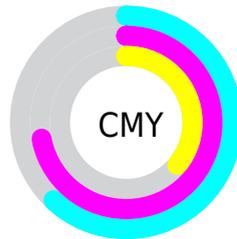


Cyan (41%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 89.5500, 36.2109,
5.6567

■ 89.5500, 36.2109,
5.6567

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 64.8980, 35.0533,
3.5975

■ 140.8430, 38.5314,
8.0307

■ 40.9470, 34.0431,
0.9235

■ 167.6690, 39.1102,
9.0603

■ 14.4190, 34.7964,
-7.3835

■ 193.1010, 30.5162,
12.1894

■ 7.0680, 27.0815,
-6.1986

■ 218.2080, 18.1385,
15.6036

■ 6.2070, 16.1669,
-5.4435

■ 240.3250, 7.2348,
12.8700

■ 2.4110, 6.6994,
-2.1144

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.0000

■ 89.5500, 36.2109,
5.6567

■ 89.5500, 36.2109,
5.6567

■ 76.5700, 42.6100,
6.5161

■ 102.5300, 29.8117,
4.7972

■ 63.0030, 49.2985,
7.8904

■ 116.0970, 23.1232,
3.4229

■ 50.0230, 55.6977,
8.7498

■ 129.0770, 16.7240,
2.5635

■ 37.0430, 62.0968,
9.6093

■ 142.0570, 10.3249,
1.7040

■ 31.4390, 64.8596,
10.1390

■ 155.6240, 3.6364,
0.3298

■ 168.6040, -2.7628,
-0.5297

■ 181.5840, -9.1619,
-1.3892

■ 194.5640,
-15.5611, -2.2486

■ 208.1310,
-22.2496, -3.6229

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



73.8230, 51.8523, -64.7428



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



86.0200, 20.2031, 53.4795

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



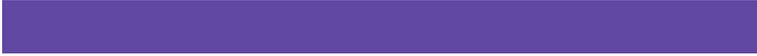
82.6400, -40.7415, 47.6737



74.2260, 10.2416, -65.0962

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



145.4500, -36.2108, -5.6566

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66.9930, -9.8565, -58.7529



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



82.1430, -40.4965, 15.6606

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



80.7610, -20.5882, 70.3696



74.2480, -36.6043, -19.5115



78.6550, 29.7501, -68.9804

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



79.8670, 8.9396, 72.9076



74.2480, -36.6043, -19.5115



71.8150, 3.5422, -62.9818

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



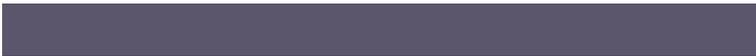
89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



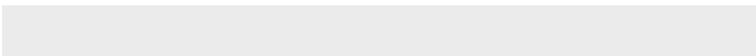
182.7950, 14.3981, 1.9338



122.2900, 20.0700, -44.1043



89.8890, 8.4357, 0.9743



235.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



107.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



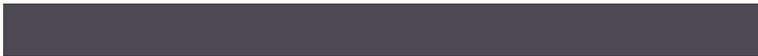
89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567



97.2510, 56.5713, 8.5499



102.7060, 29.7249, 32.7068



74.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



27.8920, 57.7342, 8.8647



3.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



106.8470, 15.8514, 49.2462



124.3140, 24.4952, 76.9006



132.2940, -29.7249, -32.7068



76.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



55.5530, 25.3634, 78.4450



6.8640, 3.0250, 9.7663

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

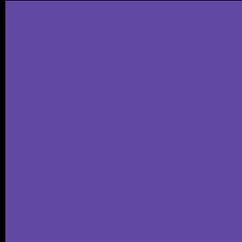
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

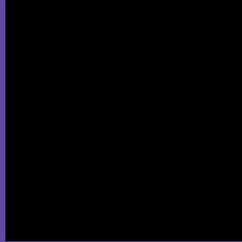
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 89.5500, 36.2109,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567

Protanopia

77.5480, 49.0298, -46.0846

Deuteranopia

73.0490, 42.3738, -57.9250



Tritanopia

87.2210, 4.8210, -6.3328

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567

Protanomaly

81.8170, 44.4602, -27.0265

Deuteranomaly

78.6220, 40.1194, -34.7485

Tritanomaly

88.2290, 16.1561, -1.9548

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567

Achromatopsia

90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

89.5670, 13.5245, 2.1337

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(96, 72, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(96, 72, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 72, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(96, 72, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(96, 72, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(96, 72, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(96, 72, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(96, 72, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 72, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(96, 72,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 89.5500, 36.2109, 5.6567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(96, 72, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(96, 72,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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