

Converting Colors

YUV(90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F3D3E
RGB	159, 61, 62
RGB Percent	62%, 24%, 24%
CMY	0.3765, 0.7608, 0.7569
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.61, 0.38
HSL	359°, 45%, 43%
HSV	359°, 62%, 62%
XYZ	16.8363, 11.0562, 5.8041
YIQ	90.4160, 58.0870, 21.0870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

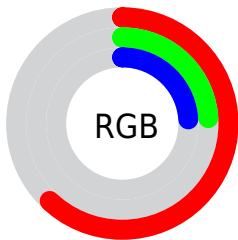
Format	Color
R _Y B	159, 61, 62
Decimal	10435902
CIE Lab	39.67, 40.83, 20.72
CIE LCh	40, 45.785, 26.909
Yxy	11.0562, 0.4996, 0.3281
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288625982 (0xFF9F3D3E)
YUV	90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482
Hunter-Lab	33.2509, 32.1930, 12.9262

Details

The YUV color **90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **129.5840, 14.0091, -60.1482**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **144.0530, -16.7881, 64.8515**, and **33.9520, -6.8783, 59.6781** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.2000, -16.3676, 69.9846**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.6320, -11.6506, 50.3117**.

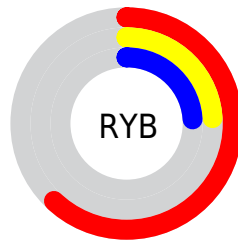
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (24%)

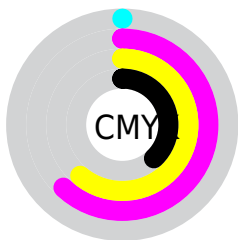
Blue (24%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (24%)

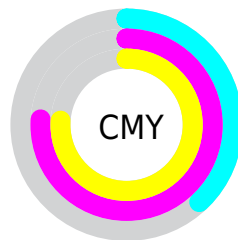


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (61%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (76%)

Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482

■ 90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 63.9750, -11.8197,
57.9039

■ 144.0530,
-16.7881, 64.8515

■ 33.9520, -6.8783,
59.6781

■ 171.1350,
-17.8146, 67.4106

■ 22.1260, -10.9081,
45.4935

■ 192.0410,
-15.3032, 55.2150

■ 15.1780, -6.4968,
30.5389

■ 211.5550,
-11.6126, 38.1013

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 231.7700, -7.7746,
20.3727

■ 251.9850, -3.9366,

2.6442

■ 90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482

■ 90.4160, -14.0091,
60.1482

■ 79.2000, -16.3676,
69.9846

■ 101.6320,
-11.6506, 50.3117

■ 68.0980, -18.2893,
79.7211

■ 112.7340, -9.7289,
40.5753

■ 56.8820, -20.6478,
89.5575

■ 123.9500, -7.3704,
30.7388

■ 47.7690, -22.5641,
97.5496

■ 135.1660, -5.0118,
20.9024

■ 146.3820, -2.6533,
11.0660

■ 156.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 168.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

■ 179.3290, 4.2748,
-17.8285

■ 190.5450, 6.6333,
-27.6650

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.9870, 3.4574, 57.8934



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



90.7890, -29.9690, 45.7890

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



75.3750, -12.5099, -47.6869



77.2650, 44.7324, -67.7614

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



129.5840, 14.0091, -60.1482

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.5930, 37.1757, -70.6801



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



75.1890, 6.3158, -65.9408

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



84.9600, -33.0113, -5.2269



79.5210, 22.9141, -69.7399



93.8490, 32.6124, -6.8836

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



89.5240, -38.2193, 31.9895



79.5210, 22.9141, -69.7399



78.7980, 42.9906, -69.1058

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



180.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



100.8760, 28.6551, 49.2207



88.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



99.8610, -22.1165, 93.9609



117.8910, -28.0473, 36.0526



73.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



42.8710, -20.6424, 87.8131



4.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482



99.8610, -22.1165, 93.9609



102.1090, 28.0473, -36.0526



73.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



42.8710, -20.6424, 87.8131



4.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 90.4160, -14.0091,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482

Protanopia

93.7420, -8.7468, 5.4883

Deuteranopia

93.4140, -17.9521, 18.0539



Tritanopia

90.6440, -13.1355, 59.9482

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482

Protanomaly

92.4070, -10.5537, 25.0761

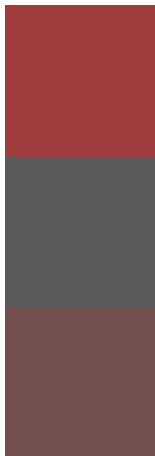
Deuteranomaly

91.9690, -16.2537, 33.3532

Tritanomaly

90.5300, -13.5723, 60.0482

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482

Achromatopsia

90.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

89.8780, -4.8699, 22.0320

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 61, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 61, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 61, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 61, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 61, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 61, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 61, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 61, 62); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 61, 62);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 61,  
62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 90.4160, -14.0091, 60.1482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 61, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 61,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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