

# Converting Colors

YUV(91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379)  
contains.

<b>YUV(91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	914446
RGB	145, 68, 70
RGB Percent	57%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.4314, 0.7333, 0.7255
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.52, 0.43
HSL	358°, 36%, 42%
HSV	358°, 53%, 57%
XYZ	14.8497, 10.5962, 7.0570
YIQ	91.2510, 45.2500, 16.9460

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

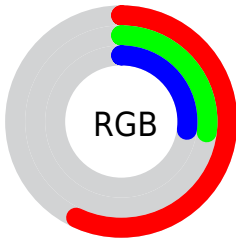
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	145, 68, 70
Decimal	9520198
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	38.89, 32.69, 14.30
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	39, 35.685, 23.631
Yxy	10.5962, 0.4569, 0.3260
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287710278 (0xFF914446)
YUV	91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379
Hunter-Lab	32.5518, 24.4636, 9.9327

# Details

The YUV color **91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **121.7490, 10.4767, -47.1379**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **143.1160, -12.3822, 51.6413**, and **41.1410, -6.9715, 42.8493** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.4370, -12.5404, 55.7448**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.6520, -8.7024, 38.0162**.

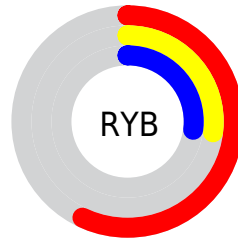
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (27%)

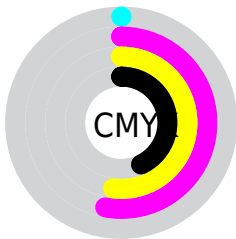
Blue (27%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (27%)

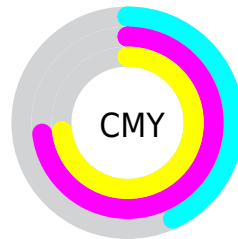


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (52%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379

91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

66.2830, -9.0135,  
44.4788

143.1160,  
-12.3822, 51.6413

41.1410, -6.9715,  
42.8493

170.6000,  
-13.1138, 52.9708

19.1360, -9.4340,  
39.3457

196.5890,  
-13.1084, 51.2264

12.3730, -5.6069,  
25.1059

215.6300, -8.6916,  
34.5275

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

235.8450, -4.8536,  
16.7989

254.8860, -0.4368,

0.1000

■ 91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379

■ 91.2510, -10.4767,  
47.1379

■ 81.4370, -12.5404,  
55.7448

■ 101.6520, -8.7024,  
38.0162

■ 71.0360, -14.3147,  
64.8664

■ 111.4660, -6.6387,  
29.4093

■ 61.2220, -16.3784,  
73.4733

■ 121.8670, -4.8644,  
20.2876

■ 50.8210, -18.1528,  
82.5950

■ 131.6810, -2.8007,  
11.6808

■ 43.8110, -19.6268,  
88.7428

■ 142.1960, -0.5896,  
2.4591

■ 152.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 162.4110, 3.2484,  
-15.2694

■ 172.2250, 5.3121,  
-23.8763

■ 182.0390, 7.3758,  
-32.4832

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.7740, 3.0694, 42.2942



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



90.5090, -21.9429, 38.1416

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



81.7950, -12.7169, -27.8842



73.9250, 37.0120, -64.8322

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



121.7490, 10.4767, -47.1379

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



76.1930, 30.4709, -66.8213



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



71.7980, 6.0156, -62.9668

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



86.4580, -24.8758, -1.2787



75.2180, 19.1195, -65.9662



91.8290, 26.2133, -7.7430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



89.4770, -26.8572, 27.6457



75.2180, 19.1195, -65.9662



74.8710, 35.5596, -65.6619

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



167.9700, -4.4222, 18.4433



98.9040, 22.7253, 37.7952



81.4960, -2.2165, 10.9660



222.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



94.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



104.5210, -16.5259, 74.0881



112.1550, -21.7684, 28.8051



66.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



40.8210, -18.1528, 82.5950



2.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379



104.5210, -16.5259, 74.0881



100.8450, 21.7684, -28.8051



66.0930, -1.0318, 4.3034



40.8210, -18.1528, 82.5950

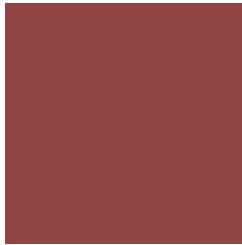


2.3920, -1.1793, 4.9182



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

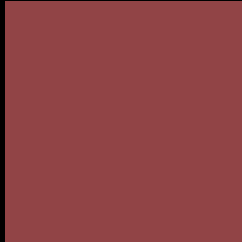
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379.



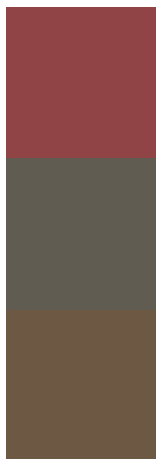
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.2510, -10.4767,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379

### Protanopia

91.9420, -5.3944, 3.5589

### Deuteranopia

91.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099



## Tritanopia

91.4790, -9.6031, 46.9379

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379

## Protanomaly

91.5850, -7.1904, 19.6580

## Deuteranomaly

91.7770, -11.7221, 26.5056

## Tritanomaly

91.3650, -10.0399, 47.0379

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379

## Achromatopsia

91.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

91.3720, -4.1274, 17.2138

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 68, 70)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 68, 70)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 68, 70) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 68, 70) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 68, 70) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 68, 70) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 68, 70)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 68, 70); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 68, 70);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 68,  
70) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 91.2510, -10.4767, 47.1379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 68, 70) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145, 68,  
70) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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