

# Converting Colors

YUV(91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(91.3350, 22.5128,  
59.3422)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9F3089
RGB	159, 48, 137
RGB Percent	62%, 19%, 54%
CMY	0.3765, 0.8118, 0.4627
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.14, 0.38
HSL	312°, 54%, 41%
HSV	312°, 70%, 62%
XYZ	19.8704, 11.2910, 24.7990
YIQ	91.3350, 37.5870, 51.2110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

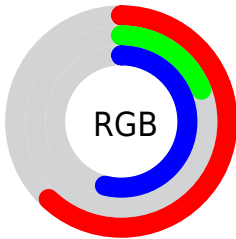
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	159, 48, 137
Decimal	10432649
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	40.07, 55.09, -25.47
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	40, 60.691, 335.183
Yxy	11.2910, 0.3551, 0.2018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288622729 (0xFF9F3089)
YUV	91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422
Hunter-Lab	33.6020, 46.7514, -20.2358

# Details

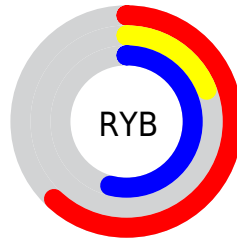
The YUV color **91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993399**. A complement of this color would be **115.6650, -22.5128, -59.3422**, and the grayscale version is **91.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **146.8190, 21.7812, 60.6717**, and **41.0140, 22.6711, 55.2387** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **81.6010, 25.8327, 67.8789**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **101.0690, 19.1930, 50.8055**.

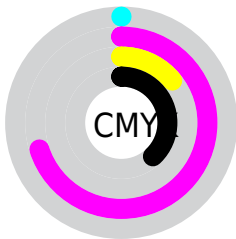
# Distribution



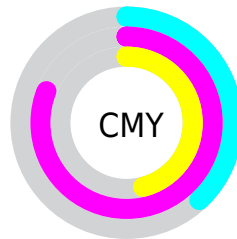
- Red (62%)
- Green (19%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (38%)




- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (81%)
- Yellow (46%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91.3350, 22.5128,  
59.3422


 91.3350, 22.5128,  
59.3422


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 58.8670, 25.7016,  
63.2606


 146.8190, 21.7812,  
60.6717


 41.0140, 22.6711,  
55.2387


 175.4170, 21.4864,  
61.9013


 30.2050, 16.1679,  
41.0392

 197.1490, 24.5765,  
50.7353

 20.8200, 9.9487,  
29.0989

 215.0840, 19.6786,  
35.0063

 8.1460, 5.3510,  
10.3960

 231.5200, 11.5756,  
20.5920

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 249.1300, 2.8939,

5.1480

■ 91.3350, 22.5128,  
59.3422

■ 91.3350, 22.5128,  
59.3422

■ 81.6010, 25.8327,  
67.8789

■ 101.0690, 19.1930,  
50.8055

■ 71.8670, 29.1526,  
76.4156

■ 110.8030, 15.8731,  
42.2688

■ 62.1330, 32.4724,  
84.9524

■ 120.5370, 12.5533,  
33.7321

■ 62.0190, 32.0356,  
85.0523

■ 130.3850, 9.6702,  
25.0954

■ 140.1190, 6.3503,  
16.5586

■ 149.2660, 3.3199,  
8.5367

■ 159.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 168.7340, -3.3199,  
-8.5367

■ 178.4680, -6.6397,  
-17.0734

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.0600, 39.4104, 6.0864



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



81.4620, 3.2232, 86.4178

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



87.7580, -43.2647, 16.8752



84.7190, 32.6765, -74.2986

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



115.6650, -22.5128, -59.3422

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



79.7200, 10.9840, -69.9144



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



78.9550, -38.9248, -21.8855

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



88.5650, -43.6625, 51.2475



72.0310, -10.8613, -63.1712



85.6600, 48.9746, -75.1238



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



83.0860, -13.3534, 83.2396



72.0310, -10.8613, -63.1712



83.4820, 25.3984, -73.2137

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



180.1460, 8.8020, 23.5510



66.6340, 45.5364, 1.1980



88.4670, 5.1928, 14.4994



232.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



105.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



100.8720, 35.0661, 93.0743



85.1790, -1.0742, 64.7410



74.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



55.7530, 28.7158, 76.5156



5.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422



100.8720, 35.0661, 93.0743



121.8210, 1.0742, -64.7410



74.0760, 1.4415, 4.3183



55.7530, 28.7158, 76.5156



5.8530, 3.0305, 8.0219



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

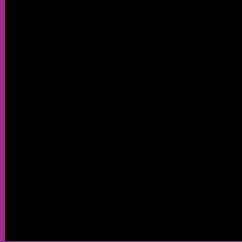
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 91.3350, 22.5128,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422

### Protanopia

90.6870, 41.5663, -32.1745

### Deuteranopia

95.4130, 17.0514, -9.1322



## Tritanopia

93.8710, -10.7824, 51.8561

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422

## Protanomaly

91.0610, 34.4799, 0.8235

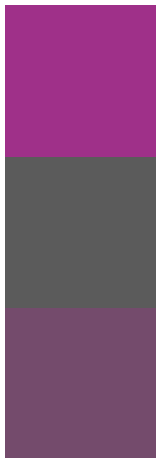
## Deuteranomaly

93.8490, 19.3014, 15.9184

## Tritanomaly

93.0960, 1.4317, 54.2898

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422

## Achromatopsia

91.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

91.0210, 8.3706, 21.9066

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 48, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 48, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 48, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 48, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 48, 137) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 48, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 48, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 48, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 48, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 48,  
137) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 91.3350, 22.5128, 59.3422 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 48, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159, 48,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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